

For office use only Date			
Location			
Record #			

Southern Nevada Health District and Nevada Oral Health Program 2018 Adult Consent Form

Please answer all of the following questions <u>for the person being seen</u> - one form for each person.						
1.	Name (print) 2. Age 3. Gender 🗌 Male 🗌 Female					
4.	County you live in 5. Zip code you live in					
6.	Your dentist Don't remember None					
7.	7. Do you have any of the following: (For each question circle "Y" for yes and "N" for no)					
	Y N Asthma Y N Take fluoride tablets or drops at home					
	Y N Allergy to pine nuts or colophony Y N Taking any medication (list)					
	Y N Any other allergies (list) Y N Any medical condition (list)					
	Y N Has had a fluoride varnish treatment within the last three months					
	Y N Are you currently pregnant?					
	Consent for Services ADULT					

	<u>Consent for</u>	Services ADULI			
Please read the back of this form for important information.					
Yes, I give consent to a dent	al screening which r	nay include an oral cancer screening. I understand that			
this screening does not replace	ce a full dental exam	, and that I should still go to a dentist.			
I understand that results of this individual screening may be shared with the Nevada Department of					
Health and Human Services, Medicaid, Southern Nevada Health District, and/or with dental providers.					
Any reports will be about groups and not individuals.					
I have read, understand, and	l agree to the inform	ation on the back of this form.			
🗌 I give consent to have a 🗌 fluoride varnish application 🔲 dental sealants.					
Signature of patient	Date	Telephone Number			

Important information about Oral Health Services

Patient information collected during the SNHD mobile clinic trips will be kept confidential. Patient records will be kept in a locked file, and all electronic information will be coded and secured using a password protected file. Case management will be provided for patients identified as in need of dental treatment. If and when tele-dentistry is employed, the method of transferring information will be encrypted.

Fluoride Varnish

Fluoride varnish helps prevent new cavities, and it can help stop some cavities that have just started. It can also reduce sensitivity in the root surface of the teeth, and make them stronger against decay. Fluoride varnish is painted in a very thin coat on the tooth surfaces with a tiny brush. It is almost colorless, and left on until the morning of the next day, when it is easily removed by thorough brushing with lukewarm water.

Sometimes the fluoride varnish can appear yellow, but it goes away when the fluoride varnish is brushed off. On rare occasions, there can be some swelling in the mouth after fluoride varnish is applied. Occasionally, people with sensitive stomachs may have some nausea. If this occurs, the thin film of fluoride varnish can be removed immediately with a toothbrush and floss, and then by rinsing with and spitting out warm water.

Dental Sealants

Dental sealants have been widely used for over 30 years, and they are considered a "best practice" in preventive dentistry. They help keep cavity-causing germs from getting into naturally-occurring deep grooves on the chewing surfaces of the back teeth. The sealants do not protect the areas *between* the teeth, so thorough brushing and the use of dental floss in these areas is still necessary.

A mildly acidic solution is painted on the chewing surfaces to prepare the tooth for good sealant adherence. The tooth is rinsed off and dried, and a thin plastic coating is painted over the chewing surface. The plastic material is dried or "cured" with a very small light. There are no "shots" required, and the procedure takes about 15 minutes. Ongoing assessment of the sealants placed should take place during routine dental exams to allow the dentist to repair any sealants if necessary.

Even though care and diligence will be exercised while rendering this treatment, there may be unsuccessful results and/or failure of the sealant. Risks include but are not limited to the following:

The etching solution is somewhat caustic, and if the patient makes any unexpected movement during the application process, a small amount of the solution could attach to the soft tissues of the mouth, which could cause some slight tissue burns. This seldom occurs, but it is a possibility. If the etching solution contacts the root surface, the tooth may develop some temporary sensitivity. A dental sealant may loosen or become dislodged over time. The length of time over which this may happen is uncertain because of many things that can affect it, including but not limited to the following:

a) Chewing forces may be much greater in one patient than in another. Also, the way teeth come together when chewing may influence the life of the sealants.

b) Very sticky food, including some types of gum, sticky candies such as caramels, some licorices, very hard substances, etc., can cause loosening or dislodgment of the sealant.

c) Inadequate oral hygiene such as infrequent or improper brushing of the teeth may allow leakage around and under the sealant, causing it to loosen and allowing decay to develop. Decay may, of course, also develop in any area of the tooth not covered by a dental sealant.

Agreeing to dental sealants means that you have had a chance to ask questions, and that you voluntarily accept any and all possible risk in hopes of achieving the desired results from the treatment rendered, though no guarantees have been made regarding the outcome.

It is the patient's/parent's responsibility to notify us directly if any unexpected problems occur.

TeleDentistry/Telemedicine

I understand that the transmission of any confidential medical information while engaged in telemedicine is subject to all applicable federal and state laws with respect to the protection of and access to confidential medical information. NV Rev. Stat. Ann. § 633.0165.