SNHD Pediatric Early Warning Sentinel Surveillance (PEWSS) Report: December 12, 2012

All Reporting Sites, Through the Week Ending December 08, 2012

The PEWSS reports are disseminated weekly by email, fax, and online at http://www.southernnevadahealthdistrict.org/stats-reports/influenza.php. For questions about PEWSS, please contact the SNHD Office of Epidemiology at 702.759.1300.

General Update

During the week ending December 08, 2012, the following viruses were identified through PEWSS with a high volume of testing (Fig. 1): Adenovirus, Parainfluenza 1, Parainfluenza 2, Parainfluenza 3 and RSV.

Over the past five weeks (Tables 1 & 2), the following were identified in the community through PEWSS:

Parainfluenza 2 has been circulating at high levels.

Parainfluenza 3 and RSV have been circulating at low levels.

Influenza B, Adenovirus and Parainfluenza 1 have been sporadically identified.

Influenza A and Human Metapneumovirus have not been identified.

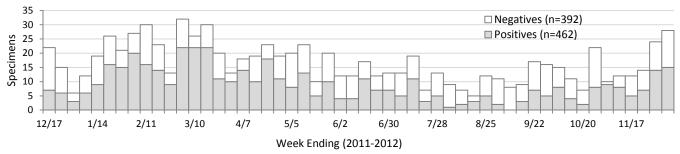
Table 1 - Testing Results, Current Week and Previous Four Weeks

			Past 5 Weeks									
		11/10		11/17		11/24		12/1		2/8	Circulation	
PCR Testing Results	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	Levels	
All negative	4	33%	7	58%	7	50%	10	42%	13	46%		
Influenza A Positive	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	Not Detected	
Influenza B Positive	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	4%	0	0%	Sporadic	
Adenovirus Positive	2	17%	0	0%	1	7%	0	0%	3	11%	Sporadic	
Human Metapneumovirus Positive	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	Not Detected	
Parainfluenza 1 Positive	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	2	8%	1	4%	Sporadic	
Parainfluenza 2 Positive	5	42%	2	17%	3	21%	7	29%	2	7%	High	
Parainfluenza 3 Positive	1	8%	2	17%	2	14%	1	4%	3	11%	Low	
RSV Positive	0	0%	1	8%	1	7%	3	13%	8	29%	Low	
Co-infections	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	2	7%		
Specimens Tested	12	-	12	-	14	-	24	-	28	-	High Volume	

Table 2 - Influenza A Typing, Current Week and Previous Four Weeks

	Week Ending											
	11/10		11/17		11/24		12/1		12/8		5-Week Totals	
Influenza A Typing (% of influenza A)	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Influenza A 2009 H1N1	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
Influenza A H1	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
Influenza A H3	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-

Figure 1 - Weekly Number of Specimens Tested



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Figure 2. Weekly Positive Counts for Organisms Tested Influenza A □ A H3 **A** 2009 H1N1 10 0 20 Influenza B 10 0 10 Adeno 0 10 HMPV 0 10 Paraflu 2 Paraflu 1 0 10 0 Paraflu 3 10 0 20 RS< 10 12/17 1/14 2/11 3/10 4/7 6/30 7/28 8/25 9/22 10/20 11/17 Week Ending Date (2011-2012)

Other News and Information

PEWSS detected a high variety of circulating respiratory viruses in Southern Nevada (Table 1; Fig. 2). In the past weeks, all surveyed serotypes of human parainfluenza virus (HPIV) were detected. HPIV-2 continues to circulate at high levels in the community (Table 1). HPIVs are responsible for 30%-40% of all acute respiratory tract infections in infants and children, and also cause respiratory tract infections of variable severity in adults.

Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) is the most common cause of bronchiolitis and pneumonia in children under 1 year of age in the U.S, and is an important cause of respiratory illness in older adults.