SNHD Pediatric Early Warning Sentinel Surveillance (PEWSS) Report: October 24, 2012

All Reporting Sites, Through the Week Ending October 20, 2012

The PEWSS reports are disseminated weekly by email, fax, and online at http://www.southernnevadahealthdistrict.org/stats-reports/influenza.php. For questions about PEWSS, please contact the SNHD Office of Epidemiology at 702.759.1300.

General Update

During the week ending October 20, 2012, the following viruses were identified through PEWSS with a low volume of testing (Fig. 1): Parainfluenza 2 and RSV.

Over the past five weeks (Tables 1 & 2), the following were identified in the community through PEWSS: Parainfluenza 2 has been circulating at high levels.

Influenza B, Adenovirus, Parainfluenza 3 and RSV have been sporadically identified.

Influenza A, Human Metapneumovirus and Parainfluenza 1 have not been identified.

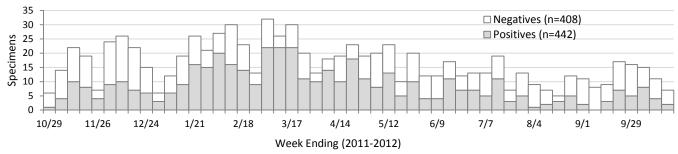
Table 1 - Testing Results, Current Week and Previous Four Weeks

			Past 5 Weeks								
	9/22		9/29		10/6		10/13		10/20		Circulation
PCR Testing Results	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	Levels
All negative	10	59%	11	69%	7	47%	7	64%	5	71%	
Influenza A Positive	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	Not Detected
Influenza B Positive	0	0%	0	0%	1	7%	0	0%	0	0%	Sporadic
Adenovirus Positive	1	6%	1	6%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	Sporadic
Human Metapneumovirus Positive	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	Not Detected
Parainfluenza 1 Positive	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	Not Detected
Parainfluenza 2 Positive	5	29%	3	19%	6	40%	3	27%	1	14%	High
Parainfluenza 3 Positive	1	6%	1	6%	2	13%	0	0%	0	0%	Sporadic
RSV Positive	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	14%	Sporadic
Co-infections	0	0%	0	0%	1	7%	0	0%	0	0%	
Specimens Tested	17	-	16	-	15	-	11	-	7	-	Low Volume

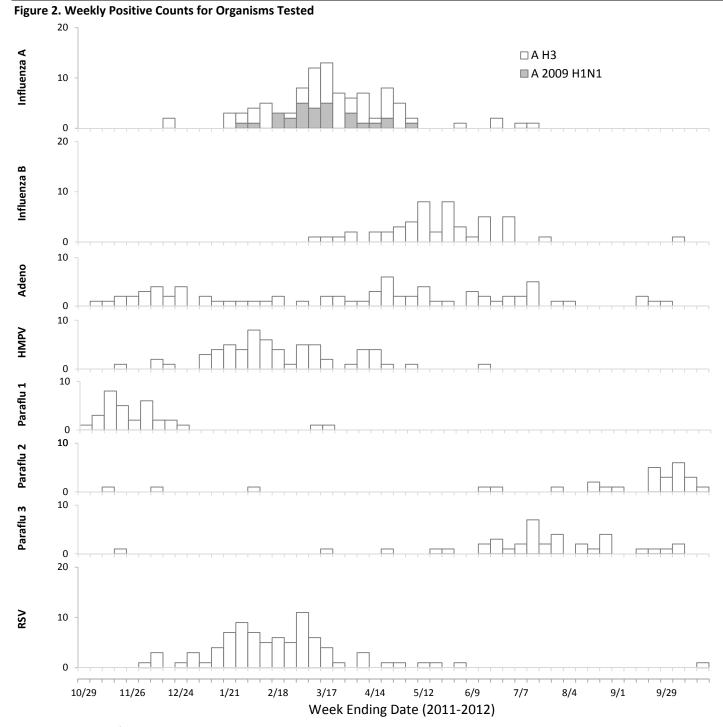
Table 2 - Influenza A Typing, Current Week and Previous Four Weeks

	Week Ending											
	9/22		9/29		10/6		10/13		10/20		5-Week Totals	
Influenza A Typing (% of influenza A)	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Influenza A 2009 H1N1	0	-	0	-	0	1	0	-	0	-	0	-
Influenza A H1	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
Influenza A H3	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-

Figure 1 - Weekly Number of Specimens Tested



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Other News and Information

Human parainfluenza virus (HPIV) -2 is circulating at a high level in Southern Nevada (Table 1; Fig. 2). Outbreaks of HPIV-2 often occur annually or biennially in the fall season. The most distinctive clinical feature of HPIV-2 is croup in infants and young children. Among older adults and patients with compromised immune systems, HPIVs infections can also result in serious lower respiratory tract disease (e.g., pneumonia, bronchitis, and bronchiolitis).

The detection of RSV during this surveillance period may signal the seasonal emergence of this pathogen in the community.