COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014





COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

PREPARED BY Administration Division, Financial Services Section

> Dr. Joseph Iser Chief Health Officer

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



December 8, 2014

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Health and Citizens of the Southern Nevada Health District:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Southern Nevada Health District, Clark County, Nevada, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, is submitted herewith as mandated by NRS 354.624. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures rests with the Southern Nevada Health District (SNHD or the District). To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of SNHD. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of SNHD's financial activities have been included. The reader is referred to the Management Discussion and Analysis section beginning on page 13 for an overview of SNHD's financial position and result of operations.

Profile of the Government

Established pursuant to Nevada Revised Statutes Chapter 439, the Southern Nevada Health District's mission is to protect and promote the health, the environment and the well being of Southern Nevada residents and visitors. It is one of the largest local public health districts in the nation. It serves a population of over 2 million, representing 72.7 percent of the state's population, and over 39.7 million tourists annually, with a staff of less than 480 employees working in four divisions. In the furtherance of its mission, public health services are available to everyone, regardless of income.

The Southern Nevada Health District is governed by a 14-member policy-making board composed of:

Two elected officials each from the Board of County Commissioners and the largest city in Clark County (City of Las Vegas)

One elected representative from each of the four remaining jurisdictions in the county (Boulder City, Henderson, Mesquite and North Las Vegas)

Six at-large members selected by the Board and meeting the following specifications:

Two representatives who are physicians licensed to practice medicine in this State, one of whom is selected on the basis of education, training, experience or demonstrated abilities in the provision of health care services to members of minority groups and other medically underserved populations.

One representative who is a registered nurse licensed to practice in Nevada.

One representative with a background or expertise in environmental health or environmental health services.

One representative of a nongaming business or from a business or industry that is subject to regulation by the health district.

One representative of the association of gaming establishments whose membership in the county collectively paid the most gross revenue fees to the State pursuant to NRS 463.370 in the preceding year, who must be selected from a list of nominees submitted by the association. If no such association exists, the representative selected pursuant to this subparagraph must represent the gaming industry. Information about the gaming member was added during the 2011 Legislative session.

As such, it represents a unique consolidation of the public health needs of Boulder City, Henderson, Las Vegas, Mesquite, North Las Vegas and Clark County, as well as minority groups, medically underserved populations, and local business and industry, into one regulating body.

Members of SNHD Board of Health serve terms of two years. Vacancies must be filled in the same manner as the original selection for the remainder of the unexpired term. Members serve without additional compensation for their services, but are entitled to reimbursement for necessary expenses for attending meetings or otherwise engaging in the business of the board.

The Southern Nevada District Board of Health, through policy development and direction to staff, identifies public health needs and, on behalf of residents, tourists and visitors, establishes priorities for the conduct of comprehensive public health programs which include the promotion of environmental health, exclusive of air quality matters, maternal and child health, control of communicable diseases and the promotion of the well-being of Clark County residents and visitors.

Reporting Entity

SNHD is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The Board of Health has policy-making responsibility for SNHD activities including the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters. SNHD receives funding from federal, state and local government sources, as well as foundations and not-for-profit entities and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. Pursuant to NRS 439.367, SNHD's fund balances are pooled with those of Clark County and invested by the County Treasurer on behalf of the SNHD. SNHD; however, retains full control and accountability for these fund balances.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) includes all funds of the primary government unit, SNHD, and does not include any component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government unit is financially accountable or the nature and significance of the relationship between SNHD and the entity is such that exclusion of the entity would cause SNHD's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Health District Services

Southern Nevada Health District is responsible for protecting and promoting the health and well-being of Clark County residents and visitors. The program goals of SNHD include the following:

To assure that the Southern Nevada Health District and/or the public health system has the capacity and infrastructure to provide essential public health services in a fiscally responsible manner and through a skilled and qualified professional workforce;

To promote, protect and improve health status and reduce health disparities;

To gather and interpret data to guide public health decision-making and support action based on evidence-based practices; and

To continually improve and promote internal and external communications and collaboration.

The Clinic and Nursing Services Division provides services to clients through its public health centers located throughout the Valley. Services are provided regardless of a client's ability to pay and include providing immunizations for infants, children and adults, sexually transmitted disease (STD) testing and treatment, tuberculosis (TB) treatment and control, family planning services, refugee services, well child check-ups, HIV/AIDS case management and home visitation. Nursing Services are provided at the Valley View Public Health Center, East Las Vegas, Henderson, Mesquite, North Las Vegas, and Shadow Lane Professional Building. Nursing Services are also provided through special outreach events as requested by the community.

Environmental Health Division activities include the oversight of public health programs designed to protect the health of residents and visitors through inspection programs for child care facilities; food and beverage establishments; public accommodations; public swimming pools and spas; installation, repairs, upgrades and suspected leaks of underground

storage tanks; and tattoo, permanent makeup and body piercing operations. Additionally, a plan review program covering food and beverage establishments, individual sewage disposal systems, public swimming pools and spas, public water systems and subdivision review is in place. SNHD is the Solid Waste Management Authority for Clark County and in this capacity provides regulatory oversight, including plan reviews and inspections of all solid waste facilities and recycling centers. Waste management audit inspections are conducted to ensure area businesses manage waste properly and are protective of public health and the environment. The division also monitors for potential outbreaks in the animal population to prevent the spread of disease and conducts routine surveillance programs in the spring, summer and fall of each year. These programs monitor for diseases such as plague, Hantavirus and West Nile Virus.

The Community Health Division programs include chronic disease prevention and health promotion (including injury prevention), epidemiology (including public health informatics), vital records, emergency medical system and trauma system coordination, and public health emergency preparedness for bioterrorism and other public health emergencies. The Southern Nevada Public Health Laboratory (SNPHL) opened in July 2004 as a branch of the Nevada State Health Laboratory and is under the technical direction of University of Nevada School of Medicine (UNSOM) although the SNPHL functions administratively under the Community Health Division.

Overall Health District management is provided by the Chief Health Officer through the Administration Division. General administrative functions provided by the division include human resources, financial services, information technology, facilities services and public information. Other programs included in the Administration Division are health cards and business group.

Economic Conditions and Outlook

According to the estimates made by the Nevada state demographer, the population in Clark County grew to 2,027,868 in 2013. This reflects a population increase of 1.4 percent over the 2012 estimate of 2,000,759. Clark County's population is projected to grow by 3.1 percent in 2014 and 2.8 percent in 2015 per Clark County Comprehensive Planning forecasts.

According to the Nevada Workforce Informer, Nevada's unemployment rate fell to a seasonally adjusted 7.7 percent in June, the lowest it has been in nearly six years. The Las Vegas/Paradise Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) which includes Clark County held steady over the month of June, 2014 at 7.9 percent, but is down 2.5 percentage points relative to June 2013.

Nevada added a seasonally adjusted 5,300 jobs in June, 2014 which is the 11th month to month employment gain, said Bill Anderson, chief economist for Nevada's Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation (DETR). The construction industry had the highest annual growth rate, at 10.5 percent, adding 5,900 jobs relative to June 2013.

"On a year-over-year basis, employment growth has been positive for the past 42 months," Anderson said. "All of Nevada's metro areas added jobs to the payrolls in June, relative to the same time last year. Through the first half of this year, job levels are trending a bit in excess of 40,000 higher than a year ago. Should these trends hold through the second half of the year, we will have added about 100,000 new jobs over the 2010-2014 period. Going forward, improving underlying conditions in the national labor market should pave the way for continued advances in Nevada. By the end of next year, our expectations are for Nevada employment to be approximately 95 percent of the pre-recessionary peak."

The unrelenting growth of the Las Vegas Valley over the past 20 years has placed a strain on physical facilities. The Main health center building at the Shadow Lane campus became inadequate and too antiquated to provide basic services effectively. In April 2012 the building was deemed structurally unsound. There is no bracing and ties on the walls to provide lateral capacity in addition to the lack of a functioning diaphragm. When the structural engineering analysis of the building was completed, it was determined that it was not just marginally less than what the building code determined as minimally safe, but rather grossly less than minimally safe, thus the architects and engineers recommended that the building not be occupied at that point.

The cost of additional leased space for the expansion of required programs and the replacement of the Main facility campus increase markedly SNHD's operational expenses. In order to arrange for a replacement facility, SNHD faces the challenge of arranging for financing. SNHD's fund balance in its "Bond Reserve Fund" is earmarked for this essential capital acquisition. Currently the fund has an ending balance of \$15,005,809. The Health District main facility is currently located at 330 South Valley View Blvd. and has additional facilities located in East Las Vegas, North Las Vegas, Henderson, 400 Shadow Lane, Laughlin, and Mesquite. The ability to meet the increasing demand for more public health

services will continue to depend on SNHD's ability to diversify its funding and the share in the property tax allocation.

Visitor volume decreased by one percent in 2013 to 39,668,221 a decrease of 58,801 visitors over the 2012 total of 39,727,022; but an increase of 471,460 or 1.2 percent from a pre-recession 2007 total of 39,196,761. June 2014, visitor volume is 3.1 percent greater than the same period as last year.

Based on Las Vegas Perspective 34th annual edition in 2014, the sales of new homes increased by 31.4 percent to 7,080 while sales of existing homes decreased 9.5 percent to 54,600. Annual total home sales decreased by 5.7 percent to 54,600. Median prices for new homes increased by 36.6 percent to \$300,500 while that of existing home increased by 23.1 percent to \$160,000.

In fiscal year 2014, the County collected total property tax of \$1.5 billion within the same year the tax was levied – a decrease of 0.2 percent or \$3.0 million from fiscal year 2013. In comparison, SNHD's property tax allocation in fiscal year 2014 decreased by 44.1 percent or \$14.2 million. The decrease in property tax allocation is due to SNHD returning to the normal allocation of 3.5 cents per \$100 of assessed real property values as required by NRS 439.365. The allocation received in fiscal year ending 2013 was inflated because SNHD prevailed in a Nevada State Supreme Court case regarding the proper interpretation of NRS 439.365, based on which full funding and the future of SNHD depended. Clark County transferred the previously underfunded amounts, which included \$13,974,303 related to fiscal year 2012 and \$2,313,563 related to fiscal year 2013.

Budget challenges in Federal, State, and local governments had negative impact on the funding stream of various programs in the Southern Nevada Health District. When compared to the prior fiscal year, SNHD saw declines in the current fiscal year revenue related to Charges for Service, Regulatory Revenue, Program Contract Services, Direct Federal Funds, and General Receipts.

Financial Information

The executive and management teams of SNHD are responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the Health District are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

We believe that SNHD's internal controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance on the proper recording of financial transactions.

Single Audit

As a recipient of federal, state and county assistance, SNHD is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by the executive and management teams of SNHD.

As a part of SNHD's single audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including the portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the Health District has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

Budgetary Controls

In addition to internal controls, SNHD maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by SNHD's governing body. Activities of the general, capital reserve, debt reserve, internal service, retiree health insurance and proprietary funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established by fund. SNHD also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules in the financial section of this report, SNHD continues to meet its

responsibility for a sound financial management.

Cash Management

SNHD is required by NRS 439.367 to pool all of its funds with Clark County and that these funds are invested by the Clark County Treasurer. At fiscal year end June 30, 2014, \$38,633,208 in cash resources, which includes \$433,571 recorded in the retireee health insurance fiduciary fund, was invested with the Clark County Treasurer. The average effective yield on maturing investments was 0.81 percent compared with 1.74 percent in the prior year. The Clark County Treasurer's policy is to invest public funds in a manner that will provide for the highest degree of safety, liquidity, and yield while conforming to all statutes governing the investing of public funds.

Risk Management

SNHD has the obligation to manage and control the potential financial impact of frequent and predictable losses and continues to pursue ways of reducing risk exposures. The following relationships are considered by management in the development of a risk management program:

Risks marked by high severity and high probability are dealt with through avoidance and reduction.

Risks with high severity and low probability are most appropriately dealt with through insurance.

Risks characterized by low severity and high probability are appropriately dealt with through retention of funds and reduction of risks.

Risks characterized by low severity and low probability are best handled through retention.

SNHD participates in the Clark County Cooperative Agreement for coverage of liability claims and related expenses with \$10,000 retention per occurrence.

Other Information

Independent Audit

Nevada Revised Statute 354.624 requires an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Piercy Bowler Taylor & Kern was selected by the Board to perform the fiscal year 2014 audit. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act of 1996 and related OMB Circular A-133. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report beginning on page 11. The auditor's report on the internal accounting controls of SNHD and statement regarding the use of monies in compliance with the purpose of each fund (beginning on page 77) is included in the compliance and controls section and will be filed as a public record pursuant to NRS 354.624.

Report Evaluation

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awards a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting (CAEFR) to those agencies meeting its established criteria. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, SNHD must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) whose contents conform to the program standards. SNHD has received the Certificate of Achievement for its CAFR for fiscal years ending 2003 through 2013. See page 9 for the fiscal year 2013 CAEFR certificate.

Acknowledgements

Timely preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Financial Services Section of the Administration Division and the staff of our independent auditors, of Piercy Bowler Taylor & Kern. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of SNHD's divisions and sections who assisted in and contributed to its preparation.

In closing, without the continuing interest and support of the Board of Health in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Southern Nevada Health District, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Curren 1 Dass

Andrew J. Glass, FACHE, MS Director of Administration

tooph P. Iser

Joseph Iser, MD, DrPH, MSc Chief Health Officer

District Officials

CHIEF HEALTH OFFICER

Joseph P. Iser, MD, DrPH, MSc



BOARD OF HEALTH























FY 2014 Officers

CHAIR Rod Woodbury, Boulder City, Councilmember • VICE CHAIR Bob Beers, City of Las Vegas Councilmember • SECRETARY Lois Tarkanian, City of Las Vegas Councilmember

FY 2014 Board Members

Susan Crowley, Environmental Specialist Member at Large • Chris Giunchigliani, Clark County Commissioner • Tim Jones, Business/ Industry Member at Large • Allan Litman, City of Mesquite Councilmember • John Marz, City of Henderson Councilmember • Marietta Nelson, MD, Physician Member at Large • Frank Nemec, MD, Physician Member at Large • Bill Noonan, Gaming Member at Large • Mary Beth Scow, Clark County Commissioner • Wade Wagner, North Las Vegas Councilmember • Lori J. Winchell, APN-C, Registered Nurse Member at Large

FY 2014 Alternates (Not Pictured)

Michael Collins, RN, Registered Nurse Member at Large • Douglas Dobyne, Business/Industry Member at Large • Andy Hafen, City of Henderson Mayor • Kraig Hafen, City of Mesquite Councilmember • Peggy Leavitt, Boulder City Councilmember • Kenneth Osgood, MD, MPH, Physician Member at Large • Kathleen Peterson, Environmental Specialist • Steven Ross, City of Las Vegas Councilmember • Stan Smith, Gaming Member at Large • Lawrence Weekly, Clark County Commissioner • Anita Wood, North Las Vegas Councilmember

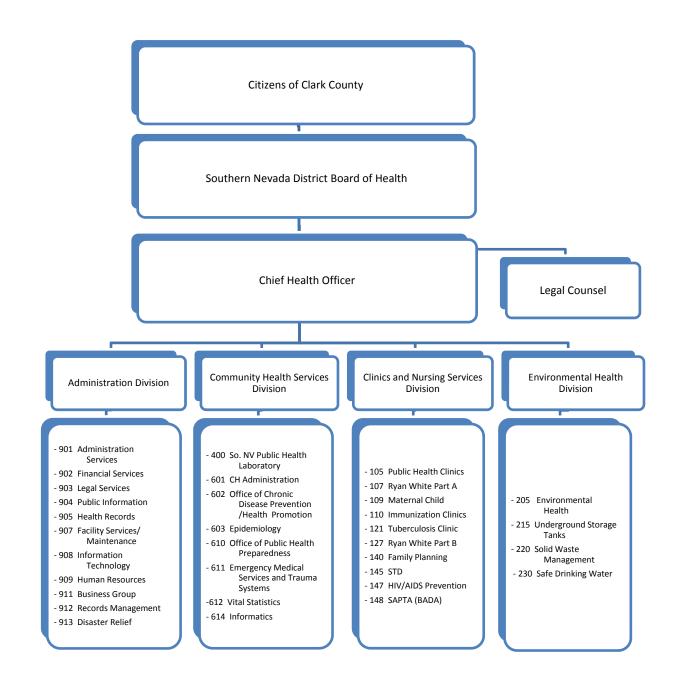
DIVISION DIRECTORS (Not Pictured)

ADMINISTRATION

Andrew J. Glass, FACHE, MS, CLINICS AND NURSING SERVICES Bonnie Sorenson, RN COMMUNITY HEALTH Cassius Lockett, PhD, MS ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH Jacqueline Reszetar, MS

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Southern Nevada Health District Organization Chart Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2014



*The Southern Nevada Public Health Laboratory (SNPHL) opened in July 2004 as a branch of the Nevada State Health Laboratory and is under the technical direction of University of Nevada School of Medicine (UNSOM) although the SNPHL functions administratively under the Community Health Division. The SNPHL shall continue to be designated as a branch of the NSHL pursuant to NRS 439.240.



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Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

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Southern Nevada Health District

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2013

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Executive Director/CEO

2012

2013



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Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to Southern Nevada

Health District

Executive Director / CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report On Financial Statements and Supplementary Information



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Board of Health Southern Nevada Health District Las Vegas, Nevada

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Southern Nevada Health District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

An audit performed in accordance with applicable professional standards is a process designed to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the District's basic financial statements are free from material misstatement. This process involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the basic financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the basic financial statements to enable the design of audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as the overall presentation of the basic financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the basic financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of basic financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the basic financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion. In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, postemployment benefits other than pensions, schedule of funding progress and budgetary comparison information on pages 13-28 and 61-64 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have

applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming our opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards.* In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2014, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Piercy Bouler Taylor & Kern

Las Vegas, Nevada December 8, 2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

As members of the Southern Nevada Health District's Leadership Team, we offer the readers of the Southern Nevada Health District (SNHD and the District) financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the SNHD for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found beginning on page 1 of this report.

Financial Highlights

SNHD's assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$24,591,788 (net position). Of this amount, \$16,267,995 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's on-going obligations to citizens and creditors.

SNHD's total net position decreased by \$8,595,071 due to expenditures exceeding revenues.

At the close of the current fiscal year, SNHD's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$34,186,687 a decrease of \$4,737,967 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 36% of this amount or \$12,178,843 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the general fund was approximately 20% of the total general fund expenditures.

The Bond Reserve Fund ending fund balance of \$15,005,809 increased 33%, or \$3,692,344, over the prior year balance of \$11,313,465, due to transfers from the General Fund, which included underfunded transfers for the fiscal years 2012 and 2013, plus interest income earned.

The Capital Projects Fund ending fund balance of \$6,318,172 decreased 3%, or \$216,779, from the prior year balance of \$6,534,951, due to capital outlay expenditures that were not funded by transfers-in from the general fund.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the Southern Nevada Health District's basic financial statements. The SNHD's basic financial statements consist of three components:

Government-wide financial statements

Fund financial statements

Notes to financial statements

This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the SNHD's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The statement of net position presents financial information on all of SNHD's assets and liabilities. The difference between assets and liabilities is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of SNHD is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how SNHD's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (*e.g.*, earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the SNHD that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of SNHD are comprised of the following divisions:

Administration. Includes programs for general administration, financial services, legal services, public information, food handler education, facilities maintenance, information technology, human resources, and business group.

Clinics and Nursing Services. Includes programs for communicable diseases, general nursing administration, immunizations, women's health, children's health, refugee health, and other nursing programs.

Community Health Services. Includes programs for community health administration, chronic disease prevention and health promotion, epidemiology, public health preparedness, emergency medical/trauma services, vital statistics, and informatics.

Environmental Health. Includes programs for environmental health and sanitation, waste management, and other environmental health programs.

The government-wide financial statements can be found beginning on page 29 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. SNHD, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of SNHD can be divided into three categories:

Governmental funds

Proprietary funds

Fiduciary funds

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

SNHD maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the bond reserve fund, and the capital projects fund, all of which are considered to be major funds.

SNHD adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 33 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The SNHD maintains two different types of proprietary funds:

An *enterprise fund* is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. SNHD accounts for the activity of the Southern Nevada Public Health Laboratory (SNPHL) in an enterprise fund.

An *internal service fund* is used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among various functions. SNHD uses an internal service fund to account for the management of its self-insured workers compensation claims. SNHD's self-insured workers compensation program became effective on July 1, 2005, after it was approved by the Division of Insurance of the State of Nevada on May 12, 2005 and the Southern Nevada District Board of Health on May 26, 2005.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 37 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support SNHD's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. SNHD uses the Retiree Health Insurance Fund to report resources held in trust for retirees, as required by the terms of the Collective Bargaining Agreement with the Service Employee International Union (SEIU). The resources in this fund will be used to help fund retired employee costs in maintaining the group health insurance benefit as provided by SNHD.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 40 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 41 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the SNHD's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) to its employees.

Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 61 of this report.

Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

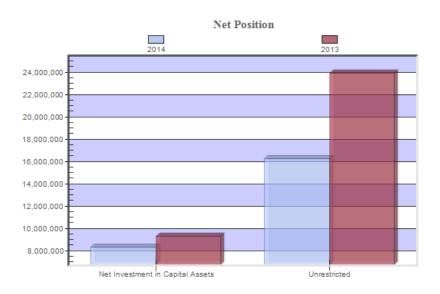
As noted earlier, net position over time, may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the SNHD, assets exceeded liabilities by \$24,591,788 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

| | | Summar | y Statement of N | et Position | | | |
|----------------------------------|----|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|------------|
| | | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | | Total Primary Government | |
| | _ | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Assets | | | | | | | |
| Current, restricted and other | \$ | 38,931,329 \$ | 44,460,295 \$ | 3,103,466 \$ | 4,100,215 \$ | 42,034,795 \$ | 48,560,510 |
| Capital | _ | 7,543,782 | 8,390,904 | 780,011 | 891,941 | 8,323,793 | 9,282,845 |
| Total assets | _ | 46,475,111 | 52,851,199 | 3,883,477 | 4,992,156 | 50,358,588 | 57,843,355 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Current | | 3,491,602 | 4,646,106 | 125,877 | 123,656 | 3,617,479 | 4,769,762 |
| Long-term | _ | 21,398,549 | 19,235,595 | 750,772 | 651,139 | 22,149,321 | 19,886,734 |
| Total liabilities | _ | 24,890,151 | 23,881,701 | 876,649 | 774,795 | 25,766,800 | 24,656,496 |
| Net position | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | 7,543,782 | 8,390,904 | 780,011 | 891,941 | 8,323,793 | 9,282,845 |
| Unrestricted | _ | 14,041,178 | 20,578,594 | 2,226,817 | 3,325,420 | 16,267,995 | 23,904,014 |
| Total net position | \$ | 21,584,960 \$ | 28,969,498 \$ | 3,006,828 \$ | 4,217,361 \$ | 24,591,788 \$ | 33,186,859 |

Total unrestricted net position represents 66% of total net position of Governmental Activities and is available to meet SNHD's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The remainder of SNHD's net position (34%) reflects its investment in capital assets (*e.g.*, land, buildings, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. SNHD uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending.

At the end of the current fiscal year, SNHD is able to report positive balances in all reported categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

SNHD's overall net position decreased \$8,595,071 from the prior fiscal year. The reasons for the overall decrease are discussed in the following sections for the governmental activities and business-type activities.

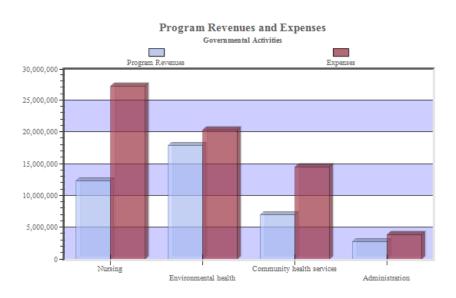
| | | Summary State | ement of Changes | in Net Position | | | |
|------------------------------------|----|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|------------|
| | _ | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | | Total Primary Government | |
| | _ | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Revenues | | | | | | | |
| Program revenues | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ | 26,623,171 \$ | 27,367,311 \$ | \$ | \$ | 26,623,171 \$ | 27,367,311 |
| Operating grants and contributions | | 14,051,416 | 15,524,141 | 1,339,681 | 1,757,402 | 15,391,097 | 17,281,543 |
| General revenues | | | | | | | |
| Property tax allocation | | 17,988,360 | 32,167,828 | | | 17,988,360 | 32,167,828 |
| Unrestricted investment income | | 336,701 | 267,114 | 27,109 | 38,412 | 363,810 | 305,526 |
| Gain on disposal of capital assets | | 17,391 | | 4,150 | | 21,541 | |
| Miscellaneous | _ | 5,000 | 2,000 | | | 5,000 | 2,000 |
| Total revenues | _ | 59,022,039 | 75,328,394 | 1,370,940 | 1,795,814 | 60,392,979 | 77,124,208 |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

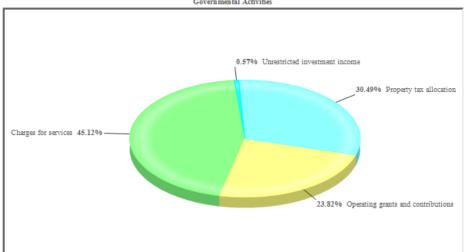
| | Summary State | ement of Changes | in Net Position | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------------|------------|
| | Governmental | Governmental Activities | | Activities | Total Primary Government | |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Expenses | | | | | | |
| Public health | | | | | | |
| Nursing | | | | | | |
| Communicable diseases | \$ 7,923,595 \$ | 8,052,327 \$ | \$ | \$ | 7,923,595 \$ | 8,052,327 |
| General nursing administration | 1,433,550 | 2,593,437 | | | 1,433,550 | 2,593,437 |
| Immunizations | 5,728,235 | 5,332,565 | | | 5,728,235 | 5,332,565 |
| Women's health | 2,443,165 | 2,860,198 | | | 2,443,165 | 2,860,198 |
| Children's health | 2,747,687 | 2,646,539 | | | 2,747,687 | 2,646,539 |
| Indirect cost allocation | 6,887,417 | 5,695,586 | | | 6,887,417 | 5,695,586 |
| Environmental health | 0,007,117 | 0,000,000 | | | 0,007,117 | 0,070,000 |
| Environmental health and | | | | | | |
| sanitation | 12,240,237 | 13,194,888 | | | 12,240,237 | 13,194,888 |
| Waste management | 2,230,526 | 2,364,731 | | | 2,230,526 | 2,364,731 |
| | 2,230,320 | 2,304,731 | | | 2,230,320 | 2,304,731 |
| Other environmental health | 115 616 | (10,000 | | | 115 616 | (10,000 |
| programs | 445,646 | 610,696 | | | 445,646 | 610,696 |
| Indirect cost allocation | 5,380,623 | 3,867,316 | | | 5,380,623 | 3,867,316 |
| Community health services | | | | | | |
| Administration | 645,539 | 1,641,676 | | | 645,539 | 1,641,676 |
| Health education | 2,501,025 | 3,012,037 | | | 2,501,025 | 3,012,037 |
| Epidemiology | 1,119,115 | 948,386 | | | 1,119,115 | 948,386 |
| Public health preparedness | 3,215,357 | 3,262,330 | | | 3,215,357 | 3,262,330 |
| Emergency medical services | 486,097 | 688,945 | | | 486,097 | 688,945 |
| Vital records | 1,560,084 | | | | 1,560,084 | |
| Informatics | 701,453 | | | | 701,453 | |
| Indirect cost allocation | 4,258,815 | 3,475,882 | | | 4,258,815 | 3,475,882 |
| Administration | | | | | | |
| Food handler education | 1,103,296 | 3,747,122 | | | 1,103,296 | 3,747,122 |
| Disaster recovery | 357,972 | 3,028,524 | | | 357,972 | 3,028,524 |
| Vital records | 001,912 | 1,492,597 | | | 001,912 | 1,492,597 |
| Business group | 989,609 | 1,492,397 | | | 989,609 | 1,492,597 |
| Indirect cost allocation | 1,374,168 | 1,679,282 | | | 1,374,168 | 1,679,282 |
| Southern Nevada Public Health | 1,374,100 | 1,079,282 | | | 1,374,108 | 1,079,282 |
| Laboratory | | | 3,214,839 | 3,485,617 | 3,214,839 | 3,485,617 |
| Total expenses | 65,773,211 | 70,195,064 | 3,214,839 | 3,485,617 | 68,988,050 | 73,680,681 |
| Transfers | (633,366) | (1,251,664) | 633,366 | 1,251,664 | | |
| Change in net position | (7,384,538) | 3,881,666 | (1,210,533) | (438,139) | (8,595,071) | 3,443,527 |
| Net position, beginning of year | 28,969,498 | 25,087,832 | 4,217,361 | 4,655,500 | 33,186,859 | 29,743,332 |
| Net position, end of year | \$\$ | 28,969,498 \$ | 3,006,828 \$ | 4,217,361 \$ | 24,591,788 \$ | 33,186,859 |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

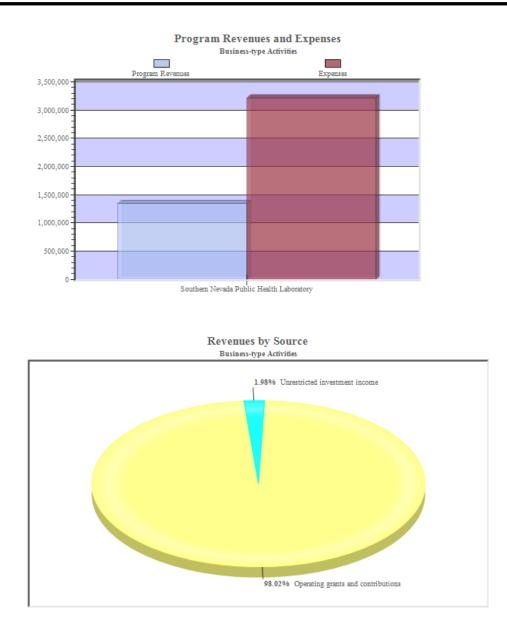


FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Revenues by Source Governmental Activities



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Governmental Activities

During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities decreased \$7,384,538 from the prior fiscal year to an ending balance of \$21,584,960. The decrease in the overall net position of governmental activities is the result of the decrease in property tax allocation and conclusion of the Communities Putting Prevention to Work (CPPW) Obesity and Communities Putting Prevention to Work (CPPW) Tobacco Grants.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Business-type Activities

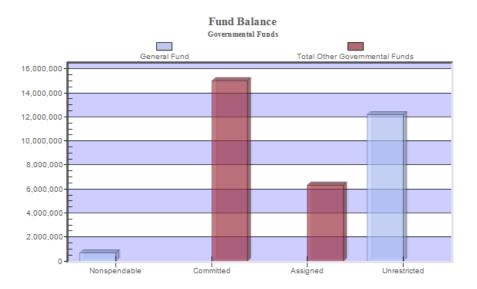
For the Southern Nevada Public Health Laboratory's business-type activities, the result for the current fiscal year showed that overall net position decreased by \$1,210,533, to reach an ending balance of \$3,006,828. The decrease is due to operating expenses exceeding total revenue coming from indirect federal grants and investment income.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of SNHD's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the SNHD's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the SNHD itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the SNHD's Board of Health.

At June 30, 2014, SNHD's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$34,186,687, a decrease of \$4,737,967 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 36%, or \$12,178,843, of this amount constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at SNHD's discretion. The remainder of governmental fund balance is classified as follows: \$683,863 is non-spendable, \$15,005,809 is committed to facility acquisition, and \$6,318,172 is assigned to capital projects improvements.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The general fund is the chief operating fund of SNHD. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$12,178,843, while the total fund balance is \$12,862,706. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures.

Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 20% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents approximately 21% of that same amount. The total fund balance of SNHD's general fund decreased by \$8,213,532 during the current fiscal year due to net transfers out of \$4,213,060 and expenditures exceeding revenues by \$4,045,977.

Other governmental funds consist of the Bond Reserve Fund (also known as Building Fund) and the Capital Projects Fund. The Bond Reserve Fund was approved by the Board of Health on March 27, 2008, so that the Health District will be able to pay bonded debt in the event that the County issues bonds on behalf of SNHD in order to fund a new facility replacement for the main campus on 330 S. Valley View Boulevard. On December 16, 2010, the Southern Nevada District Board of Health amended the original purpose of the Bond Reserve Fund to allow the Board of Health to utilize the resources of the debt service fund for any identifiable projects at the discretion of the Board that benefit the public health of Clark County.

The Bond Reserve fund has a committed balance of \$15,005,809 at the end of the current fiscal year, which increased by \$3,692,344 as compared to the prior fiscal year. The increase was due to transfers in from the General Fund and interest income. The Capital Projects Fund has \$6,318,172 of fund balance assigned for future capital improvements. Fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund decreased by \$216,779, due to capital outlay expenditures that were not funded by transfers in from the General Fund.

| | Ge | neral Fund Rev | venues | | | | |
|--|----|----------------|-------------|------------|-------------|---------------|----------|
| | | 2014 | | 2013 | | Increase (Dec | crease) |
| | _ | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | | | | | | | |
| Title XIX Medicaid | \$ | 581,607 | 1.00 % \$ | 484,388 | 0.64 % \$ | 97,219 | 20.07 % |
| Vital records, immunizations and other medical | | | | | | | |
| services | | 5,345,986 | 9.21 % | 4,866,325 | 6.47 % | 479,661 | 9.86 % |
| Regulatory services | | 20,505,557 | 35.31 % | 21,614,151 | 28.75 % | (1,108,594) | (5.13)% |
| Program contract services | | 190,021 | 0.33 % | 383,310 | 0.51 % | (193,289) | (50.43)% |
| Total charges for services | _ | 26,623,171 | 45.85 % | 27,348,174 | 36.38 % | (725,003) | (2.65)% |
| Intergovernmental revenues | | | | | | | |
| Property tax allocation | | 17,988,360 | 30.98 % | 32,167,828 | 42.79 % | (14,179,468) | (44.08)% |
| State funding | | 1,298,805 | 2.24 % | 643,646 | 0.86 % | 655,159 | 101.79 % |
| Indirect federal grants | | 9,579,076 | 16.50 % | 9,874,038 | 13.14 % | (294,962) | (2.99)% |
| Direct federal grants | | 2,331,346 | 4.01 % | 4,649,249 | 6.19 % | (2,317,903) | (49.86)% |
| Total intergovernmental revenues | _ | 31,197,587 | 53.72 % | 47,334,761 | 62.97 % | (16,137,174) | (34.09)% |
| Contributions and donations | | 29,081 | 0.05 % | 18,273 | 0.02 % | 10,808 | 59.15 % |
| Interest income | | 165,737 | 0.29 % | 107,506 | 0.14 % | 58,231 | 54.17 % |
| Other | _ | 55,768 | 0.10 % | 360,072 | 0.48 % | (304,304) | (84.51)% |
| Total revenues | \$ | 58,071,344 | 100.00 % \$ | 75,168,786 | 100.00 % \$ | (17,097,442) | (22.75)% |

The decrease in charges for services was due to the revamping and reduced vaccine requirement of the food handler education program.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The decrease in property tax allocation is due to SNHD returning to the normal allocation of 3.5 cents per \$100 of assessed real property values as required by NRS 439.365. The allocation received in fiscal year 2013 was inflated due to SNHD prevailing in a Nevada State Supreme Court case regarding the proper interpretation of NRS 439.365, based on which full funding and the future of SNHD depended. Clark County transferred the previously underfunded amounts, which included \$13,974,303 related to fiscal year 2012 and \$2,313,563 related to fiscal year 2013.

The decrease in other intergovernmental revenues (excluding the property tax allocation) was due to decreased revenue received from the Teen Pregnancy Prevention Grant and the expiration of two Federal grants: Communities Putting Prevention to Work (CPPW) Obesity and Communities Putting Prevention to Work (CPPW) Tobacco. Various indirect federal grant awards also decreased.

The increase in contributions and donations was due to drowning prevention donations and a James Randi Educational Foundation donation.

The increase in interest income was due to increased average cash balances as a result of Clark County transferring previously underfunded property tax allocations for fiscal year 2012 and 2013.

The decrease in other income is due to the receipt of cost reimbursements totaling approximately \$330,000 in fiscal year 2013, related to costs incurred by the District in connection with the Hepatitis C investigation.

| G | enera | l Fund Expend | litures | | | | |
|--|-------|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| | | 2014 | | 2013 | | Increase (Dec | crease) |
| | | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent |
| EXPENDITURES Current Public health | | | | | | | |
| Nursing Environmental health Community health services Administration | \$ | 19,514,256 14,271,660 9,627,126 18,704,279 | 31.42 % \$ 22.98 % 15.50 % 30.11 % | 20,607,106 15,310,788 9,214,932 21,008,563 | 31.16 % \$ 23.15 % 13.93 % 31.76 % | (1,092,850) (1,039,128) 412,194 (2,304,284) | (5.30)% (6.79)% 4.47 % (10.97)% |
| Total expenditures | \$ | 62,117,321 | 100.00 % \$ | 66,141,389 | 100.00 % \$ | (4,024,068) | (6.08)% |

The decrease in nursing expenditures was primarily due to space rental, phones and in-house printing expenditures being transferred to the administration division. Other cost reductions included training, travel and subgrantees.

The decrease in environmental health expenditures was due to the decreased salaries expenditures and transferring space rental, phones, and in-house printing expenditures to the administration division.

Community health services expenditures increased due to the vital statistics department transferring from administration. The increase was minimized by a large reduction in contract services as a result of two federal grants expiring.

The decrease in administration expenditures was mainly the result of transferring the vital statistics department to the community health services division. Other decreases include the cost of moving into 330 S. Valley View Boulevard at the beginning of fiscal year 2013.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Financial Analysis of Proprietary Funds

Unrestricted net position at the end of the fiscal year for the SNPHL and Insurance Liability Reserve Fund was \$2,226,817 and \$800,091, respectively.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Original budget compared to final budget

During the year there was no need for any amendment to change either the original estimated revenue or original budgeted appropriations.

Final budget compared to actual results

Differences between budgeted revenue and actual revenue were as follows:

General Fund Budget to Actual Information

| | Or | iginal Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance |
|---|----|---------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| REVENUES | | | | | |
| Charges for services | | | | | |
| Title XIX Medicaid | \$ | 533,285 | \$ 533,285 \$ | 581,607 \$ | 48,322 |
| Vital records, immunizations and other medical services | | 5,241,941 | 5,241,941 | 5,345,986 | 104,045 |
| Regulatory services | | 19,583,000 | 19,583,000 | 20,505,557 | 922,557 |
| Program contract services | | 477,707 | 225,707 | 190,021 | (35,686) |
| Intergovernmental revenues | | | | | |
| Property tax allocation | | 18,224,456 | 18,224,456 | 17,988,360 | (236,096) |
| State funding | | 400,000 | 400,000 | 1,298,805 | 898,805 |
| Indirect federal grants | | 10,246,690 | 10,498,690 | 9,579,076 | (919,614) |
| Direct federal grants | | 2,366,002 | 2,366,002 | 2,331,346 | (34,656) |
| Contributions and donations | | 11,000 | 11,000 | 29,081 | 18,081 |
| Interest income | | 200,000 | 200,000 | 165,737 | (34,263) |
| Other | | 10,500 | 10,500 | 55,768 | 45,268 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | |
| Public health | | | | | |
| Salaries and wages | | 36,845,098 | 36,845,098 | 34,707,255 | 2,137,843 |
| Employee benefits | | 13,667,140 | 13,667,140 | 13,394,340 | 272,800 |
| Services and supplies | | 15,410,840 | 15,410,840 | 14,015,726 | 1,395,114 |
| OTHER FINANCING USES | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | | | 1.458 | 1.458 |
| Transfers out | | (2,463,012) | (2,463,012) | (4,214,518) | (1,751,506) |
| Proceeds from capital asset disposal | | (2,.00,012) | (2,, | 45,505 | 45,505 |
| | | | | .5,000 | .0,000 |

The surplus in regulatory services was due to food handler education revenue coming in \$681,610 more than budgeted. Additionally, permit revenue exceeded the budget by \$189,782.

Program contract services were below budget due to \$882,500 of the \$1,108,226 being incorrectly budgeted in program contract services instead of indirect federal grants.

Total expenditures are \$3.8 million below budget. Budget exceeded actual salaries and employee benefits by \$2.4 million. Services and supplies were under budget by approximately \$1.4 million.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Capital assets

As of June 30, 2014, SNHD's net investment in capital assets for its governmental activities amounts to \$7,543,782, while the net investment in business-type activities amounted to \$780,011. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, vehicles and equipment. The total decrease in capital assets for the current fiscal year was approximately \$959,052, or 10%, due primarily to depreciation expense.

| | Balance July 1, 2013 | Increases and transfers * | Decreases and transfers * | Balance June 30, 2014 |
|---|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|
| Governmental activities Capital assets not being depreciated or amortized Land | \$ <u>2,059,765</u> | \$ | \$ | \$ 2,059,765 |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated or amortized | 2,059,765 | | | 2,059,765 |
| Capital assets being depreciated or amortized Buildings Improvements other than buildings Furniture, fixtures and equipment Vehicles | 4,697,563 9,011,550 9,888,440 710,904 | 302,050 | (61,347) (240,369) (142,386) | 9,950,121 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized | 24,308,457 | 302,050 | (444,102) | 24,166,405 |
| Accumulated depreciation and amortization Buildings Improvements other than buildings Furniture, fixtures and equipment Vehicles Total accumulated depreciation and amortization Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized, net Total governmental activities * Includes transfers from and to proprietary funds, if any. | (2,034,757) (8,345,981) (6,943,842) (652,738) (17,977,318) 6,331,139 \$ 8,390,904 | (191,507) (818,028) (17,572) (1,121,058) (819,008) (819,008) | 61,347 212,255 142,386 415,988 (28,114) \$(28,114) | |
| | Balance July 1, 2013 | Increases and transfers * | Decreases and transfers * | Balance June 30, 2014 |
| Business-type activities | | | | |
| Capital assets being depreciated or amortized Improvements other than buildings Furniture, fixtures and equipment Vehicles | \$ 96,241 2,412,871 40,972 | \$ 48,071 23,744 | \$(22,982) | \$ 144,312 2,436,615 17,990 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized | 2,550,084 | 71,815 | (22,982) | 2,598,917 |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| | J | Balance uly 1, 2013 | Increases and transfers * | Decreases and transfers * | Balance June 30, 2014 |
|---|----|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Accumulated depreciation and amortization Improvements other than buildings Furniture, fixtures and equipment Vehicles | \$ | (54,127) \$ (1,595,132) (8,884) | (8,846) (149,557) (6,509) | \$4,149 | \$ (62,973) (1,744,689) (11,244) |
| Total accumulated depreciation and amortization | _ | (1,658,143) | (164,912) | 4,149 | (1,818,906) |
| Total business-type activities | \$ | 891,941 \$ | (93,097) | \$(18,833) | \$ 780,011 |

* Includes transfers from and to governmental funds, if any.

Some of the larger capital asset transactions for fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, included computer hardware, computer software, and equipment costs as listed below:

Netsmart software for nursing (\$157,075)

TelePresence Video system (\$91,148)

Servers for information technology (\$62,181)

Southern Nevada Public Health Laboratory (SNPHL): VMS Pump (\$29,578) and Air Pressure Control Valve and Controller (\$25,688)

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 beginning on page 51 of this report.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District has no outstanding debt.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The District has strengthened its financial status by cost cutting measures such as workers compensation self-insurance, personnel justification program of filling only essential vacant positions, and on-going evaluation of expenses where savings can be generated (*e.g.*, travel). Although created as an independent governmental entity pursuant to Nevada Revised Statute (NRS) 439.361, SNHD has no taxing authority and must rely on revenue from fees and other governmental sources in order to operate. Funding for all capital improvements must be derived from operating revenue unless capital grant funds are awarded.

Currently SNHD is faced with the following major budgetary issues:

Need to obtain a new main building to replace the Valley View facility

Continued influx of disproportionate demand for public health services due to poor economic conditions

Need to maintain a reserve to respond effectively to a possible pandemic outbreak and other public health emergencies

Reduced Federal funding

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Reduced Indirect federal funding

Low Property Values

State funding has increased with the addition of the Healthy Nevada Tobacco Grant and Immunization AFIX.

On the expenditure side, SNHD is confronted with inflationary factors affecting the cost of equipment, supplies, and other services. In addition, salary and benefit costs will be higher due to:

A Collective Bargaining Agreement (CBA) with SEIU Local 1107 reached on September 20, 2014, which modified the contract that expired June 30, 2014.

Increased group insurance costs stemming from the implementation of Health Care Reform

SNHD will continue to pursue not only proportional allocation of Federal pass-through dollars through the State but also direct funding from the Federal government. Clark County has 72.7% of Nevada's population and is 4.7 times the population of Washoe County. The additional Federal support will enable SNHD to better address the needs of residents requiring services.

At present, SNHD has the financial resources and capacity to maintain current service levels; however, there is anticipation that the fiscal 2015 and future fiscal periods will be challenging times in SNHD's financial landscape due to reduced funding and significant anticipated capital expenditures associated with locating a new building. SNHD will continue to work with staff to develop and update the business plan for the 2016-2017 periods.

The Unassigned Fund balance of the General Fund is \$12,178,843 as of June 30, 2014. A significant portion of this amount will be required to address the overarching budgetary challenges.

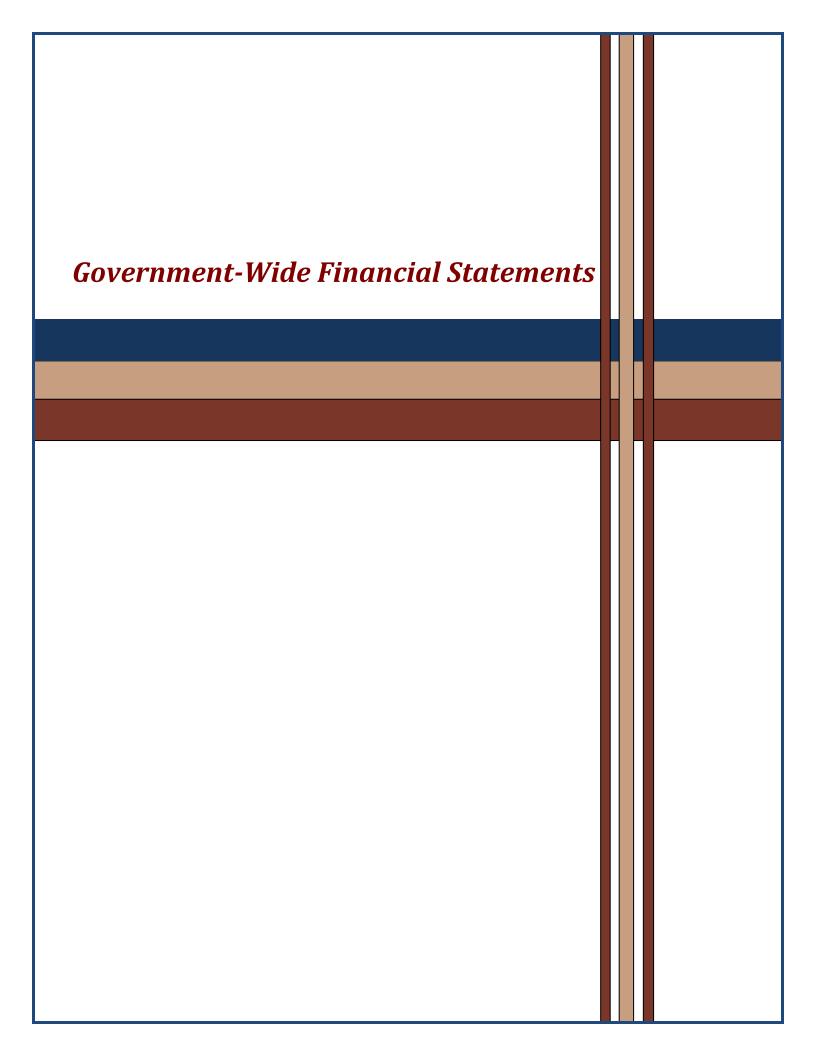
Request for Information

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is designed to provide a general overview to all parties who are interested in the Southern Nevada Health District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Southern Nevada Health District Attention: Director of Administration 330 S. Valley View Blvd. P.O. Box 3902 Las Vegas, Nevada, 89127

This entire report is available online at: http://www.southernnevadahealthdistrict.org.

Basic Financial Statements



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2014

| | G | overnmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total |
|--|----|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Cash and equivalents, unrestricted | \$ | 35,291,744 | \$ 2,936,346 \$ | 38,228,090 |
| Cash and equivalents, restricted | | 102,501 | | 102,501 |
| Grants receivable | | 2,710,752 | | 2,710,752 |
| Accounts receivable | | 54,950 | | 54,950 |
| Contracts receivable | | 87,519 | | 87,519 |
| Other receivables | | | 22,982 | 22,982 |
| Prepaid items | | 324,554 | 144,138 | 468,692 |
| Inventories | | 359,309 | | 359,309 |
| Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization | | | | |
| Land | | 2,059,765 | | 2,059,765 |
| Buildings | | 2,568,855 | | 2,568,855 |
| Improvements other than buildings | | 474,062 | 81,339 | 555,401 |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment | | 2,400,506 | 691,926 | 3,092,432 |
| Vehicles | _ | 40,594 | 6,746 | 47,340 |
| Total assets | _ | 46,475,111 | 3,883,477 | 50,358,588 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Accounts payable | | 1,178,959 | 59,776 | 1,238,735 |
| Grants payable | | 118,467 | | 118,467 |
| Accrued expenses | | 1,626,260 | 63,021 | 1,689,281 |
| Workers compensation self-insurance claims | | 175,000 | | 175,000 |
| Unearned revenue | | 392,916 | 3,080 | 395,996 |
| Long-term liabilities, due within one year | | | | |
| Compensated absences | | 4,000,918 | 145,279 | 4,146,197 |
| Long-term liabilities, due in more than one year | | | | |
| Compensated absences | | 2,452,176 | 123,756 | 2,575,932 |
| Postemployment benefits other than pensions | _ | 14,945,455 | 481,737 | 15,427,192 |
| Total liabilities | _ | 24,890,151 | 876,649 | 25,766,800 |
| NET POSITION | | | | |
| Investment in capital assets | | 7,543,782 | 780,011 | 8,323,793 |
| Unrestricted | | 14,041,178 | 2,226,817 | 16,267,995 |
| | | ,. , | , ., | |
| Total net position | \$ | 21,584,960 | \$ 3,006,828 \$ | 24,591,788 |

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

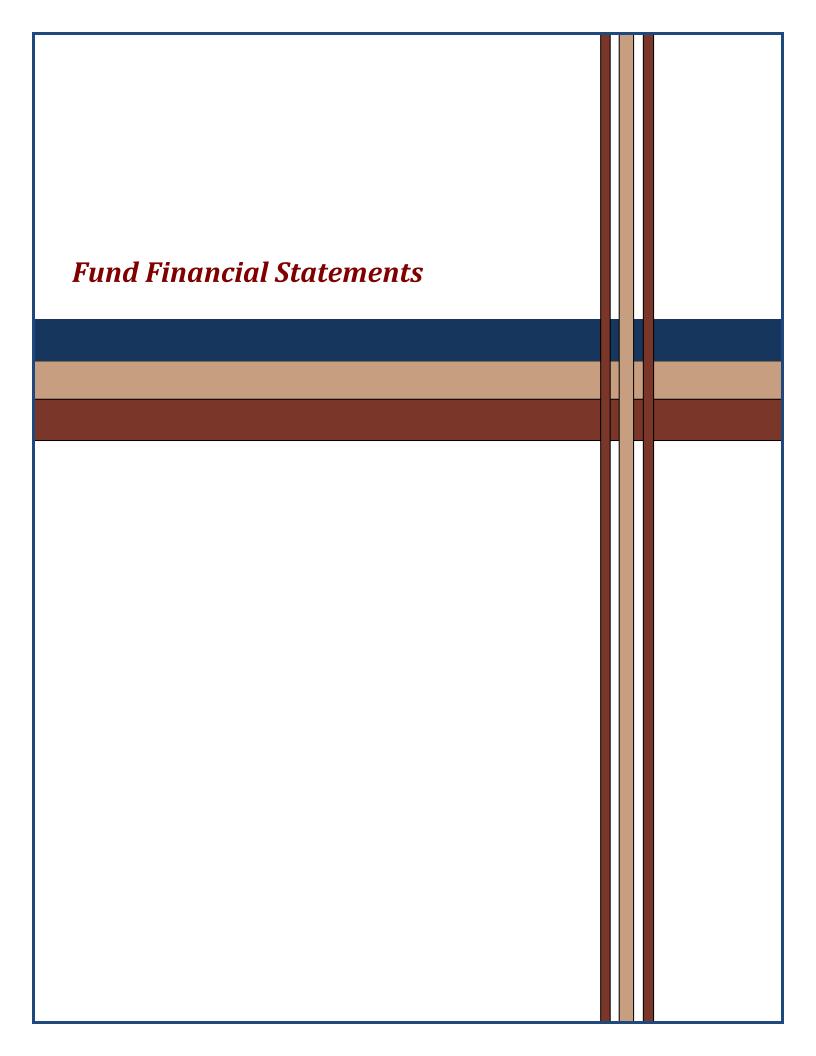
| | | F | Program Revenues | | | xpenses) Reven inge in Net Posi | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|------|---|
| | - | | Operating Grants | Capital Grants | Cin | | uon | |
| | | Charges for | and | and | Governmental | Business-type | | |
| | Expenses | Services | Contributions | Contributions | Activities | Activities | | Total |
| FUNCTION/PROGRAM | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | |
| Public health | | | | | | | | |
| Nursing | | | | | | | | |
| Communicable diseases | \$ 7,923,595 \$ | 359,583 | \$ 4,743,710 | \$ | \$ (2,820,302) \$ | 5 | \$ (| (2,820,30 |
| General nursing administration | 1,433,550 | 1,794 | | | (1,431,756) | | (| (1,431,75 |
| Immunizations | 5,728,235 | 2,576,480 | 1,163,900 | | (1,987,855) | | (| (1,987,85 |
| Women's health | 2,443,165 | 269,364 | 2,277,782 | | 103,981 | | | 103,98 |
| Children's health | 2,747,687 | 415,762 | 493,143 | | (1,838,782) | | (| (1,838,78 |
| Indirect cost allocation | 6,887,417 | | | | (6,887,417) | | (| (6,887,41 |
| Total nursing | 27,163,649 | 3,622,983 | 8,678,535 | | (14,862,131) | | (1 | 4,862,13 |
| Environmental health | | | | | | | | |
| Environmental health and sanitation | 12,240,237 | 16,003,349 | | | 3,763,112 | | | 3,763,11 |
| Waste management | 2,230,526 | 1,296,860 | 497,373 | | (436,293) | | | (436,29 |
| Safe drinking water | | | 90,000 | | 90,000 | | | 90,00 |
| Other environmental health programs | 445,646 | 440,379 | 201,500 | | 196,233 | | | 196,23 |
| Indirect cost allocation | 5,380,623 | | | | (5,380,623) | | (| (5,380,62 |
| Total environmental health | 20,297,032 | 17,740,588 | 788,873 | | (1,767,571) | | | (1,767,57 |
| Community health services | -,, | | | | | | | 1 |
| Administration | 645,539 | | | | (645,539) | | | (645,53 |
| Health education | 2,501,025 | | 1,408,911 | | (1,092,114) | | (| (1,092,11) |
| Epidemiology | 1.119.115 | | 1,100,211 | | (1,0)2,111) (1,119,115) | | | (1,119,11) |
| Public health preparedness | 3,215,357 | 100 | 2,973,604 | | (241,653) | | ```` | (241,65 |
| Emergency medical services | 486,097 | 88,551 | 2,770,000 | | (397,546) | | | (397,54 |
| Vital records | 1,560,084 | 2,489,339 | | | 929,255 | | | 929,25 |
| Informatics | 701.453 | 2,103,003 | 153,862 | | (547,591) | | | (547.59 |
| Indirect cost allocation | 4,258,815 | | 100,002 | | (4,258,815) | | (| (4,258,81 |
| Total community health services | 14,487,485 | 2,577,990 | 4,536,377 | | (7,373,118) | | | (7,373,11) |
| Administration | 14,407,405 | 2,311,990 | 4,550,577 | | (7,575,110) | | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| General administration | | | 47,631 | | 47.631 | | | 47.63 |
| Food handler education | 1,103,296 | 2,681,610 | 47,031 | | 1,578,314 | | | 1,578,31 |
| Disaster recovery | 357,972 | 2,001,010 | | | (357,972) | | | (357,97 |
| Business group | 989.609 | | | | (989,609) | | | (989,60 |
| Indirect cost allocation | 1,374,168 | | | | (1,374,168) | | (| (1,374,16) |
| | 3,825,045 | 2,681,610 | 47,631 | | (1,095,804) | | | (1,374,10) (1,095,80) |
| Total administration | | 2,081,010 tinued) | 47,031 | | (1,095,604) | | (| 1,095,80 |

See notes to basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITES (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| | | F | Program Revenues | | | xpenses) Revenues ange in Net Position | |
|--|------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|
| | Expenses | Charges for Services | Operating Grants and Contributions | Capital Grants and Contributions | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total |
| Total governmental activities | 65,773,211 | 26,623,171 | 14,051,416 | | (25,098,624) | | (25,098,624) |
| Business-type activities Southern Nevada Public Health Laboratory | 3,214,839 | | 1,339,681 | | | (1,875,158) | (1,875,158) |
| Total function/program | \$ 68,988,050 \$ | 26,623,171 | \$ 15,391,097 | \$5 | \$ (25,098,624) | (1,875,158) | (26,973,782) |
| GENERAL REVENUES Property tax allocation Unrestricted investment income Gain on disposal of capital assets Miscellaneous | | | | | 17,988,360 336,701 17,391 5,000 | 27,109 4,150 | 17,988,360 363,810 21,541 5,000 |
| Total general revenues | | | | | 18,347,452 | 31,259 | 18,378,711 |
| Transfers | | | | | (633,366) | 633,366 | |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | | | | | (7,384,538) | (1,210,533) | (8,595,071) |
| NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR | | | | | 28,969,498 | 4,217,361 | 33,186,859 |
| NET POSITION, END OF YEAR | | | | 5 | § 21,584,960 S | \$3,006,828 \$ | 24,591,788 |



GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2014

| | | | | Capital Pro | oject | s Funds | | |
|--|----|---|----|-------------|-------|----------------|-----|---|
| | 0 | eneral Fund | В | ond Reserve | Ca | pital Projects | (| Total Governmental Funds |
| ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Grants receivable Accounts receivable, net Contracts receivable Inventories Prepaid items | \$ | 13,042,020 2,710,752 54,950 87,519 359,309 324,554 | \$ | 15,005,809 | \$ | 6,371,325 | \$ | 34,419,154 2,710,752 54,950 87,519 359,309 324,554 |
| Total assets | \$ | 16,579,104 | \$ | 15,005,809 | \$ | 6,371,325 | \$_ | 37,956,238 |
| LIABILITIES Accounts payable Grants payable Accrued expenses Unearned revenue | \$ | 1,125,806 118,467 1,626,260 392,916 | \$ | | \$ | 53,153 | \$ | 1,178,959 118,467 1,626,260 392,916 |
| Total liabilities | _ | 3,263,449 | _ | | _ | 53,153 | _ | 3,316,602 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue, grants receivable | _ | 452,949 | | | _ | | _ | 452,949 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | _ | 452,949 | | | _ | | _ | 452,949 |
| Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources | _ | 3,716,398 | | | _ | 53,153 | _ | 3,769,551 |
| FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Inventories Prepaid items Restricted for Committed to | | 359,309 324,554 | | | | | | 359,309 324,554 |
| Facility acquisition Assigned to | | | | 15,005,809 | | C 219 172 | | 15,005,809 |
| Capital improvements Unassigned | _ | 12,178,843 | _ | | _ | 6,318,172 | _ | 6,318,172 12,178,843 |
| Total fund balances | _ | 12,862,706 | | 15,005,809 | _ | 6,318,172 | | 34,186,687 |
| Total liabilities and fund balances | \$ | 16,579,104 | \$ | 15,005,809 | \$ | 6,371,325 | \$ | 37,956,238 |

RECONCILATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2014

| FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS | \$ | 34,186,687 |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because: | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources; and therefore, are not reported in governmental funds: Capital assets Less accumulated depreciation | \$ 26,226,170 (18,682,388) | 7,543,782 |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; and therefore, are not reported in governmental funds: Postemployment benefits other than pensions Compensated absences | (14,945,455) (6,453,094) | (21,398,549) |
| Unavailable revenue represents amounts that were not available to fund current expenditures; and therefore, are not reported in governmental funds: Other | 452,949 | 452,949 |
| Internal service funds are used by managment to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds: Internal service fund assets and liabilities included in governmental activities in the statement of net position | 800,091 | 800,091 |
| NET POSITION, GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES | \$_ | 21,584,960 |

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| | | | Capital Pro | ojects | s Funds | | |
|---|----|-------------------------|---------------|--------|----------------|----|--------------------------------|
| | 6 | eneral Fund | Bond Reserve | Ca | pital Projects | C | Total Governmental Funds |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services Title XIX Medicaid | \$ | 581,607 | \$ | \$ | | \$ | 581,607 |
| Vital records, immunizations and other medical services | φ | 5,345,986 | φ | φ | | φ | 5,345,986 |
| Regulatory services | | 20,505,557 | | | | | 20,505,557 |
| Program contract services | | 190,021 | | | | | 190,021 |
| Intergovernmental revenues | | | | | | | |
| Property tax allocation | | 17,988,360 | | | | | 17,988,360 |
| State funding | | 1,298,805 | | | | | 1,298,805 |
| Indirect federal grants | | 9,579,076 | | | | | 9,579,076 |
| Direct federal grants Contributions and donations | | 2,331,346 29,081 | | | | | 2,331,346 29,081 |
| Interest income | | 165,737 | 111,192 | | 52,239 | | 329,168 |
| Other | | 55,768 | 111,172 | | 52,257 | | 55,768 |
| Total revenues | _ | 58,071,344 | 111,192 | _ | 52,239 | _ | 58,234,775 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | |
| Public health | | | | | | | |
| Nursing | | 19,514,256 | | | | | 19,514,256 |
| Environmental health | | 14,271,660 | | | | | 14,271,660 |
| Community health services | | 9,627,126 18,704,279 | | | | | 9,627,126 18,704,279 |
| Administration Total current | _ | 62,117,321 | | _ | | | 62,117,321 |
| Capital outlay | | | | | | | |
| Public health | _ | | | _ | 267,560 | | 267,560 |
| Total expenditures | _ | 62,117,321 | | _ | 267,560 | _ | 62,384,881 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | _ | (4,045,977) | 111,192 | _ | (215,321) | | (4,150,106) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 1,458 | 3,581,152 | | | | 3,582,610 |
| Transfers out | | (4,214,518) | · · · | | (1,458) | | (4,215,976) |
| Proceeds from capital asset disposal | | 45,505 | | | (-,) | | 45,505 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | _ | (4,167,555) | 3,581,152 | _ | (1,458) | _ | (587,861) |
| CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | | (8,213,532) | 3,692,344 | | (216,779) | | (4,737,967) |
| FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR | _ | 21,076,238 | 11,313,465 | | 6,534,951 | _ | 38,924,654 |
| FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR | \$ | 12,862,706 | \$ 15,005,809 | \$ | 6,318,172 | \$ | 34,186,687 |

RECONCILATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

| \$ (4,737,967) |
|-------------------|
| () |

Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:

| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives: Expenditures for capital assets Less current year depreciation and loss on disposal capital assets Proceeds from disposal of capital assets Gain on disposal of capital assets | \$ 302,050 (1,121,058) (45,505) <u>17,391</u> | (847,122) |
|--|--|-------------|
| Revenues in the statement of activities, which do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds: Change in other unavaliable revenue | 452,949 | 452,949 |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources; and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Change in postemployment benefits other than pensions Change in compensated absences | (2,524,581) | (2,162,954) |
| Internal service funds are used by managment to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds: Internal service fund change in net position included in governmental activities in the statement of activities | f(89,444) | (89,444) |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION, GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES | \$ | (7,384,538) |

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

| | Business-type <u>Activities</u> Southern Nevada Public Health Laboratory | Governmental Activities Insurance Liability Reserve |
|--|--|---|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 2,936,346 \$ | 872,590 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 22,982 | |
| Prepaid items | 144,138 | |
| Restricted assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | 102,501 |
| Total current assets | 3,103,466 | 975,091 |
| Noncurrent assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization Improvements other than buildings Furniture, fixtures and equipment Vehicles Total noncurrent assets | 81,339 691,926 <u>6,746</u> 780,011 | |
| | | |
| Total assets | 3,883,477 | 975,091 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Accounts payable | 59,776 | |
| Accrued expenses | 63,021 | |
| Workers compensation self-insurance claims | | 175,000 |
| Unearned revenue | 3,080 | |
| Compensated absences | 145,279 | |
| Total current liabilities | 271,156 | 175,000 |
| | | |
| Noncurrent liabilities | | |
| Compensated absences | 123,756 | |
| Postemployment benefits other than pensions | 481,737 | |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 605,493 | |
| Total liabilities | 876,649 | 175,000 |
| NET POSITION | | |
| Investment in capital assets | 780,011 | |
| Unrestricted | 2,226,817 | 800,091 |
| Total net position | \$3,006,828 | 800,091 |

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| | Business-typeGovernmentalActivitiesActivitiesSouthern NevadaInsurancePublic HealthLiabilityLaboratoryReserve |
|--|--|
| OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Depreciation and amortization Repairs and maintenance Indirect cost allocation Total operating expenses | \$ 1,274,557 \$ 558,663 493,812 101,977 164,912 203,437 519,458 3,214,839 101,977 |
| Operating loss | (3,214,839) (101,977) |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES Indirect federal grants Investment income Gain (loss) on capital asset disposition Miscellaneous Total nonoperating revenues | 1,339,681 27,109 4,150 5,000 1,370,940 12,533 |
| Loss before transfers | (1,843,899) (89,444) |
| TRANSFERS Transfers in | 633,366 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | (1,210,533) (89,444) |
| NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR | 4,217,361 889,535 |
| NET POSITION, END OF YEAR | \$ 3,006,828 \$ 800,091 |

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| | Business-typeGovernmentalActivitiesActivitiesSouthern NevadaInsurancePublic HealthLiabilityLaboratoryReserve |
|--|--|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash payments for goods and services | \$ (1,738,736) \$ (107,200) |
| Cash payments for employee services Net cash used in operating activities | $\begin{array}{c} (1,267,039) \\ \hline (3,005,775) \end{array} (107,200) \end{array}$ |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in Intergovernmental revenues Miscellenous | 633,366 1,641,014 5,000 |
| Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities | 2,274,380 5,000 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds received from disposal of capital assets Net cash used in capital financing activities | (71,815) 22,983 (48,832) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income received | 27,109 7,533 |
| NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | (753,118) (94,667) |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR | 3,689,464 1,069,758 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR | \$\$\$975,091 |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities Depreciation | \$ <u>(3,214,839)</u> \$ <u>(101,977)</u> 164,912 |
| (Increase) in operating assets Prepaid items | (57,702) |
| Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities Accounts payable Accrued expenses Compensated absences Postemployment benefits other than pensions Self-insurance liability | (3,253) 5,474 6,759 92,874 (5,223) |
| Total adjustments | 209,064 (5,223) |
| Net cash used in operating activities | \$ <u>(3,005,775)</u> (107,200) |

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

| | Retiree Health Insurance |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents | \$433,571 |
| Total assets | 433,571 |
| LIABILITIES Due to others | 433,571 |
| Total liabilities | 433,571 |
| NET POSITION | \$ |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The Southern Nevada Health District (the District) is governed by a 14 member policymaking board (the Board of Health) comprised of two representatives from each of 6 entities, as well as a physician member at-large and one representative of the Association of Gaming Establishments. The District represents a unique consolidation of the public health needs of the cities of Boulder City, Las Vegas, North Las Vegas, Henderson, Mesquite and others within Clark County (the County).

The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34* (GASB 61), defines the reporting entity as the primary government and those component units for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing board, and either the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or the possibility that the organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government. In addition to financial accountability, component units can be other organizations in which the economic resources received or held by that organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, the primary government is entitled to or has the ability to otherwise access a majority of the economic resources received or held by that organization, and the resources to which the primary government is entitled or has the ability to otherwise access are significant to the primary government.

The District has complied with GASB 61 by examining its position relative to other entities and has determined that there are no requirements that would cause the basic financial statements of the District to be included in any other entities' financial statements or comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFR). In addition, the District determined that there are no other entities, which are required to be included in the District's CAFR.

Basic Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and related notes. The government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and the fund financial statements include financial information for the governmental and business fund types. Reconciliations between the governmental fund statements, the government-wide statements are also included.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are made up of the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements include the aggregated financial information of the District as a whole, except for fiduciary activity. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees, charges for services, and grants. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The statement of net position presents the consolidated financial position of the District at year end in separate columns for both governmental and business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Other sources of revenue not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. This statement provides a net cost or net revenue of specific functions within the District. Those functions with a net cost are consequently dependent on general-purpose revenues, such as the property tax allocation from the County collected from various jurisdictions, to remain operational.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial accounts of the District are organized on a basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for using a separate set of self-balancing accounts comprised of assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds.

The presentation emphasis in the fund financial statements is on major funds, for both governmental and enterprise funds. Major funds are determined based on minimum criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are required to be reported in separate columns on the fund financial statements. The District may also display other funds as major funds if it believes the presentation will provide useful information to the users of the financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants, contributions, and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered "measurable" when in the hands of the intermediary collecting governments and are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the current fiscal year end. The major revenue sources of the District include the property tax allocation from the County collected from various jurisdictions, regulatory revenue, fees for service and other intergovernmental revenues from state and federal sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual. All other revenue sources are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. In general, expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred, as under accrual accounting. The exception to this rule is that principal and interest on debt service, as well as liabilities related to compensated absences, postemployment benefits, and claims and judgments, are recorded when payment is due.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The District reports the following three major governmental funds:

General Fund. Accounts for all financial resources except for those required to be accounted for in another fund and is the general operating fund of the District.

The Bond Reserve Capital Projects Fund. Accounts for resources that have been committed to the future acquisition of a new administration building.

Capital Projects Fund. Accounts for resources committed or assigned to the acquistion or contstruction of capital assets other than a new administration building.

Proprietary funds (enterpirse and internal service funds) distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary fund include the costs of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Operating expenses of the internal service fund include claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The District reports the following major enterprise fund:

The Southern Nevada Public Health Laboratory (SNPHL) Fund. Accounts for the provision of various testing and analytical services provided to the District, outside government entities and private health providers.

The District reports the following internal service fund:

The Insurance Liability Reserve Fund. Accounts for the costs associated with the self-funded workers compensation insurance.

Fiduciary fund financial statements, comprised of a statement of net position, report the District's activities that are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of operational results. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The District reports the following fiduciary fund:

Retiree Health Insurance Fund. Accounts for the excess cost per employee per month funding that is derived from the difference between the actual cost of insurance and the per employee per month contract amount as required by the terms of the Collective Bargaining Agreement with the Service Employee International Union. These funds are then to be used to help fund retired employee costs in maintaining the group health insurance benefit.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to cash and have original maturity date of three months or less to be cash equivalents. This includes all of the District's cash and cash equivalents held by the Clark County Treasurer, which are combined with other County funds in a general investment pool. As the District maintains the right to complete access to its funds held in the investment pool, these invested funds are presented as cash equivalents in the accompanying basic financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Receivables, Payables and Unearned Revenues

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. The resulting payables and receivables outstanding at year end, if any, are referred to as due to or due from other funds. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures or expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Any residual balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Governmental fund inventories are accounted for under the consumption method where the costs are recorded as expenditures when the inventory item is used rather than when purchased.

Additionally, the District receives medical vaccines from the State of Nevada (the State) for use in the District's clinics, which are not included in the District's inventory since these vaccines remain the property of the State until they are administered. At June 30, 2014, the estimated value of such vaccines in the District's possession was \$1,083,222.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. In the fund financial statements, prepaid items are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Restricted Cash Equivalents

Restricted cash equivalents consist of a certificate of deposit held in the internal service fund for workers compensation self-insurance claims.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or businesstype activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The District considers assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$3,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year to be capital assets. Purchased or constructed capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets, if any, are valued at their estimated fair value as of the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not significantly increase the functionality of the assets or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as the projects are constructed.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| | Years |
|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Buildings | 50 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 5-25 |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment | 5-20 |
| Vehicles | 6 |

Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits, which are collectively referred to as compensated absences.

Vacation benefits earned by employees are calculated based on years of full-time service as follows:

| Years of Service | Vacation Benefit (Days) |
|--------------------|----------------------------|
| Less than one | 10 |
| One to eight | 15 |
| Eight to thirteen | 18 |
| More than thirteen | 20 |

The vacation pay benefits for any employee not used during the calendar year may be carried over to the next calendar year, but are not permitted to exceed twice the vacation pay benefits the employee earned per year. The employee forfeits any excess leave.

An employee is entitled to sick pay benefits accrued at one day for each month of full-time service. After 120 months of full-time service, an employee is entitled to 1.25 days of sick pay benefits for each month of full-time service. There is no limit on the amount of sick pay benefits that can be accumulated. Upon termination, an employee with at least three years of service will receive 100 percent of the sick pay benefits accrued for accrued days up to 100 days, 50% of the accrued days between 101 and 200 days, and 25% of the accrued days greater than 200 days. Upon death of an employee, the estate will receive a lump sum payment for all sick pay benefits accrued.

All vacation and sick pay benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if the liability is due and payable, for example, as a result of employee resignations, terminations and retirements. The liability for compensated absences is funded from currently budgeted payroll accounts from both the general fund and the SNPHL.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

In accordance with the transition rules of GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, the District elected to apply its measurement and recognition requirements on a prospective basis. The annual OPEB cost reported in the accompanying financial statements is equal to the annual required contribution (ARC) of the District, calculated by using an actuarial valuation based upon the same methods and assumptions applied in determining the plan's funding requirements. The net OPEB obligation at year end is determined by adding the ARC to the net OPEB obligation at the beginning of the year, and deducting any contributions to the plan during the year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has only one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The governmental funds report unavailable grant revenues which are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Fund Balance and Net Position Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets. This is the component of net position that represents the difference between capital assets less accumulated depreciation.

Restricted. This component of net position reports the constraints placed on the use of assets by either external parties and/or enabling legislation. Currently, the District restricts assets related to self-insurance deposits for the District's workers compensation program accounted for in the insurance liability reserve fund.

Unrestricted. This component of net position is the difference between the assets and liabilities not reported in net investment in capital assets and restricted net position.

In the fund financial statements, proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements. Governmental fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable. Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This classification includes inventories and prepaid items.

Restricted. Includes constraints placed on the use of these resources that are either externally imposed by grantors, contributors or other governments; or are imposed by law (through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation).

Committed. Includes amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose due to a formal resolution approved by the Board of Health, which is the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Those constraints remain binding unless removed or changed in the same manner employed to previously commit those resources.

Assigned. Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The Board of Health has set forth by resolution authority to assign fund balance amounts to the District's Director of Administration. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts can be removed without formal resolution by the Board of Health.

Unassigned. This is the residual classification of fund balance in the general fund, which has not been reported in any other classification. The general fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative unassigned fund balance as a result of overspending an amount which has been restricted, committed or assigned for specific purposes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Committed amounts are considered to have been spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

It is the District's policy to expend restricted resources first and use unrestricted resources when the restricted resources have been depleted, except in the case of the certificate of deposit for self-insurance, which is statutorily restricted. It is also the District's policy to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance in the general fund of 16.6% of general fund expenditures (the general fund reserve).

The general fund reserve will be maintained to provide the District with sufficient working capital and a comfortable margin of safety to support one-time costs in the event of either a natural disaster or any other unforeseen emergency (as declared by the Board of Health), or unforeseen declines in revenue and/or large unexpected expenditures/expenses. These circumstances are not expected to occur routinely, and the general fund reserve is not to be used to support recurring operating expenditures/expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements includes estimates and assumptions made by management that affect the reported amounts. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Stewardship and Accountability

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) require that local governments legally adopt budgets for all funds except fiduciary funds. The annual budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Budget augmentations and amendments made during the year ended June 30, 2014, if any, were as prescribed by law.

The budget approval process is summarized as follows:

At the March Board of Health meeting, management of the District submits a tentative budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures/expenses and the means of financing them.

Upon approval by the Board of Health, the tentative budget is submitted to the County where it is included in the County's public hearing held in May.

The District's budget is then filed with the State of Nevada, Department of Taxation by the County.

NRS allow appropriations to be transferred within or among any functions or programs within a fund without an increase in total appropriations. If it becomes necessary during the course of the year to change any of the departmental budgets, transfers are initiated by department heads and approved by the appropriate administrator. Transfers within program or function classifications can be made with appropriate administrator approval. The Board of Health is advised of transfers between funds, program, or function classifications and the transfers are recorded in the official Board of Health minutes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds.

Per NRS 354.626, actual expenditures may not exceed budgetary appropriations of the public health function of the general fund or total appropriations of the individual capital projects funds. The sum of operating and nonoperating expenses in the enterprise and internal service funds may not exceed total appropriations. At June 30, 2014, the District was in compliance with this statute.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2014. The objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. This statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet certain criteria. Management is currently awaiting the completed evaluation from the Public Employees Retirement System to complete its evaluation and determine the effect on the District's basic financial statements.

In January 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 69, *Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations*, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2013. The objective of this statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing accounting and financial reporting for government combinations and disposals of government operations. The term government combinations is used in this statement to refer to a variety of arrangements including mergers and acquisitions. Government combinations also include transfers of operations that do not constitute entire legally separate entities and in which no significant consideration is exchanged. Transfers of operations may be present in shared service arrangements, reorganizations, redistricting, annexations, and arrangements in which an operation is transferred to a new government created to provide those services. Management has not yet completed its assessment of this statement.

In November 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date- an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 68, to be applied simultaneously with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68. The objective of this Statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of GASB Statement No. 68. The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or nonemployer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. Management is currently awaiting the completed evaluation from the Public Employees Retirement System to complete its evaluation and determine the effect on the District's basic financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Note 3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Deposits

The District's deposit policies are governed by the NRS. Deposits are carried at cost, which approximates market value and are maintained with insured banks in Nevada. At June 30, 2014, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$120,448 and the bank balance was \$122,657. The entire balance was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and therefore is not subject to any custodial credit risk.

Clark County Investment Pool

The District participates in Clark County's investment pool. At June 30, 2014, all rated investments in the Clark County investment pool were in compliance with the rating criteria listed below. Pooled funds are invested according to the NRS which are limited to the following (the District has no investment policy that would further limit the County's investment choices):

Obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies in which the maturity dates do not extend more than 10 years from the date of purchase.

Negotiable certificates of deposit issued by commercial banks or insured savings and loan associations (those over \$100,000 must be fully collateralized) not to exceed 1 year maturity from date of purchase with minimum ratings by at least two rating services of "B" by Thomson Bank Watch or "A-1" by Standard & Poor's or "P-1" by Moody's.

Notes, bonds and other unconditional obligations issued by corporations organized and operating in the United States. The obligations must be purchased from a registered broker/dealer. At the time of purchase the obligations must have a remaining term to maturity of no more than 5 years, are rated by a nationally recognized rating service as "A" or its equivalent, or better and cannot exceed 20% of the investment portfolio.

Bankers' acceptances eligible for rediscount with Federal Reserve banks, not to exceed 180 days maturity and 20% of the investment portfolio.

Commercial paper with a rating of A-1, P-1 or equivalent that does not exceed 270 days maturity and does not exceed 20% of the portfolio.

Collateralized mortgage obligations that are rated "AAA" or its equivalent not to exceed 20% of the portfolio.

Repurchase agreements that are collateralized at 102% of the repurchase price and do not exceed 90 days maturity. Securities used for collateral must meet the criteria listed above.

Money Market Mutual Funds which are rated "AAA" or its equivalent and invest only in securities issued by the Federal Government, U.S. agencies or repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such securities not to exceed 5 years maturity and does not exceed 20% of the portfolio.

Asset-backed securities that are rated AAA or its equivalent, not to exceed 20% of the portfolio.

Investment contracts for bond proceeds only, issuance for \$10,000,000 or more, and collateralized at a market value of at least 102% by obligations of the U.S. Treasury or agencies of the federal government.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The State of Nevada's Local Government Investment Pool.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event a financial institution or counterparty fails, the District would not be able to recover the value of its deposits and investments. As of June 30, 2014, 100% of the District's cash equivalents are held in the Clark County Investment Pool. The County Investment Policy states that securities purchased by the County shall be delivered against payment (delivery vs. payment) and held in a custodial safekeeping account with the trust department of a third party bank insured by the FDIC and designated by the County Treasurer for this purpose in accordance with NRS 355.172. A custody agreement between the bank and the County is required before execution of any transactions. County public deposits are in participating depositories of the Nevada Collateral Pool (the Pool).

The Pool, which is administered by the State of Nevada, Office of the State Treasurer, is set up as a single financial institution collateral pool that requires each participating depository to collateralize with eligible collateral those ledger deposits not within the limits of insurance provided by an instrumentality of the United States through NRS 356.133 (*i.e.*, in excess of the FDIC levels). The collateral is pledged in the name of the Pool and the market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the uninsured ledger balances of the public money held by the depository.

Interest rate risk is defined as the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Through its investment policy, the County (as the external investment pool operator) manages interest rate risk by limiting the average weighted duration of the investment pool portfolio to less than 2.5 years. Duration is a measure of the present value of a fixed income's cash flows and is used to estimate the sensitivity of a security's price to interest rate changes.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At June 30, 2014, all of the District's investments are held by the County Treasurer and are invested in authorized investments in accordance with NRS 350.659, 355.165, 355.170, and 356.120. The limitations on amounts invested are covered on the aforementioned type of security.

As of June 30, 2014, the carrying amount and market value of investments in the Clark County Investment Pool was \$38,633,208, which includes \$433,571 recorded in the retiree health insurance fiduciary fund that is not included in the government-wide statement of net position.

Combined Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2014, the District's cash, cash equivalents and investments (including restricted amounts) were as follows:

| Clark County Investment Pool | \$ 38,199,637 |
|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Cash in bank | 17,947 |
| Cash on hand | 10,506 |
| Certificate of deposit | 102,501 |
| | |
| Total cash and cash equivalents | \$ 38,330,591 |

At June 30, 2014, the Districts cash, cash equivalents and investments (including restricted amounts) were presented in the District's financial statements as follows:

| Governmental funds Proprietary funds Fiduciary funds | \$ 35,394,245 2,936,346 433,571 |
|--|--|
| Total cash and cash equivalents | \$ 38,764,162 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Note 4. Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2014, were as follows:

| | Balance July 1, 2013 | Increases and transfers * | Decreases and transfers * | Balance June 30, 2014 |
|---|-------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Governmental activities | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated or amortized | | | | |
| Land | \$2,059,765 | \$ | \$ | \$ 2,059,765 |
| Capital assets being depreciated or amortized | | | | |
| Buildings | 4,697,563 | | | 4,697,563 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 9,011,550 | | (61,347) | 8,950,203 |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment | 9,888,440 | 302,050 | (240,369) | 9,950,121 |
| Vehicles | 710,904 | | (142,386) | 568,518 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized | 24,308,457 | 302,050 | (444,102) | 24,166,405 |
| Accumulated depreciation and amortization | | | | |
| Buildings | (2,034,757) | | | (2,128,708) |
| Improvements other than buildings | (8,345,981) | (/ / | · · · · · | (8,476,141) |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment | (6,943,842) | | | (7,549,615) |
| Vehicles | (652,738) | (17,572) | 142,386 | (527,924) |
| Total accumulated depreciation and amortization | (17,977,318) | (1,121,058) | 415,988 | (18,682,388) |
| Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized, net | 6,331,139 | (819,008) | (28,114) | 5,484,017 |
| Total governmental activities | \$ 8,390,904 | \$ (819,008) | \$ (28,114) | \$ 7,543,782 |
| * Includes transfers from and to proprietary funds, if any. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Balance | Increases and | Decreases and | Balance |
| | July 1, 2013 | transfers * | transfers * | June 30, 2014 |
| Business-type activities | | | | |
| Capital assets being depreciated or amortized | | | | |
| Improvements other than buildings | \$ 96,241 | | \$ | \$ 144,312 |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment | 2,412,871 | 23,744 | | 2,436,615 |
| Vehicles | 40,972 | | (22,982) | 17,990 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized | 2,550,084 | 71,815 | (22,982) | 2,598,917 |
| Accumulated depreciation and amortization | | | | |
| Improvements other than buildings | (54,127) | (8,846) | | (62,973) |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment | (1,595,132) | | | (1,744,689) |
| Vehicles | (8,884) | (6,509) | 4,149 | (11,244) |
| Total accumulated depreciation and amortization | (1,658,143) | (164,912) | 4,149 | (1,818,906) |
| Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized, net | 891,941 | (93,097) | (18,833) | 780,011 |
| Total business-type activities | \$891,941 | \$ (93,097) | \$(18,833) | \$ 780,011 |

* Includes transfers from and to governmental funds, if any.

(Continued)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

For the year ended June 30, 2014, depreciation expense was charged to the following functions and programs:

| Governmental activities | |
|---|-------------|
| Public health | |
| Nursing | |
| Communicable diseases | \$ 7,319 |
| General nursing administration | 19,746 |
| Immunizations | 4,035 |
| Children's health | 423 |
| Indirect cost allocation | 398,153 |
| Environmental health | |
| Environmental health and sanitation | 13,876 |
| Waste management | 3,965 |
| Indirect cost allocation | 311,047 |
| Community health services | |
| Health education | 195 |
| Epidemiology | 885 |
| Public health preparedness | 29,304 |
| Emergency medical services | 465 |
| Indirect cost allocation | 246,197 |
| Administration | |
| Food handler education | 6,009 |
| Indirect cost allocation | 79,439 |
| Total depreciation expense, governmental activities | \$1,121,058 |
| Business-type activities | |
| Southern Nevada Public Health Laboratory | \$ 164,912 |

Note 5. Interfund Transfers

Transfers are used to 1) move unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds, and 2) to move cash for expenditures paid by a fund on behalf of another fund. There were no significant transfers during the fiscal year that were either non-routine in nature or inconsistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

In the fund financial statements, interfund transfers are shown as other financial sources or uses. For the year ended June 30, 2014, transfers between funds are as follows:

| Transfer In Fund | Transfer Out Fund | | Amount |
|--|--|----|------------------|
| General Fund | Bond Reserve Capital Projects Fund Southern Nevada Public Health Laboratory | \$ | 3,581,152 |
| Capital Projects Capital Projects Fund | Enterprise Fund General Fund | _ | 633,366 1,458 |
| | | \$ | 4,215,976 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Note 6. Leases

Operating Leases

The District has certain non-cancelable operating lease agreements (subject to the requirements of NRS 244.230 and 354.626) for its facilities. Such leases expire at various times through December 15, 2021. For the year ended June 30, 2014, rent expense and expenditures totaled \$3,401,019. At year end, the District's future minimum lease payments under these non-cancelable operating leases were as follows:

| For the Year Ended June 30, | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|
| 2015 | \$ 3,216,473 |
| 2016 | 1,384,804 |
| 2017 | 430,604 |
| 2018 | 432,755 |
| 2019 | 440,454 |
| 2020 - 2024 | 1,127,341 |
| | |
| | \$ 7,032,431 |

Note 7. Long-term Liabilities

The District's long-term liabilities consist of compensated absences and postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) obligations.

Long-term liabilities activity for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

| | Jı | Balance uly 1, 2013 | Increases | Decreases | Balance June 30, 2014 | Due Within One Year |
|---|----|------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Governmental activities | | | | | | |
| Compensated absences | \$ | 6,814,721 \$ | 4,147,831 \$ | (4,509,458) \$ | 6,453,094 | \$ 4,000,918 |
| Postemployment benefits other than pensions | | 12,420,874 | 2,524,581 | | 14,945,455 | |
| Total governmental activities | _ | 19,235,595 | 6,672,412 | (4,509,458) | 21,398,549 | 4,000,918 |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | |
| Compensated absences | | 262,276 | 151,625 | (144,866) | 269,035 | 145,279 |
| Postemployment benefits other than pensions | _ | 388,863 | 92,874 | | 481,737 | |
| Total business-type activities | _ | 651,139 | 244,499 | (144,866) | 750,772 | 145,279 |
| Total long-term liabilities | \$ | 19,886,734 \$ | 6,916,911 \$ | (4,654,324) \$ | 22,149,321 | \$4,146,197 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Compensated absences and postemployment benefits other than pensions typically have been liquidated by the general and enterprise funds.

Note 8. Commitments and Contingencies

Risk Management

The District, like all governmental entities, is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The District participates in the County's Cooperative Agreement for Coverage of Liability Claims and Related Expenses. Under this agreement, the District pays an annual premium to the Clark County Insurance Pool Internal Service Fund for its general insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of the insurance pool fund provides that the fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums. Each member is responsible for a deductible for each claim submitted. The District's deductible is \$10,000 per occurrence. The stop-loss provision is \$2,000,000 per occurrence, accident, or loss. Coverage from private insurers is maintained for losses in excess of the stop loss amount up to \$20,000,000. An independent claims administrator performs all claims-handling procedures. The insurance pool fund's two umbrella policies provide further coverage to a maximum aggregate amount of \$10,000,000. The District remains adequately covered for losses and no settlements have reached amounts in excess of the insurance coverage during the past three years.

On July 1, 2005, the District established an internal service fund to provide for self-insured workers compensation claims. Additionally, the District has excess workers compensation insurance up to \$1,000,000 per occurrence, with retention of \$400,000 per occurrence. A liability for a claim is established if information indicates that it is possible that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. As of June 30, 2014, the estimate of the worker's compensation claims payable was determined by the District with the assistance of an independent actuarial study and is reflected in the financial statements of the insurance liability reserve fund.

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012, changes in claims liability amounts were as follows:

| | June 30, 2014 | | June 30, 2013 | June 30, 2012 | |
|---|---------------|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| Claims liability, beginning of year Claims incurred and changes in estimate Claims paid | \$ | 180,219 99,489 (104,708) | 11,745 | 13,804 | |
| Claims liability, end of year | \$ | 175,000 | \$ 180,219 | \$ 209,027 | |

At June 30, 2014, the District had a certificate of deposit with a balance of \$102,501, which is required for the District's workers compensation self-insurance program.

The United States recently experienced a widespread recession accompanied by declines in residential real estate sales, mortgage lending and related construction activity, higher energy costs and other inflationary trends, and weakness in the commercial and investment banking systems. The near- and long-term impact of these factors on the State's economy and the District's operating activities cannot be predicted at this time but may be substantial.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Litigation

Various legal claims have arisen against the District during the normal course of operations. According to the District's legal counsel, the ultimate resolution of these matters is not ascertainable at this time and, therefore, no provision for loss has been made in the financial statements in connection therewith.

The District does not accrue for estimated future legal and defense costs, if any, to be incurred in connection with outstanding or threatened litigation and other disputed matters but rather, records such as period costs when the services are rendered.

Note 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The District contributes to a cost sharing, multiple employer, defined benefit plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement System of the State of Nevada (PERS). PERS provides retirement benefits, disability benefits and death benefits, including annual cost of living adjustments, to plan members and their beneficiaries. NRS 286 establishes the benefit provisions provided to the participants of PERS. These benefit provisions may only be amended through legislation. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PERS. The District does not exercise any control over PERS. NRS 286.110 states, "Respective participating public employers are not liable for any obligation of the system."

PERS financial statements are available by calling or writing to:

Public Employees' Retirement System 693 West Nye Lane Carson City, Nevada 89703-1599 (775) 687-4200

Benefits for plan members are funded under the employer pay method. Under the employer pay contribution plan, the District is required to contribute all amounts due under the plan, the amounts contributed equal the required contribution amount. NRS 286 establishes the contribution requirements of plan members and the District. Contribution requirements may only be amended through legislation.

Contribution rates and amounts contributed for the previous three years were as follows:

| | Contribution | Required Contribution and Amount |
|-----------------------------|--------------|--|
| For the Year Ended June 30, | Rate | Contributed |
| 2012 | 23.75 % \$ | 8,676,560 |
| 2013 | 23.75 % | 8,367,769 |
| 2014 | 25.75 % | 8,910,121 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Note 10. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Plan Description

The District participates in Clark County's Self-Funded Health Benefit Plan (Self-Funded Plan), which is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. Employees who retired before September 1, 2008, may be covered by the State of Nevada's Public Employee Benefit Plan (PEBP), which is also an agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. In accordance with NRS, retirees of the District may continue insurance through existing insurance plans, if enrolled as an active employee at the time of retirement. Retirees are offered medical, dental, prescription drug, and life insurance benefits for themselves and their dependents. Retirees may choose between the Clark County Self-Funded Group Medical and Dental Benefits Plan or the Health Maintenance Organization Plan (HMO).

The Self-Funded Plan benefit provisions are established and amended by the Clark County Self-Insurer's Executive Committee. PEBP eligibility and subsidy requirements are governed by NRS and can only be amended through legislation. In 2008, the NRS were amended. As a result of this amendment, the number of retirees for whom the District is obligated to provide postemployment benefits is limited to eligible employees who retired from District service prior to September 1, 2008.

The Self-Funded Plan and PEBP issue publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information.

The Self-funded and PEBP reports may be obtained by writing or calling the following addresses or numbers:

Clark County, Nevada PO Box 551210 500 S. Grand Central Parkway Las Vegas, NV 89155-1210 (702) 455-3895 Public Employee Benefit Plan 901 South Stewart Street, Suite 1001 Carson City, Nevada 89701 (800) 326-5496

Funding Policy and Annual OPEB Cost

The Self-Funded Plan contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended through negotiations between the District and the SEIU employee union.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the District paid a maximum of \$515 per month towards employee premiums for active employee coverage. In addition, the District pays a portion of the premium for dependents up to a maximum of \$915 for employee and family. Retirees in the Self-Funded Plan receive no direct subsidy from the District. Under state law, retiree loss experience is pooled with active loss experience for the purpose of setting rates. The difference between the true claims cost and the blended premium is an implicit rate subsidy that creates an OPEB cost for the District.

The District is required to pay the PEBP an explicit subsidy, based on years of service, for retirees who are enrolled in this plan. During fiscal 2014, retirees were eligible for a \$114 per month subsidy after five years of service with a Nevada state or local government entity. The maximum subsidy of \$627 is earned after 20 years of combined service with any eligible entity. There are incremental increases for years of service between five and twenty years. The subsidy is set, and may be amended, by the State Legislature.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The annual OPEB cost for each plan is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

At June 30, 2014, the District's OPEB cost and related plan information were as follows:

| | Public Employee Benefit Program | Clark County Self-Funded Health Benefit Plan |
|---------------------------------|---|---|
| Contribution rate | Set by State Legislature | Actuarially determined, premium sharing determined by union contracts |
| Southern Nevada Health District | | Implicit subsidy through blending of active and retiree loss experience |
| Plan members | From \$0 to \$2,674, depending on level of coverage and subsidy earned | From \$421 to \$1,101 per month for family coverage, depending on plan |

The following table shows the components of the annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the net OPEB obligation:

| | | Clark County Self-Funded Health Benefit Plan | Total |
|--|--|---|-----------------------------------|
| Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC | \$ 346,537 \$ 51,532 (74,501) | 3,099,193 \$ 460,858 (666,287) | 3,445,730 512,390 (740,788) |
| Annual OPEB cost OPEB contributions made | 323,568 (227,238) | 2,893,764 (372,639) | 3,217,332 (599,877) |
| Increase in net OPEB obligation | 96,330 | 2,521,125 | 2,617,455 |
| Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year | 270,119 | 12,539,618 | 12,809,737 |
| Net OPEB obligation, end of year | \$ 366,449 \$ | 15,060,743 \$ | 15,427,192 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The funded status of the plans as of the most recent actuarial valuation date was as follows:

| Valuation Date | Actuarial Value of Assets | Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) | Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) | Funded Ratio | Annual Covered Payroll | UAAL as a Percent of Covered Payroll |
|---|------------------------------|---|---|--------------|---------------------------|---|
| Public Employee Benefit Program July 1, 2012 | N/A ¹ S | \$ 5,992,330 \$ | 5,992,330 | 0.0 % | N/A ² | N/A ² |
| Clark County Self-Funded Health Benefit Plan July 1, 2012 | N/A ¹ | 16,260,740 | 16,260,740 | 0.0 % | 36,534,795 | 44.5 % |

1. No assets have been placed in trust.

2. The Public Employee Benefit Program is a closed plan; and therefore, there are no current covered employees.

The County does not hold any funds on behalf of the District that are to be used to fund the District's future OPEB requirements. The District intends to use accumulated cash and cash equivalents in the general fund for future OPEB funding; however, these assets are not considered plan assets because they are not held in trust.

The schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information provides multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plans and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Annual OPEB cost, employer contributions, the percentage of annual cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation (prepayment) for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

| For the Year Ended June 30, | Annual OPEB Cost | | Co | OPEB ntributions Made | Percentage Contributed | Net OPEB Obligation | |
|--|---------------------|-----------|----|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Public Employee Benefit Program | | | | | | | |
| 2012 | \$ | 509,660 | \$ | 274,180 | 53.8 % \$ | 195,199 | |
| 2013 | | 328,388 | | 253,468 | 77.2 % | 270,119 | |
| 2014 | | 323,568 | | 227,238 | 70.2 % | 366,449 | |
| Clark County Self-Funded Health Benefit Plan | | | | | | | |
| 2012 | | 3,109,328 | | 63,787 | 2.1 % | 9,926,075 | |
| 2013 | | 2,936,879 | | 323,336 | 11.0 % | 12,539,618 | |
| 2014 | | 2,893,764 | | 372,639 | 12.9 % | 15,060,743 | |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plans (the plans as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the District and the plan members at that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

Significant actuarial methods and assumptions as of the most recent actuarial valuation date were as follows:

| | Public Employee Benefit Program | Clark County Self-Funded Health Benefit Plan | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Actuarial valuation date | July 1, 2012 | July 1, 2012 | | | |
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal | Entry age normal Entry age normal | | | |
| Amortization method | Level dollar | Level dollar | | | |
| | amount, open | amount, open | | | |
| Amortization period | 30 years | 30 years | | | |
| Asset valuation method | No assets in trust | No assets in trust | | | |
| Actuarial assumptions | | | | | |
| Investment rate of return | 4% | 4% | | | |
| Projected salary increases | N/A ¹ | N/A | | | |

1. The Public Employee Benefit Program is a closed plan; and therefore, there are no current covered employees.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.



POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| Valuation Date | Actuarial Value of Assets | Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) | Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) | Funded Ratio | Annual Covered Payroll | UAAL as a Percent of Covered Payroll |
|---|------------------------------|---|---|--------------|---------------------------|---|
| Public Employee Benefit Program | | | | | | |
| July 1, 2008 | N/A ¹ | \$ 3,550,918 \$ | 3,550,918 | 0.0 % | N/A ² | N/A ² |
| July 1, 2010 | N/A 1 | 9,110,069 | 9,110,069 | 0.0 % | N/A ² | N/A ² |
| July 1, 2012 | N/A ¹ | 5,992,330 | 5,992,330 | 0.0 % | N/A ² | N/A ² |
| Clark County Self-Funded Health Benefit Plan | | | | | | |
| July 1, 2008 | N/A ¹ | 17.989.082 | 17.989.082 | 0.0 % | 32,879,990 | 54.7 % |
| July 1, 2010 | N/A ¹ | 20,455,969 | 20,455,969 | 0.0 % | - , , | 56.6 % |
| July 1, 2012 | N/A ¹ | 16,260,740 | 16,260,740 | 0.0 % | , - , | 44.5 % |

No assets have been placed in trust.
 The Public Employee Benefit Program is a closed plan; and therefore, there are no current covered employees.

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| REVENUES | | | | |
| Charges for services | | | | |
| Title XIX Medicaid | \$ 533,285 \$ | 533,285 \$ | 581,607 \$ | 48,322 |
| Vital records, immunizations and other medical services | 5,241,941 | 5,241,941 | 5,345,986 | 104,045 |
| Regulatory services | 19,583,000 | 19,583,000 | 20,505,557 | 922,557 |
| Program contract services | 477,707 | 225,707 | 190,021 | (35,686) |
| Intergovernmental revenues Property tax allocation | 18.224.456 | 18,224,456 | 17,988,360 | (236.096) |
| State funding | 400,000 | 400,000 | 1,298,805 | 898,805 |
| Indirect federal grants | 10,246,690 | 10,498,690 | 9,579,076 | (919,614) |
| Direct federal grants | 2,366,002 | 2,366,002 | 2,331,346 | (34,656) |
| Contributions and donations | 11,000 | 11,000 | 29,081 | 18,081 |
| Interest income | 200,000 | 200,000 | 165,737 | (34,263) |
| Other | 10,500 | 10,500 | 55,768 | 45,268 |
| Total revenues | 57,294,581 | 57,294,581 | 58,071,344 | 776,763 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | |
| Public health | | | | |
| Nursing | 10 01 6 000 | 10 01 4 000 | | |
| Salaries and wages | 12,216,939 | 12,216,939 | 11,310,901 | 906,038 |
| Employee benefits Services and supplies | 4,511,866 5,363,547 | 4,511,866 5,363,547 | 4,258,492 3,944,863 | 253,374 1,418,684 |
| Total nursing | 22,092,352 | 22,092,352 | 19,514,256 | 2,578,096 |
| Total hursing | 22,092,332 | 22,092,332 | 19,514,250 | 2,378,090 |
| Environmental health | | | | |
| Salaries and wages | 12,139,901 | 12,139,901 | 9,811,511 | 2,328,390 |
| Employee benefits | 4,528,776 | 4,528,776 | 3,759,071 | 769,705 |
| Services and supplies | 838,102 | 838,102 | 701,078 | 137,024 |
| Total environmental health | 17,506,779 | 17,506,779 | 14,271,660 | 3,235,119 |
| Community health services | | | | |
| Salaries and wages | 4,599,553 | 4,599,553 | 4,987,412 | (387,859) |
| Employee benefits | 1,703,164 | 1,703,164 | 1,833,181 | (130,017) |
| Services and supplies | 2,810,554 | 2,810,554 | 2,806,533 | 4,021 |
| Total community health services | 9,113,271 | 9,113,271 | 9,627,126 | (513,855) |
| Administration | | | | |
| Salaries and wages | 7,888,705 | 7,888,705 | 8,597,431 | (708,726) |
| Employee benefits | 2,923,334 | 2,923,334 | 3,543,596 | (620,262) |
| Services and supplies | 6,398,637 | 6,398,637 | 6,563,252 | (164,615) |
| Total administration | 17,210,676 | 17,210,676 | 18,704,279 | (1,493,603) |
| Total public health | 65,923,078 | 65,923,078 | 62,117,321 | 3,805,757 |
| Total expenditures | 65,923,078 | 65,923,078 | 62,117,321 | 3,805,757 |
| DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES | (8,628,497) | (8,628,497) | (4,045,977) | 4,582,520 |
| OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from capital asset disposal | (2,463,012) | (2,463,012) | 1,458 (4,214,518) 45,505 | 1,458 (1,751,506) 45,505 |
| CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | (11,091,509) | (11,091,509) | (8,213,532) | 2,877,977 |
| FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR | 26,226,912 | 24,249,898 | 21,076,238 | (3,173,660) |
| I OND DALAINCE, DEOLIVININO OF TEAK | | | | |
| FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR | \$\$ | 13,158,389 \$ | 12,862,706 \$ | (295,683) |

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Note 1. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2014, no significant events occurred that would have affected; and therefore, would have changed the benefit provision, size or composition of those covered by the postemployment benefit plans, or the actuarial methods and assumptions used in the actuarial valuation reports dated July 1, 2012, July 1, 2010 and July 1, 2008.

The actuarial accrued liability and unfunded actuarial accrued liability involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. These estimates are subject to continual revision.

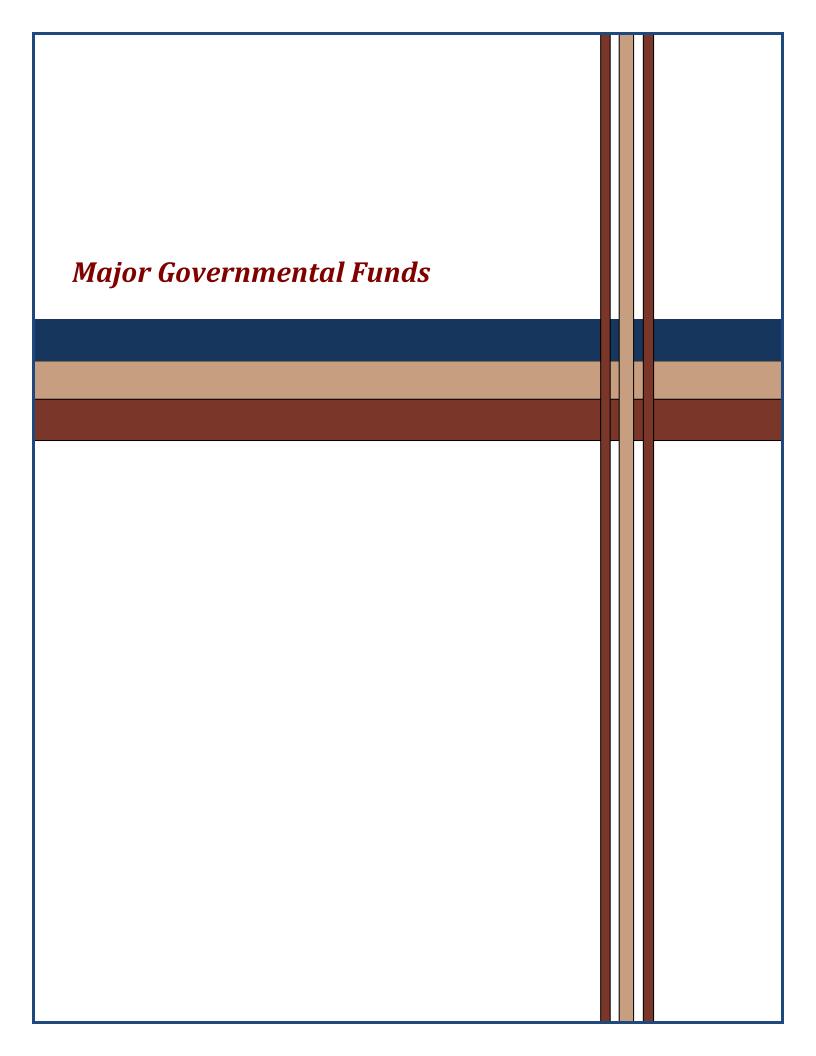
Additional information related to postemployment benefits other than pensions can be found in Note 10 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2. Budget Information

The accompanying required supplementary schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance presents the original adopted budget, the final amended budget, and actual general fund data. The original budget was adopted on a basis consistent with financial accounting policies and with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. All amendments made to the original budget were as prescribed by law and similarly consistent.

Additional budgetary information can be found in Note 2 to the basic financial statements.

Other Supplementary Information



Capital Projects Funds

MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to the improvement, acquisition or construction of capital assets.

Bond Reserve

Accounts for resources that have been committed or assigned to the future acquisition of a new administration building.

Capital Projects

Accounts for resources committed or assigned to the acquistion or construction of capital assets other than a new administration building.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance |
|---|---------------------|--------------|--------------|----------|
| REVENUES Interest income | \$ <u>62,000</u> \$ | 62,000 \$ | 52,239 \$ | (9,761) |
| EXPENDITURES Public health Environmental health | | | | |
| Capital outlay | | | 7,542 | (7,542) |
| Community health services Capital outlay | | | 19,678 | (19,678) |
| Administration Capital outlay | 629,000 | 629,000 | 240,340 | 388,660 |
| DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES | (567,000) | (567,000) | (215,321) | 351,679 |
| OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out | | | (1,458) | (1,458) |
| CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | (567,000) | (567,000) | (216,779) | 350,221 |
| FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR | 6,738,560 | 6,534,951 | 6,534,951 | |
| FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR | \$ 6,171,560 \$ | 5,967,951 \$ | 6,318,172 \$ | 350,221 |

Proprietary Funds

Major Enterprise Funds

MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Enterprise funds are used to account for activites for which a user fee is charged for goods or services.

Southern Nevada Public Health Laboratory Accounts for various testing and analytical services provided to the District, outside government entities and private providers.

Southern Nevada Public Health Laboratory Enterprise Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

| | Original Budg | et Final Budget | Actual | Variance |
|--|---------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | |
| Salaries and wages | \$ 1,400,70 | 8 \$ 1,400,708 | \$ 1,274,557 \$ | 126,151 |
| Employee benefits | 513,64 | 9 513,649 | 558,663 | (45,014) |
| Services and supplies | 955,00 | 955,005 | 493,812 | 461,193 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 183,00 | 0 183,000 | 164,912 | 18,088 |
| Repairs and maintenance | | | 203,437 | (203,437) |
| Indirect cost allocation | 534,72 | 5 534,725 | 519,458 | 15,267 |
| Total operating expenses | 3,587,08 | 3,587,087 | 3,214,839 | 372,248 |
| Operating loss | (3,587,08 | (3,587,087) | (3,214,839) | 372,248 |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES | | | | |
| Indirect federal grants | 1,375,54 | | 1,339,681 | (35,865) |
| Investment income | 68,00 | 68,000 | 27,109 | (40,891) |
| Gain (loss) on capital asset disposition | | | 4,150 | 4,150 |
| Total nonoperating revenues | 1,443,54 | 6 1,443,546 | 1,370,940 | (72,606) |
| Loss before transfers | (2,143,54 | (2,143,541) | (1,843,899) | 299,642 |
| TRANSFERS | | | | |
| Transfers in | | | 633,366 | 633,366 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | \$(2,143,54 | <u>1)</u> \$ (2,143,541) | (1,210,533) \$ | 933,008 |
| NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR | | | 4,217,361 | |
| NET POSITION, END OF YEAR | | | \$3,006,828 | |

Internal Service Funds

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

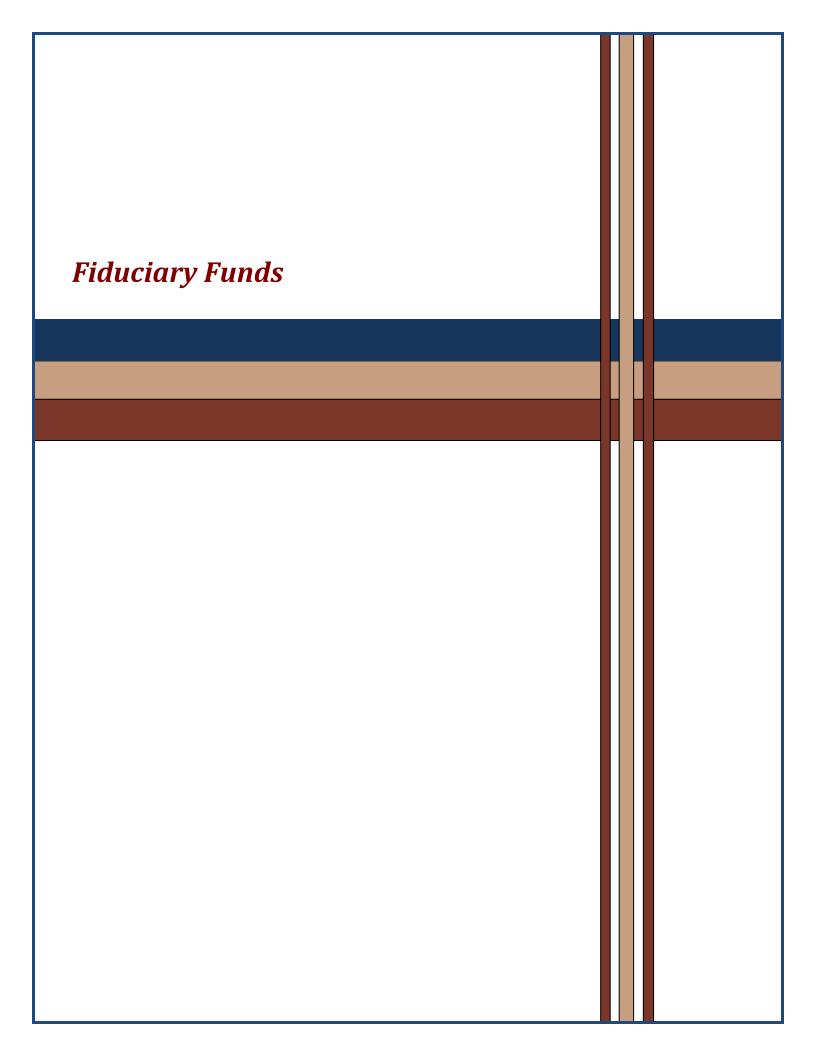
Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other governmental units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Insurance Liability Reserve

Accounts for costs associated with the District's self-funded workers compensation insurance.

Insurance Liability Reserve Internal Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

| | Origi | nal Budget | Final Budget | A | ctual | Variance |
|--|-------|----------------|--------------|----|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| OPERATING EXPENSES Services and supplies | \$ | 100,000 | \$100,000 | \$ | 101,977 \$ | <u>(1,977</u>) |
| Operating loss | | (100,000) | (100,000) | | (101,977) | (1,977) |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES Investment income Miscellaneous Total nonoperating revenues | _ | 8,400 8,400 | 8,400 | | 7,533 5,000 12,533 | (867) 5,000 4,133 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | \$ | (91,600) | \$ (91,600) | 1 | (89,444) \$ | 2,156 |
| NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR | | | | | 889,535 | |
| NET POSITION, END OF YEAR | | | | \$ | 800,091 | |



AGENCY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Agency funds are used to account for assets held as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments or other funds.

Retiree Health Insurance

Accounts for the excess cost per employee per month funding that is derived from the difference between the actual cost of insurance and the per employee per month contract amount as required by the terms of the Collective Bargaining Agreement with the Service Employee International Union. These funds are then to be used to help fund retired employee costs in maintaining the group health insurance benefit.

AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| | Balance July 1, 2013 | Additions | Deductions | Balance June 30, 2014 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|
| RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents | \$430,061 | \$3,510 | \$ | \$433,571 |
| Total assets | \$430,061 | \$3,510 | \$ | \$ 433,571 |
| LIABILITIES Due to others | \$430,061 | \$3,510 | \$ <u></u> | \$ 433,571 |
| Total liabilities | \$430,061 | \$3,510 | \$ | \$ 433,571 |

Capital Assets

SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS - BY SOURCE

JUNE 30, 2014

| GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS Land Buildings Improvements other than buildings Furniture, fixtures and equipment Vehicles | \$ 2,059,765 4,697,563 8,950,203 9,950,121 568,518 |
|--|---|
| Total governmental funds capital assets | \$ 26,226,170 |
| INVESTMENT IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS - BY SOURCE General fund | \$ 26,226,170 |

Schedule of Governmental Funds Capital Assets - By Function and Activity June 30, 2014

| | | Land | | Buildings | I | mprovements other than buildings | | Furniture, fixtures and equipment | V | Vehicles | | Total |
|---|----|-----------|----|-----------|-------|--|----|---|----|----------|----|------------|
| GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Public health | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nursing | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | 36,018 | \$ | 1,424,286 | \$ | | \$ | 1,460,304 |
| Environmental health | | | | | | 8,568 | | 1,311,521 | | | | 1,320,089 |
| Community health services | | | | | | 78,262 | | 908,914 | | | | 987,176 |
| Administration | _ | 2,059,765 | _ | 4,697,563 | _ | 8,827,355 | _ | 6,305,400 | | 568,518 | _ | 22,458,601 |
| Total governmental funds capital assets | \$ | 2,059,765 | \$ | 4,697,563 | \$ | 8,950,203 | \$ | 9,950,121 | \$ | 568,518 | \$ | 26,226,170 |

Schedule of Changes in Governmental Funds Capital Assets - By Function and Activity For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

| | | Balance July 1, 2013 | Increases | Decreases | Transfers | Balance June 30, 2014 |
|--|----|-------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS Public health | | | | | | |
| Nursing | \$ | 1,528,201 \$ | | \$ (67,897) \$ | 6 | \$ 1,460,304 |
| Environmental health | | 1,406,930 | 7,542 | (94,383) | | 1,320,089 |
| Community health services | | 927,232 | 54,169 | (5,539) | 11,314 | 987,176 |
| Administration | _ | 22,505,859 | 240,339 | (276,283) | (11,314) | 22,458,601 |
| Total governmental funds capital assets | \$ | 26,368,222 \$ | 302,050 | \$ (444,102) \$ | 6 | \$ 26,226,170 |

Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control and Compliance



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Health Southern Nevada Health District Las Vegas, Nevada

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Southern Nevada Health District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting. In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency* in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's basic financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2014 - 001 through 2014 - 003 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's basic financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of basic financial statement amounts, including whether the funds established by the District, as listed in Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) 354.624 (5)(a)(1 through 5), complied with the express purposes required by NRS 354.6241. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The District's Responses to Findings. The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated December 8, 2014.

Purpose of this Report. The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Piercy Bowler Taylor & Kern

Las Vegas, Nevada December 8, 2014

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Financial Trends

The following tables contain financial trend information to enable the reader to understand how financial performance has changed over time. Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position

Fund Balance, Governmental Funds

Changes in Fund Balance, Governmental Funds

Revenue Capacity

The following tables contain revenue capacity information to enable the reader to assess the most significant local revenue source. Assessed and Estimated Acutal Value of Taxable Property

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments

Principal Property Taxpayers

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Demographic and Economic Information

The following tables contain demographic and economic information to enable the reader to understand the environment within which financial activities take place.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers

Operating Information

The following tables contain operating information to enable the reader to understand how the information contained in the comprehensive annual financial report relates to services provided and activities performed.

Full-time Equivalent District Employees by Function and Program

Operating indicators by Function and Program

Capital Asset Statistics by Function and Program

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT¹ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

| | | June 30, 2005 | | June 30, 2006 | | June 30, 2007 | June 30, 2008 | June 30, 2009 | | June 30, 2010 | | June 30, 2011 | | June 30, 2012 | _ | June 30, 2013 | | June 30, 2014 |
|---|----|------------------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|----|------------------------------------|---|---|----|-------------------------------------|----|-------------------------------------|----|--------------------------|----|-------------------------|----|-------------------------|
| Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted | \$ | 14,454,028 31,696 10,450,995 | \$ | 13,277,235 5,651 13,028,963 | \$ | 12,740,560 16,667 16,108,148 | \$ 11,723,864 640,854 23,928,363 | \$ 10,905,724 100,000 27,070,175 | \$ | 9,769,370 100,994 34,460,513 | \$ | 9,816,149 101,653 30,200,767 | \$ | 9,194,972 15,892,860 | \$ | 8,390,904 20,578,594 | \$ | 7,543,782 14,041,178 |
| Total governmental activities | _ | 24,936,719 | _ | 26,311,849 | _ | 28,865,375 | 36,293,081 | 38,075,899 | | 44,330,877 | _ | 40,118,569 | _ | 25,087,832 | _ | 28,969,498 | | 21,584,960 |
| Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted | | 397,330 607,834 | | 1,269,054 253,194 | | 1,637,230 177,993 | 1,546,682 1,066,753 | 1,301,831 2,274,702 | | 1,135,113 3,008,217 | | 966,051 4,948,330 | | 862,310 3,793,190 | _ | 891,941 3,325,420 | | 780,011 2,226,817 |
| Total business-type activities | _ | 1,005,164 | _ | 1,522,248 | _ | 1,815,223 | 2,613,435 | 3,576,533 | _ | 4,143,330 | _ | 5,914,381 | _ | 4,655,500 | _ | 4,217,361 | _ | 3,006,828 |
| Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted | | 14,851,358 31,696 11,058,829 | _ | 14,546,289 5,651 13,282,157 | _ | 14,377,790 16,667 16,286,141 | 13,270,546 640,854 24,995,116 | 12,207,555 100,000 29,344,877 | | 10,904,483 100,994 37,468,730 | _ | 10,782,200 101,653 35,149,097 | _ | 10,057,282 19,686,050 | _ | 9,282,845 23,904,014 | _ | 8,323,793 16,267,995 |
| Total primary government | \$ | 25,941,883 | \$ | 27,834,097 | \$ | 30,680,598 | \$ 38,906,516 | \$ 41,652,432 | \$ | 48,474,207 | \$ | 46,032,950 | \$ | 29,743,332 | \$ | 33,186,859 | \$ | 24,591,788 |

1. Source: Southern Nevada Health District Finance Department (prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION¹ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

| | June 30, 2005 | | June 30, 2006 | | June 30, 2007 | | June 30, 2008 | | June 30, 2009 | | June 30, 2010 | | June 30, 2011 | | June 30, 2012 | | June 30, 2013 | June 30, 2014 |
|---|------------------------|----|----------------------|----|----------------------|----|----------------------|----|------------------|----|------------------|----|------------------|----|------------------|----|------------------|-------------------|
| Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities Public health | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nursing | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Communicable diseases General nursing | \$ 10,881,613 | \$ | 8,003,504 | \$ | 6,758,899 | \$ | 7,938,929 | \$ | 7,933,975 | \$ | 7,619,766 | \$ | 7,907,690 | \$ | 7,651,569 | \$ | 8,052,327 | \$ 7,923,595 |
| administration | 1,882,503 | | 2,097,551 | | 2,288,338 | | 2,440,021 | | 2,786,755 | | 2,590,645 | | 2,622,911 | | 2,841,367 | | 2,593,440 | 1,433,550 |
| Immunizations | 8,757,974 | | 8,707,255 | | 11,522,381 | | 11,022,254 | | 11,357,315 | | 11,454,155 | | 10,259,728 | | 5,234,679 | | 5,332,565 | 5,728,235 |
| Women's health | 1,765,674 | | 1,541,830 | | 1,774,878 | | 1,909,649 | | 1,972,851 | | 1,609,964 | | 2,255,969 | | 2,791,319 | | 2,860,195 | 2,443,165 |
| Children's health | 3,034,452 1,131,084 | | 2,752,746 717.646 | | 2,511,536 488,175 | | 2,016,251 200,888 | | 2,196,650 | | 2,297,208 | | 2,431,534 | | 2,447,825 | | 2,646,539 | 2,747,687 |
| Other nursing programs Indirect cost allocation | 1,131,084 | | /1/,040 | | 488,175 | | 200,888 | | | | | | | | 4,940,210 | | 5,695,586 | 6,887,417 |
| Environmental health | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4,940,210 | | 5,095,580 | 0,007,417 |
| Environmental health and | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| sanitation | 7,475,321 | | 9,275,812 | | 9,941,857 | | 11,501,992 | | 12,844,003 | | 12,251,212 | | 12,767,225 | | 12,937,138 | | 13,194,888 | 12,240,237 |
| Waste management | 1,670,545 | | 1,833,213 | | 1,590,285 | | 1,830,397 | | 2,186,958 | | 2,228,821 | | 2,479,313 | | 2,553,745 | | 2,364,731 | 2,230,526 |
| Other environmental health | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| programs | 341,361 | | 405,592 | | 408,450 | | 480,521 | | 451,712 | | 463,513 | | 599,153 | | 685,653 | | 610,696 | 445,646 |
| Indirect cost allocation Community health services | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3,615,358 | | 3,867,316 | 5,380,623 |
| Administration | | | | | 233,435 | | 153,913 | | 257,760 | | 277,793 | | 677,353 | | 1,266,661 | | 1,641,676 | 645,539 |
| Health education | | | 1,902,621 | | 1,997,851 | | 2,148,168 | | 2,207,059 | | 2,523,480 | | 9.779.637 | | 8,587,683 | | 3,012,037 | 2.501.025 |
| Epidemiology | | | 1,000,324 | | 1,440,716 | | 1,220,115 | | 1,164,790 | | 1,120,337 | | 1,322,758 | | 1,156,060 | | 948,386 | 1.119.115 |
| Public health preparedness | | | 4,018,104 | | 3,541,232 | | 4,154,798 | | 4,400,431 | | 8,859,153 | | 4,782,010 | | 3,204,142 | | 3,262,330 | 3,215,357 |
| Emergency medical services | | | 613,169 | | 667,957 | | 689,888 | | 842,260 | | 711,375 | | 703,006 | | 661,575 | | 688,945 | 486,097 |
| Vital records | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1,560,084 |
| Informatics | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 701,453 |
| Indirect cost allocation | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3,365,266 | | 3,475,882 | 4,258,815 |
| Administration General administration | 9,482,739 | | 10.639.343 | | 12,478,025 | | 13,832,831 | | 17.816.365 | | 14.873.041 | | 13.879.437 | | | | | |
| Food handler education | 4,046,874 | | 4,036,778 | | 4,282,389 | | 5,153,429 | | 5,375,492 | | 4,721,436 | | 6,549,863 | | 5,222,816 | | 3,747,122 | 1,103,296 |
| Disaster recovery | 4,040,074 | | 4,050,770 | | 4,202,505 | | 59,346 | | 14,098 | | 168,549 | | 315,106 | | 425,763 | | 3,028,524 | 357.972 |
| Vital records | 1,250,675 | | 1,411,725 | | 1,511,914 | | 1,734,859 | | 1,521,507 | | 1,438,658 | | 1,537,187 | | 1,536,027 | | 1,492,597 | 989,609 |
| Health education | 2,300,824 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Epidemiology | 658,403 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Emergency medical services | 1,307,524 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Public health response to | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| bioterrorism | 2,881,029 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1,720,846 | | 1,679,282 | 1,374,168 |
| Indirect cost allocation | 58,868,595 | | 58,957,213 | _ | 63,438,318 | - | 68,488,249 | | 75,329,981 | | 75,209,106 | | 80,869,880 | _ | 72,845,702 | _ | 70,195,064 | 65,773,211 |
| Total governmental activities | 58,808,595 | - | 58,957,215 | _ | 03,438,318 | - | 68,488,249 | - | 75,329,981 | | 75,209,106 | - | 80,869,880 | _ | 72,845,702 | _ | 70,195,064 | 65,775,211 |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Southern Nevada Public Health | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Laboratory | 1,150,860 | - | 1,387,608 | _ | 1,547,881 | _ | 1,674,398 | _ | 2,252,506 | _ | 2,369,892 | _ | 2,368,140 | | 3,021,468 | _ | 3,485,617 | 3,214,839 |
| - | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total primary government expenses | \$ 60,019,455 | \$ | 60,344,821 | \$ | 64,986,199 | \$ | 70,162,647 | \$ | 77,582,487 | \$ | 77,578,998 | \$ | 83,238,020 | \$ | 75,867,170 | \$ | 73,680,681 | \$ 68,988,050 |

CHANGES IN NET POSITION¹ (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

| | June 30, 2005 | June 30, 2006 | June 30, 2007 | June 30, 2008 | June 30, 2009 | June 30, 2010 | June 30, 2011 | June 30, 2012 | June 30, 2013 | June 30, 2014 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| Program revenues Governmental activities Charges for services Public health Nursing | | | | | | | | | | |
| Communicable diseases | \$ 187,507 | \$ 260,426 | \$ 855,954 | \$ 344,531 | \$ 393,439 | \$ 482,704 | \$ 450,102 | \$ 1,851,045 | \$ 365,208 | \$ 359,583 |
| General nursing administration | 07.010 | 00 (02 | 07.004 | 00.975 | 26.070 | 22.805 | 1.075 | 1 501 | 1 5 1 4 | 1 704 |
| administration Immunizations | 87,812 2,719,250 | 98,682 3,581,220 | 97,604 3,215,235 | 99,875 3,419,535 | 26,079 3,450,964 | 22,895 3,325,161 | 1,975 2,542,668 | 1,581 2,648,802 | 1,514 2,330,862 | 1,794 2,576,480 |
| Women's health | 2,719,250 | 269,012 | 334,550 | 343,831 | 389,103 | 374,566 | 337,062 | 2,048,802 238,410 | 2,530,802 232,097 | 2,576,480 |
| Children's health | 138,488 | 112,003 | 146,272 | 432,722 | 707,089 | 809,788 | 317,577 | 378,615 | 363,388 | 415,762 |
| Other nursing | 150,400 | 112,005 | 140,272 | 452,722 | 101,005 | 009,700 | 517,577 | 576,015 | 505,500 | 415,762 |
| programs | 679,940 | 425,572 | 478,711 | 253,555 | 188,642 | | | | | |
| Environmental health | | | | | | | | | | |
| Environmental health | | | | | | | | | | |
| and sanitation | 9,782,020 | 7,878,203 | 10,093,788 | 13,689,283 | 14,606,507 | 14,960,474 | 14,642,351 | 15,206,888 | 16,487,562 | 16,003,349 |
| Waste management | 1,081,251 | 1,340,543 | 1,293,396 | 1,236,729 | 1,055,990 | 1,189,143 | 1,761,819 | 1,372,380 | 1,307,729 | 1,296,860 |
| Other environmental | 227 202 | 210.271 | 252.010 | 227.054 | 220 110 | 421 401 | 417 (12) | 122.000 | 120 (12 | 110.070 |
| health programs Community health services | 227,383 | 219,271 | 253,010 | 327,056 | 338,118 | 431,481 | 417,613 | 433,000 | 430,662 | 440,379 |
| Health education | | 286 | 115,637 | 103,682 | 102,540 | 604,382 | | 22,320 | | |
| Epidemiology | | 200 | 115,057 | 105,002 | 102,540 | 004,562 | 450 | 7,870 | | |
| Public health | | | | | | | 150 | 1,010 | | |
| preparedness | | | 365,821 | 13,905 | | 4,494 | | 4,313 | 910 | 100 |
| Emergency medical | | | | | | | | | | |
| services | | 63,266 | 109,808 | 76,431 | 87,889 | 83,996 | 93,127 | 74,979 | 85,895 | 88,551 |
| Vital records | | | | | | | | | | 2,489,339 |
| Administration | 60 614 | 20.055 | | 17.024 | | | | | | |
| General administration Food handler | 68,614 | 20,855 | | 17,826 | | | | | | |
| education | 4,500,220 | 4,663,868 | 5,553,365 | 7,002,294 | 5,845,969 | 6,359,945 | 6,063,387 | 5,834,530 | 3,321,440 | 2,681,610 |
| Vital records | 1,723,585 | 1,967,574 | 2,295,817 | 2,711,505 | 2,572,061 | 2,479,891 | 2,554,939 | 2,488,364 | 2,440,044 | 2,001,010 |
| Health education | 50,115 | -,, | _,_,_,,,,, | _,, | _, | _,, | _, | _,, | _,, | |
| Emergency medical | | | | | | | | | | |
| services | 82,075 | | | | | | | | | |
| Public health response | | | | | | | | | | |
| for bioterrorism | 11,023 | 10 170 520 | 15 052 522 | 10.077 705 | 10.015.000 | 05 401 110 | 27 721 201 | 10 (00 074 | 15 504 141 | 14.051.414 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 19,103,517 3,443,914 | 19,170,520 | 17,852,732 | 19,867,705 | 19,015,920 | 25,481,110 | 27,731,291 | 19,600,974 | 15,524,141 | 14,051,416 |
| Capital grants and contributions | | 134,964 | 42.0(1.700 | 40.040.465 | 40 700 210 | 56 (10.020 | 56 014 261 | 50 164 071 | 42 901 452 | 40 (74 507 |
| Total governmental activities | 44,057,702 | 40,206,265 | 43,061,700 | 49,940,465 | 48,780,310 | 56,610,030 | 56,914,361 | 50,164,071 | 42,891,452 | 40,674,587 |
| Business-type activities Southern Nevada Public Health Laboratory Charges for services | 8,000 | 13,725 | | | | | | | | |
| Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions | 1,169,547 | 816,891 22,125 | 1,075,360 227,875 | 1,434,266 | 1,654,486 | 1,368,633 | 1,415,460 | 1,160,177 | 1,757,402 | 1,339,681 |
| Total business-type activities | 1,177,547 | 852,741 | 1,303,235 | 1,434,266 | 1,654,486 | 1,368,633 | 1,415,460 | 1,160,177 | 1,757,402 | 1,339,681 |
| ousmoss type usurnuss | | | | · · · · · | | | | | · · · · · | |

CHANGES IN NET POSITION¹ (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

| | | June 30, 2005 | | June 30, 2006 | | June 30, 2007 | | June 30, 2008 | | June 30, 2009 | | June 30, 2010 | | June 30, 2011 | | June 30, 2012 | | June 30, 2013 | _ | June 30, 2014 |
|--|----------|---|----------|---|----------|---|----------|--|----------|--|----------|--|----------|--|----------|--|----------|---|----------|---|
| Total primary government program revenues | \$ | 45,235,249 | \$ | 41,059,006 | \$ | 44,364,935 | \$ | 51,374,731 | \$ | 50,434,796 | \$ | 57,978,663 | \$ | 58,329,821 | \$ | 51,324,248 | \$ | 44,648,854 | \$ | 42,014,268 |
| Net (expenses) program revenues Governmental activities Business-type activities Primary government | \$ \$ | (14,810,893) 26,687 (14,784,206) | \$ \$ | (18,750,948) (534,867) (19,285,815) | \$ \$ | (20,376,618) (244,646) (20,621,264) | \$ \$ | (18,547,784) (240,132) (18,787,916) | \$ \$ | (26,549,671) (598,020) (27,147,691) | \$ \$ | (18,599,076) (1,001,259) (19,600,335) | \$ \$ | (23,955,519) (952,680) (24,908,199) | \$ \$ | (22,681,631) (1,861,291) (24,542,922) | \$ \$ | (27,303,612) (1,728,215) (29,031,827) | \$ \$ | (25,098,624) (1,875,158) (26,973,782) |
| General revenues and other changes in net position Governmental activities Property tax allocation State funding Unrestricted investment income Gain on disposal of capital assets Miscellaneous | \$ | 18,670,000 477,078 357,976 26,517 (973,050) | \$ | 20,330,000 658,511 169,198 (1,031,631) | \$ | 22,450,600 1,006,472 (526,928) | \$ | 25,473,000 1,552,946 17,043 (1,064,673) | \$ | 28,182,950 1,633,740 18,615 (1,502,813) | \$ | 24,942,525 958,966 12,423 (1,516,204) | \$ | 21,406,846 961,355 25,871 (2,650,861) | \$ | 5,692,534 755,742 (3,219) (511,771) | \$ | 32,167,828 267,114 2,000 (1,251,664) | \$ | 17,988,360 336,701 17,391 5,000 (633,366) |
| Transfers Total governmental activities | _ | 18,558,521 | _ | 20,126,078 | _ | 22,930,144 | _ | 25,978,316 | _ | 28,332,492 | _ | 24,397,710 | _ | 19,743,211 | _ | 5,933,286 | _ | 31,185,278 | _ | 17,714,086 |
| Business-type activities Unrestricted investment income Gain on disposal of capital assets Transfers Total business-type activities | _ | 5,427 973,050 978,477 | _ | 20,320 1,031,631 1,051,951 | _ | 10,693 526,928 537,621 | _ | 27,205 1,064,673 1,091,878 | _ | 58,307 1,502,813 1,561,120 | = | 49,662 1,516,204 1,565,866 | _ | 72,870 2,650,861 2,723,731 | _ | 93,317 (2,678) 511,771 602,410 | _ | 38,412 1,251,664 1,290,076 | Ξ | 27,109 4,150 633,366 664,625 |
| Total primary government general revenues and other changes in net position | \$ | 19,536,998 | \$ | 21,178,029 | \$ | 23,467,765 | \$ | 27,070,194 | \$ | 29,893,612 | \$ | 25,963,576 | \$ | 22,466,942 | \$ | 6,535,696 | \$ | 32,475,354 | \$ | 18,378,711 |
| Change in net position Governmental activities Business-type activities Primary government | \$ \$ | 3,747,628 1,005,164 4,752,792 | \$ \$ | 1,375,130 517,084 1,892,214 | \$ \$ | 2,553,526 292,975 2,846,501 | \$ \$ | 7,430,532 851,746 8,282,278 | \$ \$ | 1,782,821 963,100 2,745,921 | \$ \$ | 5,798,634 564,607 6,363,241 | \$ \$ | (4,212,308) 1,771,051 (2,441,257) | \$ \$ | (16,748,345) (1,258,881) (18,007,226) | \$ \$ | 3,881,666 (438,139) 3,443,527 | \$ \$ | (7,384,538) (1,210,533) (8,595,071) |

1. Source: Southern Nevada Health District Finance Department (prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting)

FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS¹ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

| | June 30, 2005 | June 30, 2006 | | June 30, 2007 | | June 30, 2008 | June 30, 2009 | | June 30, 2010 | June 30, 2011 | 2 | June 30, 2012 | June 30, 2013 | June 30, 2014 |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|----|-------------------------|----|-------------------------|-------------------------------|----|------------------------|--|----|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| General fund Reserved Unreserved Nonspendable Assigned Unassigned | \$ 1,642,535 13,541,705 | \$ 2,295,848 15,797,637 | \$ | 2,067,574 19,528,050 | \$ | 1,636,429 26,595,141 | \$ 1,700,863 25,177,271 | \$ | 723,788 31,685,852 | \$ 598,058 407,366 27,327,045 | \$ | 1,007,507 | \$ 918,678 20,157,560 | \$ 683,863 12,178,843 |
| Total general fund | \$ 15,184,240 | \$ 18,093,485 | \$ | 21,595,624 | \$ | 28,231,570 | \$ 26,878,134 | \$ | 32,409,640 | \$ 28,332,469 | \$ | 13,382,077 | \$ 21,076,238 | \$ 12,862,706 |
| Other governmental funds Reserved Unreserved | \$ 207,213 | \$ 252,803 | \$ | 147,190 | \$ | 507,542 | \$ 603,261 | \$ | 401,413 | \$ | \$ | | \$ | \$ |
| Debt service funds Capital projects funds Committed Assigned | 350,936 | 243,172 | _ | (209,441) | _ | 1,002,341 917,291 | 6,957,921 954,261 | _ | 8,908,045 3,288,521 | 10,627,219 4,641,199 | _ | 11,220,701 7,526,560 | 11,313,465 6,534,951 | 15,005,809 6,318,172 |
| Total other governmental funds | \$ 558,149 | \$ 495,975 | \$ | (62,251) | \$ | 2,427,174 | \$ 8,515,443 | \$ | 12,597,979 | \$ 15,268,418 | \$ | 18,747,261 | \$ 17,848,416 | \$ 21,323,981 |

Source: Southern Nevada Health District Finance Department (prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting)
 With GASB 54 becoming effective in fiscal year 2011, there are new fund balance classifications which are being applied prospectively

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS¹ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

| | June 30, 2005 | June 30, 2006 | June 30, 2007 | | June 30, 2008 | | June 30, 2009 | | June 30, 2010 | | June 30, 2011 | | June 30, 2012 | | June 30, 2013 | | June 30, 2014 |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------|----|---------------------|----|---------------------|----|-------------------|----|--------------------------|----|-------------------|----|-------------------|----|-------------------|
| REVENUES Title XIX Medicaid | \$ 390,344 | \$ 341,039 | \$ 376,259 | \$ | 747,708 | \$ | 522,519 | \$ | 595,060 | \$ | 547,452 | \$ | 608,192 | \$ | 484,388 | \$ | 581,607 |
| Vital records, immunizations and other medical services | 4,997,395 | 6,293,396 | 6,341,619 | | 6,593,273 | | 6,349,205 | | 5,963,518 | | 5,581,494 | | 5,200,688 | | 4,866,325 | | 5,345,986 |
| Regulatory services | 15,404,706 | 13,915,381 | 16,793,854 | | 22,538,791 | | 22,028,715 | | 23,142,972 | | 22,978,296 | | 22,897,904 | | 21,614,151 | | 20,505,557 |
| Program contract services | 717,826 | 350,965 | 1,618,959 | | 2,652,518 | | 2,644,428 | | 2,835,603 | | 2,308,693 | | 1,879,517 | | 383,310 | | 190,021 |
| Property tax allocation | 18,670,000 | 20,330,000 | 22,450,600 | | 25,473,000 | | 28,182,950 | | 24,942,525 | | 21,406,846 | | 5,692,534 | | 32,167,828 | | 17,988,360 |
| State funding | 2,176,201 | 3,251,839 | 1,879,920 | | 1,149,301 | | 1,067,270 | | 987,147 | | 979,488 | | 437,330 | | 643,646 | | 1,298,805 |
| Indirect federal grants | 8,764,344 | 7,963,294 | 7,879,797 | | 8,630,562 | | 9,134,335 | | 13,947,975 | | 9,463,763 | | 8,092,743 | | 9,874,038 | | 9,579,076 |
| Direct federal grants | 6,486,650 | 2,826,414 | 1,590,603 | | 1,651,603 | | 1,637,192 | | 2,351,437 | | 10,105,237 | | 10,995,381 | | 4,649,249 | | 2,331,346 |
| Contributions and donations Interest income | 388,897 357,976 | 778,421 648,360 | 4,131 991,110 | | 11,803 1,535,460 | | 27,148 1,615,024 | | 12,556 948,105 | | 13,777 949,201 | | 39,717 742,274 | | 18,273 258,661 | | 29,081 329,168 |
| Other | 26,517 | 171,198 | 11,751 | | 46,530 | | 1,015,024 | | 17,870 | | 21,097 | | 14,594 | | 360,072 | | 55,768 |
| Other | 20,517 | 171,170 | 11,751 | _ | 40,550 | - | 10,157 | - | 17,870 | - | 21,077 | - | 14,574 | - | 500,072 | _ | 55,708 |
| Total revenues | 58,380,856 | 56,870,307 | 59,938,603 | | 71,030,549 | _ | 73,226,943 | _ | 75,744,768 | | 74,355,344 | _ | 56,600,874 | _ | 75,319,941 | | 58,234,775 |
| EXPENDITURES Current | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Public health | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nursing | 21,942,229 | 18,955,239 | 18,917,693 | | 19,221,694 | | 20,834,398 | | 20,003,301 | | 19,527,890 | | 19,926,399 | | 20,607,106 | | 19,514,256 |
| Environmental health | 9,376,173 | 11,282,987 | 11,989,911 | | 13,572,009 | | 15,242,682 | | 14,875,882 | | 14,901,773 | | 15,206,451 | | 15,310,788 | | 14,271,660 |
| Community health services | 10.971.140 | 7,233,815 14,037,022 | 7,706,454 | | 8,091,703 | | 8,606,149 | | 12,339,907 | | 16,786,519 20,231,785 | | 14,393,695 | | 9,214,932 | | 9,627,126 |
| Administration | 19,861,149 | | 16,272,804 | | 18,808,328 | _ | 21,199,574 | _ | 17,174,676 | _ | , , | _ | 18,697,521 | _ | 21,008,563 | | 18,704,279 |
| Total current | 51,179,551 | 51,509,063 | 54,886,862 | _ | 59,693,734 | | 65,882,803 | - | 64,393,766 | | 71,447,967 | | 68,224,066 | | 66,141,389 | _ | 62,117,321 |
| Capital outlay | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Public health | 2,014,306 | 1,761,244 | 1,580,900 | | 946,771 | | 906,512 | | 627,100 | | 1,363,248 | | 754,194 | | 1,131,572 | | 267,560 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total expenditures | 53,193,857 | 53,270,307 | 56,467,762 | | 60,640,505 | _ | 66,789,315 | _ | 65,020,866 | | 72,811,215 | _ | 68,978,260 | _ | 67,272,961 | | 62,384,881 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | 5,186,999 | 3.600.000 | 3,470,841 | | 10.390.044 | | 6,437,628 | | 10,723,902 | | 1,544,129 | | (12,377,386) | | 8.046.980 | | (4,150,106) |
| (UNDER) EAFENDITURES | 5,100,777 | 5,000,000 | 5,170,011 | | 10,000,011 | - | 0,107,020 | _ | 10,725,702 | - | 1,011,125 | - | (12,511,500) | - | 0,010,700 | | (1,100,100) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 3,608,993 | 2,843,967 | 2,331,920 | | 3,398,434 | | 6,822,857 | | 4,435,702 | | 3,768,357 | | 3,941,289 | | 81,572 | | 3,582,610 |
| Transfers out | (4,582,043) | (3,596,896) | (2,858,848) | | (4,663,107) | | (8,525,670) | | (6,001,906) | | (6,719,218) | | (4,753,060) | | (1,333,236) | | (4,215,976) |
| Proceeds from capital asset disposal | | | | | | _ | | | | _ | | _ | | _ | | | 45,505 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (973,050) | (752,929) | (526,928) | _ | (1,264,673) | _ | (1,702,813) | _ | (1,566,204) | | (2,950,861) | _ | (811,771) | _ | (1,251,664) | _ | (587,861) |
| CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | \$ 4,213,949 | \$ 2,847,071 | \$ 2,943,913 | \$ | 9,125,371 | \$ | 4,734,815 | \$ | 9,157,698 | \$ | (1,406,732) | \$ | (13,189,157) | \$ | 6,795,316 | \$ | (4,737,967) |

1. Source: Southern Nevada Health District Finance Department (prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting)

Assessed and Estimated Acutal Value of Taxable Property¹ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

| | Real F | roperty | Persona | l Property | | Total | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--|
| For the Year Ended June 30, | Assessed Value | Estimated Actual Value | Assessed Value | Estimated Actual Value | Assessed Value | Direct Tax Rate | Estimated Actual Value | Ratio of Total Assessed to Total Estimated Actual Value 2 |
| 2005 | \$ 45,391,834,363 | \$ 129,690,955,323 | \$ 5,029,248,112 | \$ 14,369,280,230 | \$ 50,421,082,475 | 0.6502 | \$ 144,060,235,553 | 35.00 % |
| 2006 | 61,060,915,772 | 174,459,759,349 | 5,787,270,132 | 16,535,057,520 | 66,848,185,904 | 0.6425 | 190,994,816,869 | 35.00 % |
| 2007 | 87,405,015,147 | 249,728,614,706 | 5,954,162,886 | 17,011,893,960 | 93,359,178,033 | 0.6416 | 266,740,508,666 | 35.00 % |
| 2008 | 102,349,025,402 | 292,425,786,863 | 6,300,900,438 | 18,002,572,680 | 108,649,925,840 | 0.6391 | 310,428,359,543 | 35.00 % |
| 2009 | 106,988,178,756 | 305,680,510,731 | 5,817,306,838 | 16,620,876,680 | 112,805,485,594 | 0.6391 | 322,301,387,411 | 35.00 % |
| 2010 | 86,961,001,865 | 248,460,005,329 | 4,772,231,316 | 13,634,946,617 | 91,733,233,181 | 0.6391 | 262,094,951,946 | 35.00 % |
| 2011 | 60,420,431,199 | 172,629,803,426 | 3,706,515,345 | 10,590,043,843 | 64,126,946,544 | 0.6391 | 183,219,847,269 | 35.00 % |
| 2012 | 53,342,794,997 | 152,407,985,706 | 3,369,755,692 | 9,627,873,406 | 56,712,550,689 | 0.6391 | 162,035,859,112 | 35.00 % |
| 2013 | 48,963,146,030 | 139,894,702,943 | 4,303,923,931 | 12,296,925,517 | 53,267,069,961 | 0.6391 | 152,191,628,460 | 35.00 % |
| 2014 | 49,809,243,448 | 142,312,124,137 | 4,906,452,131 | 14,018,434,677 | 54,715,695,579 | 0.6391 | 156,330,558,814 | 35.00 % |

1. 2.

Source: Clark County Assessor's Office Note: Property in Clark County is assessed each year at 35% of its estimated actual value

PROPERTY TAX RATES¹ - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS² (PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

| | June 30, |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
| County Direct Rate | 0.6502 | 0.6425 | 0.6416 | 0.6391 | 0.6391 | 0.6391 | 0.6391 | 0.6391 | 0.6391 | 0.6391 |
| Clark County School District Rate | 1.3034 | 1.3034 | 1.3034 | 1.3034 | 1.3034 | 1.3034 | 1.3034 | 1.3034 | 1.3034 | 1.3034 |
| State of Nevada Rate | 0.1850 | 0.1850 | 0.1850 | 0.1850 | 0.1850 | 0.1850 | 0.1850 | 0.1850 | 0.1850 | 0.1850 |
| City Rates | | | | | | | | | | |
| Boulder City | 0.2038 | 0.1844 | 0.2038 | 0.2038 | 0.2188 | 0.2600 | 0.2600 | 0.2600 | 0.2600 | 0.2600 |
| Henderson | 0.7108 | 0.7108 | 0.7108 | 0.7108 | 0.7108 | 0.7108 | 0.7108 | 0.7108 | 0.7108 | 0.7108 |
| Las Vegas | 0.7792 | 0.7774 | 0.7777 | 0.7715 | 0.7715 | 0.7715 | 0.7715 | 0.7715 | 0.7715 | 0.7715 |
| Mesquite | 0.5520 | 0.5520 | 0.5520 | 0.5520 | 0.5520 | 0.5520 | 0.5520 | 0.5520 | 0.5520 | 0.5520 |
| North Las Vegas | 1.1987 | 1.1887 | 1.1687 | 1.1637 | 1.1637 | 1.1637 | 1.1637 | 1.1637 | 1.1637 | 1.1637 |
| Unincorporated Town Rates | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bunkerville | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 |
| Enterprise | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 |
| Indian Springs | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.2000 |
| Laughlin | 0.8416 | 0.8416 | 0.8416 | 0.8416 | 0.8416 | 0.8416 | 0.8416 | 0.8416 | 0.8416 | 0.8416 |
| Moapa | 0.2344 | 0.2344 | 0.2344 | 0.2344 | 0.2344 | 0.2344 | 0.1094 | 0.1094 | 0.1094 | 0.1094 |
| Moapa Valley | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 |
| Mt. Charleston | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 |
| Paradise | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 |
| Searchlight | 0.1172 | 0.1223 | 0.1222 | 0.1212 | 0.1212 | 0.0600 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 | 0.0200 |
| Spring Valley | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 |
| Summerlin | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 |
| Sunrise Manor | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 |
| Whitney (East Las Vegas) | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 |
| Winchester | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 | 0.2064 |
| Other Special District Rates | | | | | | | | | | |
| Boulder City Library | 0.1640 | 0.1625 | 0.1555 | 0.1485 | 0.1485 | 0.1485 | 0.1595 | 0.1755 | 0.2030 | 0.2030 |
| Clark County Fire Services District | 0.2197 | 0.2197 | 0.2197 | 0.2197 | 0.2197 | 0.2197 | 0.2197 | 0.2197 | 0.2197 | 0.2197 |
| Coyote Springs Groundwater Basin | 0.0575 | 0.0522 | 0.0496 | 0.0520 | 0.0039 | 0.0018 | 0.0023 | | | |
| Las Vegas Metropolitan Police 911 | 0.0050 | 0.0050 | 0.0050 | 0.0050 | 0.0050 | 0.0050 | 0.0050 | 0.0050 | 0.0050 | 0.0050 |
| Henderson City Library | 0.0533 | 0.0533 | 0.0533 | 0.0582 | 0.0590 | 0.0581 | 0.0577 | 0.0575 | 0.0586 | 0.0585 |
| Kyle Canyon Water District | 0.0414 | 0.0351 | 0.0351 | 0.0346 | 0.0346 | 0.0346 | 0.0346 | | | |
| Las Vegas Artesian Basin | 0.0016 | 0.0013 | 0.0009 | 0.0008 | 0.0008 | 0.0011 | 0.0015 | | | |
| Las Vegas / Clark County Library District Las Vegas Metropolitan Police - Manpower - | 0.0958 | 0.0866 | 0.0866 | 0.0866 | 0.0866 | 0.0909 | 0.1011 | 0.0942 | 0.0942 | 0.0942 |
| City | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 |
| Las Vegas Metropolitan Police - Manpower - | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 |
| | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 |
| County | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 | 0.2800 |
| Lower Moapa Groundwater Basin Mt. Charleston Fire Service District | 0.8813 | 0.8813 | 0.8813 | 0.8813 | 0.8813 | 0.8813 | 0.8813 | 0.8813 | 0.8813 | 0.8813 |
| | 0.0899 | 0.0785 | 0.8815 | 0.8815 | 0.8815 | 0.8815 | 0.8815 | 0.8815 | 0.8815 | 0.8815 |
| Muddy River Springs Area Groundwater Basin North Las Vegas Library District | 0.0899 | 0.0785 | 0.0632 | 0.0632 | 0.0632 | 0.0632 | 0.0632 | 0.0632 | 0.0632 | 0.0632 |
| TOTAL Las vegas Library District | 0.0052 | 0.0052 | 0.0052 | 0.0032 | 0.0052 | 0.0052 | 0.0052 | 0.0052 | 0.0052 | 0.0052 |

The State of Nevada constitution has a maximum rate limit of \$5 per \$100 of assessed value. Nevada Revised Statutes further lower the limit to a total combined tax rate of \$3.64 per \$100 of assessed value.
 Source: State of Nevada, Department of Taxation's "Local Government Finance Redbook"

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS¹ CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

| | 2014 | | | 2005 | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|------|---|-----------------------------|------|---|--|
| Taxpayer | Taxable Assessed Value 2 | Rank | Approximate Percentage of Taxable Assess Valuation 3 | Taxable Assessed Value 2 | Rank | Approximate Percentage of Taxable Assess Valuation 3 | |
| MGM Mirage | \$ 2,749,674,055 | 1 | 5.03 % | \$ 1,546,571,168 | 1 | 3.07 % | |
| NV Energy | 1,740,335,784 | 2 | 3.18 % | 651,275,217 | 4 | 1.29 % | |
| Caesar's Entertainment Incorporated | 1,607,183,794 | 3 | 2.94 % | 833,051,573 | 3 | 1.65 % | |
| Las Vegas Sands Corporation | 971,098,550 | 4 | 1.77 % | | | % | |
| Wynn Resort Limited | 760,124,769 | 5 | 1.39 % | 249,466,395 | 10 | 0.49 % | |
| Station Casinos Incorporated | 516,085,960 | 6 | 0.94 % | 332,714,731 | 8 | 0.66 % | |
| Boyd Gaming Corporation | 289,370,372 | 7 | 0.53 % | 388,342,167 | 7 | 0.77 % | |
| Nevada Property 1 Limited Liability Company | 262,486,733 | 8 | 0.48 % | | | % | |
| Eldorado Energy Limited Liability Company | 198,858,459 | 9 | 0.36 % | | | % | |
| Howard Hughes Corporation | 183,142,575 | 10 | 0.33 % | | | % | |
| Mandalay Resort Group | | | | 963,668,079 | 2 | 1.91 % | |
| F.S. Rouse Limited Liability Company | | | | 647,796,350 | 5 | 1.28 % | |
| Venetian Casino Resorts Limited Liability Company | | | | 430,661,282 | 6 | 0.85 % | |
| Harrah's Club | | | | 294,728,758 | 9 | 0.58 % | |
| | \$ 9,278,361,051 | | 16.95 % | \$ 6,338,275,720 | | 12.55 % | |

Source: Clark County Assessor's Office
 Note: Taxable assessed value is 35% of appraised value.
 See the "Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property" table for assessed property value data.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS¹ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

| For the Year Ended June 30, | Tax Levy | Current Tax Levy Collections | Percent of Tax Levy Collected | Delinquent Tax Levy Collections | Total Tax Levy Collected | Percent of Total Tax Levy Collected to Tax Levy | Outstanding Delinquent Tax Levy | Percent of Outstanding Tax Levy to Tax Levy |
|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| 2005 | \$ 1,449,284,608 | \$ 1,439,911,686 | 99.3533 % | \$ 9,370,744 | \$ 1,449,282,430 | 99.9998 % | \$ 2,178 | 0.0002 % |
| 2006 | 1,639,434,321 | 1,632,191,297 | 99.5582 % | 7,227,922 | 1,639,419,219 | 99.9991 % | 15,102 | 0.0009 % |
| 2007 | 1,927,169,351 | 1,909,964,723 | 99.1073 % | 17,179,909 | 1,927,144,632 | 99.9987 % | 24,719 | 0.0013 % |
| 2008 | 2,178,689,682 | 2,144,481,519 | 98.4299 % | 33,996,006 | 2,178,477,525 | 99.9903 % | 212,157 | 0.0097 % |
| 2009 | 2,356,045,788 | 2,310,905,968 | 98.0841 % | 44,321,767 | 2,355,227,735 | 99.9653 % | 818,053 | 0.0347 % |
| 2010 | 2,265,426,817 | 2,216,524,825 | 97.8414 % | 47,415,216 | 2,263,940,041 | 99.9344 % | 1,486,776 | 0.0656 % |
| 2011 | 1,769,802,563 | 1,736,374,718 | 98.1112 % | 32,323,102 | 1,768,697,820 | 99.9376 % | 1,104,743 | 0.0624 % |
| 2012 | 1,600,936,965 | 1,576,913,229 | 98.4994 % | 22,064,160 | 1,598,977,389 | 99.8776 % | 1,959,576 | 0.1224 % |
| 2013 | 1,460,623,235 | 1,446,101,302 | 99.0058 % | 10,447,387 | 1,456,548,689 | 99.7210 % | 4,074,546 | 0.2790 % |
| 2014 | 1,466,629,646 | 1,453,563,810 | 99.1091 % | | ² 1,453,563,810 | 99.1091 % | 2 | % 2 |

Source: Clark County Treasurer
 Not available at time of printing.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

| For the Year Ended June 30, | Population | Per Capita Personal Income | ² School En | nrollment 3 | Unemployment Rate 4 |
|-----------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| 2005 | 1,815,730 | \$ 37,555 | \$ | 280,834 | 4.00 % |
| 2006 | 1,912,654 | 38,730 | | 291,510 | 3.90 % |
| 2007 | 1,963,687 | 39,945 | | 302,763 | 4.30 % |
| 2008 | 1,986,146 | 39,920 | | 308,783 | 5.50 % |
| 2009 | 2,006,347 | 34,318 | | 311,240 | 9.18 % |
| 2010 | 2,023,102 | 34,502 | | 309,476 | 14.00 % |
| 2011 | 1,972,514 | 35,634 | | 309,893 | 14.20 % |
| 2012 | 2,008,654 | 36,531 | | 308,377 | 12.80 % |
| 2013 | 2,062,253 | | 5 | 309,983 | 10.23 % |
| 2014 | 5 | | 5 | 314,598 | 8.89 % |

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.

Source: Nevada State Demographer Source: NevadaWorkforce.com Source: Clark County School District (public school enrollment) Source: Nevada Department of Employment Security Information not currently available

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS¹ CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

| | | 2014 | | | 2005 | |
|--|-------------|------|--|-------------|------|---|
| Employer | Employees 2 | Rank | Percentage of Total Southern Nevada Health District Employment | Employees 2 | Rank | Percentage of Total Southern Nevada Health District Employment |
| Clark County School District | 35,000 | 1 | 4.04 % | 35,000 | 1 | 4.13 % |
| Clark County, Nevada | 8,250 | 2 | .95 % | 8,250 | 3 | .97 % |
| Wynn Las Vegas, LLC | 8,250 | 3 | .95 % | | | % |
| Bellagio, LLC | 7,750 | 4 | .90 % | 9,750 | 2 | 1.15 % |
| MGM Grand Hotel/Casino | 7,750 | 5 | .90 % | 7,750 | 4 | .91 % |
| Aria Resort and Casino, LLC | 7,250 | 6 | .83 % | | | % |
| Mandalay Bay Resort and Casino | 7,250 | 7 | .83 % | 7,750 | 5 | .91 % |
| Caesars Palace | 6,250 | 8 | .72 % | 4,750 | 9 | .56 % |
| University of Nevada-Las Vegas | 5,250 | 9 | .61 % | 5,750 | 6 | .68 % |
| Las Vegas Metropolitan Police | 4,750 | 10 | .55 % | 4,750 | 8 | .56 % |
| The Mirage Casino Hotel | | | | 5,750 | 7 | .68 % |
| Bally's and Paris Casino Hotels | | | | | | % |
| Rio Suite Hotel | | | | 4,250 | 10 | .51 % |
| Total prinicpal employers | 97,250 | | 11.80 % | 78,250 | | 10.50 % |
| Total employment in Clark County, Nevada | 823,866 | | | 778,977 | | |

Source: State of Nevada - Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation Note: Number of employees estimated using the midpoint of the range 1. 2.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM¹ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

| | _ | June 30, 2005 | June 30, 2006 | June 30, 2007 | June 30, 2008 | June 30, 2009 | June 30, 2010 | June 30, 2011 | June 30, 2012 | June 30, 2013 | June 30, 2014 |
|--|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Function/program Governmental activities Public health Nursing Environmental health Community health services Administration | 2 | 204 117 50 132 | 205 135 54 139 | 162 140 49 135 | 177 158 54 151 | 172 156 55 152 | 163 148 53 146 | 166 142 50 149 | 164 146 48 153 | 166 164 56 129 | 153 139 59 110 |
| Business-type activities Southern Nevada Public Health Laboratory | - | 10 | 12 | 10 | 10 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 17 | 16 |
| Total full-time equivalent employees | = | 513 | 545 | 496 | 550 | 549 | 525 | 522 | 526 | 532 | 477 |

Source: Southern Nevada Health District Finance Department
 Notes: The division for Community Health Services was established in January 2005

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM¹ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

| | June 30, |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
| N | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nursing Communicable diseases | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reported diseases | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hepatitis A | 13 | 15 | 4 | 4 | 11 | 12 | 8 | 6 | 9 | 11 |
| Hepatitis B (Acute) | 25 | 27 | 40 | 28 | 33 | 34 | 30 | 20 | 22 | 15 |
| Influenza | 182 | 202 | 95 | 270 | 528 | 528 | 485 | 356 | 571 | 641 |
| Pertussis | 30 | 22 | 15 | 24 | 6 | 12 | 29 | 30 | 121 | 86 |
| Amebiasis | 13 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 5 | 13 | 7 | 9 | 4 |
| Campylobacteriosis | 96 | 86 | 119 | 135 | 107 | 120 | 98 | 97 | 78 | 89 |
| Escherichia coli 0157:H7 | 13 | 10 | 22 | 12 | 14 | 15 | 33 | 51 | 37 | 27 |
| Giardiasis | 73 | 82 | 71 | 94 | 75 | 67 | 60 | 49 | 61 | 43 |
| Immunizations | 343,883 | 310,514 | 270,326 | 273,662 | 302,982 | 200,142 | 202,936 | 203,712 | 157,448 | 142,244 |
| Sexually-transmitted diseases | | | | | | | | | | |
| Syphilis | 259 | 387 | 314 | 277 | 289 | 230 | 356 | 88 | 227 | 481 |
| Gonorrhea | 2,941 | 2,503 | 2,260 | 2,207 | 1,576 | 1,697 | 1,618 | 1,058 | 2,147 | 2,254 |
| Chlamydia | 6,209 | 5,812 | 7,276 | 7,773 | 7,681 | 8,414 | 8,029 | 4,993 | 8,883 | 8,816 |
| People living with HIV | 2,722 | 2,939 | 3,065 | 3,028 | 266 | 271 | 240 | 237 | 237 | 279 |
| Diagnosed cases of AIDS | 4,240 | 4,468 | 5,533 | 4,962 | 230 | 187 | 195 | 212 | 202 | 221 |
| Environmental health | | | | | | | | | | |
| Food and beverage establishment inspections | | | | | | | | | | |
| Routine | 22,011 | 26,960 | 25,229 | 25,229 | 24,486 | 27,030 | 21,061 | 21,165 | 23,114 | 22,670 |
| Special event | 2,531 | 2,877 | 3,553 | 3,597 | 3,696 | 3,761 | 3,854 | 4,764 | 4,694 | 4,222 |
| Compliant driven | 1,995 | 1,942 | 2,370 | 1,800 | 1,517 | 1,409 | 1,690 | 1,492 | 2,043 | 1,784 |
| Epi related | 542 | 584 | 565 | 615 | 369 | 41 | 35 | 48 | 165 | 133 |
| Community health services | | | | | | | | | | |
| Emergency medical services | | | | | | | | | | |
| Active certifications | | | | | | | | | | |
| First responder | 68 | 52 | 33 | 20 | 4 | 1 | | | | |
| EMT - basic | 1,283 | 1,118 | 910 | 881 | 784 | 671 | 560 | 532 | 458 | 484 |
| EMT - intermediate | 1,437 | 1,474 | 1,405 | 1,336 | 1,322 | 1,369 | 1,365 | 1,347 | 1,303 | 1,283 |
| EMT - paramedic | 821 | 812 | 913 | 947 | 985 | 1,018 | 1,073 | 1,118 | 1,114 | 1,167 |
| EMT - instructors | 300 | 356 | 382 | 389 | 383 | 356 | 353 | 338 | 336 | 331 |
| Epidemiology | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reported diseases | | | | | | | | | | |
| Amebiasis | | | | 10 | 11 | 5 | 13 | 7 | 9 | 4 |
| Coccidioidomycosis | 62 | 58 | 57 | 63 | 50 | 56 | 81 | 115 | 79 | 71 |
| Crytosporidiosis | | | | 16 | 1 | 4 | 12 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| Invasive Group A Strep | | | | 26 | 11 | | 1 | | | |
| Invasive Strep Pneumoniae | | | | 5 | 1 | 2 | 47 | 59 | 54 | 75 |
| Legionettosis | | | | 10 | 11 | 17 | 11 | 9 | 16 | 14 |
| Listeriosis | | | | 6 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| Lyme Disease | | | | 9 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 5 |
| Menengitis, Aseptic/Viral | 80 | 70 | 54 | 61 | 47 | 32 | 41 | 22 | 26 | 49 |
| Menengitis, Bacterial | 15 | 13 | 18 | 21 | 11 | 7 | 9 | 4 | 6 | 13 |
| Meningococcal Disease | 8 | 5 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 2 | | 2 |
| Rotavirus | 579 | 647 | 356 | 290 | 104 | 90 | 59 | 33 | 103 | 46 |

(Continued)

Operating indicators by Function/Program¹ (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

| | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, | June 30, |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
| RSV | 1,564 | 1,556 | 1,234 | 1,139 | 1,049 | 1,225 | 1,320 | 971 | 1,457 | 711 |
| Salmonellosis | 144 | 132 | 220 | 166 | 175 | 172 | 188 | 140 | 147 | 220 |
| Shigellosis | 54 | 69 | 109 | 159 | 144 | 57 | 40 | 29 | 58 | 43 |
| Administrative, operations and maintenance Health cards issued New Renewal Other | 67,421 50,018 12,966 | 77,781 28,619 29,822 | 70,607 70,772 10,828 | 64,288 62,604 11,378 | 45,492 58,949 9,950 | 42,200 70,657 9,450 | 39,442 60,081 8,835 | 40,302 58,142 8,350 | 40,778 65,273 7,301 | 46,774 60,141 6,623 |
| Vital records Births Deaths | 2 28,060 13,762 | 29,070 13,775 | 30,589 12,664 | 30,362 13,409 | 19,860 10,399 | 19,613 10,157 | 19,042 10,253 | 20,711 11,109 | 26,432 15,159 | 26,347 15,107 |

1. Source: Southern Nevada Health District Finance Department

2. Amount reported includes only the number of certificates issued for birth and deaths in the current fiscal year, and does not include duplicate or replacement certificates issued

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM¹ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

| | | June 30, 2005 | June 30, 2006 | June 30, 2007 | June 30, 2008 | June 30, 2009 | June 30, 2010 | June 30, 2011 | June 30, 2012 | | June 30, 2013 | | June 30, 2014 |
|--|---------|------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|----|---|
| Function/program Governmental activities Public health | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nursing Environmental health Community health services Administration | \$ 2 | 1,435,565 831,792 21,628,947 | \$ 1,635,917 928,668 359,437 21,075,415 | \$ 1,734,328 989,475 382,071 22,182,097 | \$ 1,791,734 1,069,123 377,644 22,737,233 | \$ 1,797,575 1,029,719 434,240 23,045,482 | \$ 1,620,435 1,189,172 712,206 22,013,656 | \$ 1,620,333 1,945,641 831,429 22,264,236 | \$ 1,754,975 1,788,428 1,025,536 22,147,260 | \$ | 1,528,201 1,406,930 927,232 22,505,859 | \$ | 1,460,304 1,320,089 987,176 22,458,602 |
| Business-type activities Southern Nevada Public Health Laboratory | _ | 410,280 | 1,450,586 | 2,032,365 | 2,134,430 | 2,245,520 | 2,286,992 | 2,311,467 | 2,382,536 | _ | 2,550,084 | _ | 2,598,917 |
| | \$ | 24,306,584 | \$ 25,450,023 | \$ 27,320,336 | \$ 28,110,164 | \$ 28,552,536 | \$ 27,822,461 | \$ 28,973,106 | \$ 29,098,735 | \$ | 28,918,306 | \$ | 28,825,088 |

Source: Southern Nevada Health District Finance Department
 The division for Community Health Services was established in January 2005

SINGLE AUDIT INFORMATION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 AND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Board of Health Southern Nevada Health District Las Vegas, Nevada

We have audited the compliance of the Southern Nevada Health District (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility. The District's management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program. In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Other Matters. The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2014 - 008 through 2014 - 010. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance. The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies; and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency* in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness* in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2014 - 005, to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency* in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2014 - 004, 006 and 2014 - 007 to be significant deficiencies.

The District's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133. We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2014, which contained an unmodified opinion on those basic financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Piercy Bowler Taylor & Kein

Las Vegas, Nevada December 8, 2014

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title | Federal CFDA Number | Federal or Pass-through Grantor Award Number | Expenditures | |
|---|------------------------|--|--------------|--|
| Department of Health and Human Services | | | | |
| Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human | | | | |
| Services, Aging and Disability Services Division: | | | | |
| Special Programs for the Aging Title IV and Title II Discretionary Projects | 93.048 | 03-008-13-ZX-13 | \$ 1,49 | |
| Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human | | | | |
| Services, Nevada State Health Division: | | | | |
| Public Health Emergency Preparedness | 93.069* | 2U90TP916964-11 | 7,52 | |
| Public Health Emergency Preparedness | 93.069* | 5U90TP000534-02 | 10,69 | |
| Public Health Emergency Preparedness | 93.069* | 5U90TP000534-02 | 460,64 | |
| Public Health Emergency Preparedness | 93.069* | 1U90TP000534-01 | 54,13 | |
| Public Health Emergency Preparedness | 93.069* | 5U90TP000534-02 | 2,512,76 | |
| Public Health Emergency Preparedness | 93.069* | 5U90TP000534-02 | 21,57 | |
| | | | 3,067,34 | |
| Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human | | | | |
| Services, Nevada State Health Division: | | | | |
| Maternal and Child Health Federal Consolidated Programs | 93.110 | 5H17MC23548-02-00 | 43,44 | |
| Maternal and Child Health Federal Consolidated Programs | 93.110 | 6H17MC23548-02-03 | 3,04 | |
| Maternal and Child Health Federal Consolidated Programs | 93.110 | 6H17MC23548-03-01 | 7,07 | |
| Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, Nevada State Health Division: | | | 53,50 | |
| Project Grants and Cooperative Agreements for Tuberculosis | | | | |
| Control Programs | 93.116 | 5U52PS907855 | 171,45 | |
| Control Programs | 93.116 | 5U52PS907855-23 | 149.32 | |
| Control Programs | 95.110 | 3032F3907833-23 | 320,78 | |
| Direct Program: | | | | |
| Family Planning Services | 93.217 | 5FPHPA090159-42-01 | 828,39 | |
| Family Planning Services | 93.217 | 5FPHPA090159-43-00 | 578,13 | |
| | | | 1,406,53 | |
| Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human | | | | |
| Services, Nevada State Health Division: | | | | |
| Immunization Cooperative Agreements | 93.268 | 3H23IP000695-01S1 | 211,38 | |
| Immunization Cooperative Agreements | 93.268 | 1H23IP000727-01 | 349,55 | |
| Immunization Cooperative Agreements | 93.268 | 5H23IP000727-02 | 289,39 | |
| | | | 850,33 | |
| Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human | | | | |
| Services, Nevada State Health Division: | | | | |
| Adult Viral Hepatitis Prevention and Control | 93.270 | 1U51PS004092-01 | 7,80 | |
| Adult Viral Hepatitis Prevention and Control | 93.270 | 5U51PS004092-02 | 11,91 | |
| | | | 19,71 | |

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| ederal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title | Federal CFDA Number | Federal or Pass-through Grantor Award Number | Expenditures |
|---|------------------------|--|--------------|
| epartment of Health and Human Services (Continued) | | | |
| Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human | | | |
| Services, Nevada State Health Division: | | | |
| Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - Investigations | | | |
| and Technical Assistance | 93.283 | 5U58DP002003-05 | 255,779 |
| Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - Investigations | | | |
| and Technical Assistance | 93.283 | 3U58DP002003-06 | 27,750 |
| | | | 283,529 |
| Direct Program: | | | |
| Teenage Pregnancy Prevention Program | 93.297 | 5TP1AH000024-03-00 | 191,363 |
| Teenage Pregnancy Prevention Program | 93.297 | 5TP1AH000024-03-01 | 101,117 |
| Teenage Pregnancy Prevention Program | 93.297 | 5TP1AH000024-04-00 | 607,843 |
| Teenage Pregnancy Prevention Program | 93.297 | 5TP1AH000024-04-01 | 4,690 |
| | | | 905,013 |
| | | | |
| Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human | | | |
| Services, Nevada State Health Division: Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home | | | |
| Visiting Program | 93.505 | X02MC23117 | 140,400 |
| Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home | 75.505 | X02WC25117 | 140,400 |
| Visiting Program | 93.505 | X02MC23117 | 126,106 |
| | | | 266,506 |
| Direct Program: | | | |
| Centers for Disease Control and Prevention-Affordable Care Act (ACA) | | | |
| Communities Putting Prevention to Work | 93.520* | 1U58DP002382-01 | 123,406 |
| Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human | | | |
| Services, Nevada State Health Division: | | | |
| Affordable Care Act (ACA): Building Epidemiology, Laboratory, and Health | | | |
| Information Systems Capacity in the Epidemiology and Laboratory | | | |
| Capacity for Infectious Disease (ELC) and Emerging Infectious Program | | | |
| (EIP) Cooperative Agreements; PPHF | 93.521 | 3U50CI000900-02S2 | 153,862 |
| | | | |
| Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human | | | |
| Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home | | | |
| Visiting Program Evaluation (MIECE) | 93.615 | P233 20095644WC | 11,083 |
| Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human | | | |
| Services, Nevada State Health Division: | | | |
| National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program | 93.889* | 4U3REP090220-03-04 | 51,259 |
| National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program | 93.889* | 1U90TP000534-01 | 84,449 |
| National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program | 93.889* | 5U90TP000534-02 | 1,042,708 |
| National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program | 93.889* | 5U90TP000534-02 | 221,017 |
| | | | 1,399,433 |
| Passed through Clark County, Nevada, Department of Social Services: | | | |
| HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants: | 93.914 | Interlocal Agreement | 1,259,913 |
| HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants: | 93.914 | Interlocal Agreement | 452,949 |
| | | | 1,712,862 |

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title | Federal CFDA Number | Federal or Pass-through Grantor Award Number | Expenditures |
|--|------------------------|--|--------------------|
| Department of Health and Human Services (Continued) | | | |
| Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human | | | |
| Services, Nevada State Health Division: | | | |
| HIV Care Formula Grants | 93.917 | 2 X07HA00001-23-00 | 92,987 |
| HIV Care Formula Grants | 93.917 | 2 X07HA00001-24-00 | 46,287 |
| HIV Care Formula Grants | 93.917 | 2 X07HA00001-24-00 | 23,916 |
| | | | 163,190 |
| Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human | | | |
| Services, Nevada State Health Division: | | | |
| HIV Prevention Activities - Health Department Based | 93.940* | 5U62PS003654-02 | 726,872 |
| HIV Prevention Activities - Health Department Based | 93.940* | 5U62PS003654-03 | 599,494 |
| | | | 1,326,366 |
| Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human | | | |
| Services, Nevada State Health Division: | | | |
| Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)/Acquired Immunodeficiency Virus Syndrome (AIDS) Surveillance | 93.944 | 1U62PS004024-01 | 61,145 |
| Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)/Acquired Immunodeficiency Virus | 93.944 | 100213004024-01 | 01,145 |
| Syndrome (AIDS) Surveillance | 93.944 | 1U62PS004024-02 | 70,231 |
| | | | 131,376 |
| | | | |
| Passed through Nevada Department of Employment, Training | | | |
| and Rehabilitation: | | | |
| Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse | 93.959* | B1 NVSAPT | 5,878 |
| Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse | 93.959* | 2B08TI010039-12 | 42,842 |
| Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse | 93.959* | 2B08TI010039-13 | 404,337 453,057 |
| | | | 455,057 |
| Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human | | | |
| Services, Nevada State Health Division: | | | |
| Preventive Health Services - Sexually Transmitted Diseases | | | |
| Control Grants | 93.977* | 5H25PS001382-05 | 374,981 |
| Preventive Health Services - Sexually Transmitted Diseases | | | |
| Control Grants | 93.977* | 1H25PS004376-01 | 228,454 |
| | | | 603,435 |
| Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human | | | |
| Services, Nevada State Health Division: | | | |
| Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States | 93.994 | B04MC23393 | 88,455 |
| | | | |
| Passed through Clark County School District (CCSD), State of Nevada: | | | |
| Community Transformation Grant | 93.737* | 1H75DP004286-01 | 602,707 |
| Total Department of Health and Human Services | | | 13,944,040 |
| Environmental Protection Agency | | | |
| Environmental Protection Agency Passed through Nevada Department of Health and Human | | | |
| Services, Nevada State Health Division: | | | |
| State Public Water System Supervision | 66.432 | DEP14-006 | 90,000 |
| | | | |
| Passed through Nevada Department of Conservation and | | | |
| Natural Resources: | | | |
| Underground Storage Tank Prevention, Detection, and | <i>cc</i> 004 | | 201 500 |
| Compliance Program Total Environmental Protection Agency | 66.804 | DEP14-004 | 201,500 291,500 |
| rotai Envirollinentai rrotection Agency | | | 291,300 |
| Total Federal Financial Assistance | | | \$ 14,235,540 |
| | | | . ,,_ 10 |

* A major program

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Note 1. Reporting Entity

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the Southern Nevada Health District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2014. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the District. The reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the District's basic financial statements. The schedule includes all expended federal financial assistance received directly from federal agencies as well as passed through other government agencies.

Note 2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the District. All expenditures, including those passed through to subrecipients are presented on the cash basis of accounting. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Note 3. Subrecipients

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the following awards (including amendments) were given to subrecipients:

| | Awa | ard Amount |
|---|-----|------------|
| HIV Prevention Activities - Health Department Based (CFDA #93.940) | \$ | 237,942 |
| Family Planning Services (CFDA #93.217) | | 43,542 |
| Preventive Health Services Sexually Transmitted Diseases Control Grants (CFDA | | |
| #93.977) | | 13,345 |
| PPHF Community Transformation Grants -Small Communities Program financed solely by | | |
| Public Prevention and Health Funds (CFDA #93.737) | | 289,008 |
| Centers for Disease Control and Prevention -Affordable Care Act (ACA) - Communities | | |
| Putting Prevention to Work (CFDA #93.520) | | 83,794 |
| Teenage Pregnancy Prevention Program (CFDA #93.297) | | 139,645 |
| Maternal and Child Health Federal Consolidated Programs (CFDA #93.110) | | 21,418 |
| | | |
| Total subrecipient awards | \$ | 828,694 |

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

| Financial Statements Type of auditors' report issued Internal control over financial reporting Material weaknesses identified Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses Noncompliance material to financial statements | Unmodified No Yes No |
|---|--|
| Federal Awards | |
| Internal control over major programs Material weaknesses identified | V |
| | Yes |
| Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses | Yes Unmodified |
| Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs | |
| Audit findings required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510(a) | Yes |
| Identification of major programs | |
| CFDA number | 93.069 |
| Name of federal program or cluster | Public Health Emergency Preparedness |
| CFDA number | 93.520 |
| Name of federal program or cluster CFDA number | Centers for Disease Control and Prevention –Affordable Care Act (ACA) – Communities Putting Prevention to Work 93.737 |
| | PPHF Community Transformation Grants -Small Communities Program financed solely by Public |
| Name of federal program or cluster | Prevention and Health Funds |
| CFDA number | 93.889 |
| | National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness |
| Name of federal program or cluster | Program |
| CFDA number | 93.940 |
| | HIV Prevention Activities_Health Department |
| Name of federal program or cluster CFDA number | Based 93.959 |
| CFDA number | |
| | Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of |
| Name of federal program or cluster CFDA number | Substance Abuse 93.977 |
| CFDA number | |
| Name of federal program or cluster | Preventive Health Services_Sexually Transmitted Diseases Control Grants |
| Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs | \$427.066 |
| Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee | No |
| Auditer qualified as 10w-115k auditer | 110 |

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Section II – Findings relating to the financial statements, which are required to be reported in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and *Government Auditing Standards*

| 2014 - 001 | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Criteria | Revenue and receivable cut-off procedures are performed to ensure that revenue is recorded in the proper accounting period. |
| Condition | We noted \$452,949 of grant revenue that was not received by the District within 60 days after year end was improperly recognized as revenue at the fund level. An audit adjustment was proposed and accepted by management to record a liability (<i>i.e.</i> , unavailable revenue) at the fund level. |
| | We also noted a \$47,831 understatement of receivables and revenues related to final closeouts of three grant programs (the majority of which was related to the tuberculosis outreach grant). An audit adjustment was proposed and accepted by management. |
| | In addition, we noted several items invoiced by the District for services rendered prior to June 30 that were not invoiced until July 2014. An audit adjustment was proposed to increase accounts receivable and revenue by \$42,119. |
| Effect | The District's general fund receivables were understated by \$87,950, revenues were over stated by \$364,999 and unavailable revenue was understated by \$452,949. In addition, the District's Governmental Activities receivables and revenue were understated by \$87,950. |
| Cause | The District's controls designed to ensure appropriate receivable and revenue cut-off did not function as intended, due to ineffective monitoring for compliance therewith. |
| Recommendation | The month-end and year-end financial reporting processes should be modified to require an analysis of payments received subsequent to the end of an accounting period so that revenues for services rendered are recorded in the proper period. |
| Management's response | Management informed us that reporting processes for month-end and year-end shall be modified to require analysis of invoices prepared subsequent to the end of an accounting period so that revenues for services rendered are recorded in the proper period. |

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Section II – Findings relating to the financial statements, which are required to be reported in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and *Government Auditing Standards* (continued)

| 2014 - 002 | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Criteria | Payable and expenditure cut-off procedures are performed to ensure that expenditures/expenses are recorded in the proper accounting period. |
| Condition | We noted that \$133,499 was improperly excluded from accounts payable at June 30, 2014. Two invoices comprise approximately \$84,000 of the unrecorded payables, one of which relates to the purchase of software and the other relates to a litigation settlement with an employee. |
| | Approximately \$48,000 of the unrecorded payables were identified by the finance department as part of its inventory reconciliation; however, an entry was not recorded and instead the unrecorded payables were shown as a reconciling item on the inventory reconciliation. |
| Effect | The District's payables and expenditures/expenses were understated by \$133,499 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014. |
| Cause | The District's controls designed to ensure appropriate payable and expenditure/expense cut-off did not function as intended, due to ineffective monitoring for compliance therewith. Specifically, the review of invoices received and paid subsequent to the end of the fiscal year did not result in the accrual of invoices for goods received and services rendered in fiscal 2014. |
| Recommendation | The month-end and year-end financial reporting processes should be modified to require an analysis of invoices received and paid subsequent to the end of an accounting period so that expenditures for goods and services received are recorded in the proper period. |
| Management's response | Management informed us that financial reporting process for month-end and year-end shall be modified to require an analysis of invoices received subsequent to the end of an accounting period so that expenditures for goods and services received are recorded in the proper period. |

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| 14 - 003 | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Criteria | According to GASB Statement No. 51, <i>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets</i> (GASB 51), outlays incurred related to the development of an internally generated intangible as should be capitalized upon the occurrence of all of the following: |
| | a. Determination of the specific objective of the project and the nature of the service capacity th expected to be provided by the intangible asset upon the completion of the project, b. Demonstration of the technical or technological feasibility for completing the project so that intangible asset will provide its expected service capacity, c. Demonstration of the current intention, ability, and presence of effort to complete or, in the camultiyear project, continue development of the intangible asset. |
| | Outlays incurred prior to meeting those criteria should be expensed as incurred. |
| | The activities involved in developing and installing internally generated computer software can grouped into the following stages: |
| | a. Preliminary Project Stage. Activities in this stage include the conceptual formulation and evaluation of alternatives, the determination of the existence of needed technology, and the fina selection of alternatives for the development of the software. b. Application Development Stage. Activities in this stage include the design of the chosen path including software configuration and software interfaces, coding, installation to hardware, and t including the parallel processing phase. c. Post-Implementation/Operation Stage. Activities in this stage include application training and software maintenance. |
| | Outlays associated with activities in the preliminary project stage should be expensed as incurre Once the activities noted in the preliminary project stage are complete and management implicit explicitly authorizes and commits to funding, at least currently in the case of a multiyear project software project, the costs associated with the project should be capitalized. |
| Condition | Expenditures for the development of a new timekeeping software system were not tracked and ever for possible capitalization in accordance with the guidance from GASB 51 described above. |
| Effect | As a result, expenditures may be overstated, and capital assets (<i>i.e.</i> , software and related capitaliza costs) may be understated. |
| Cause | The District's internal controls over financial reporting do not include policies and procedures regather the proper accounting for internally-developed intangible assets. |
| Recommendation | The District's internal controls over financial reporting should be updated to include policies and procedures regarding the proper accounting for internally-developed intangible assets. Specific costs for internally-developed intangible assets should be tracked and evaluated to determine we they are required to be capitalized in accordance with the guidance included in GASB 51. |
| Management's response | Management informed us that internal controls over financial reporting shall be updated to include policies and procedures regarding the proper accounting for internally-developed intangible asset Costs for internally-developed intangible assets shall be tracked and evaluated to determine whether they are required to be capitalized in accordance with the guidance included in GASB 5 |

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| 2014 - 004 | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Program | CFDA #93.069: Public Health Emergency Preparedness CFDA #93.530: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention –Affordable Care Act (ACA) – Communities Putting Prevention to Work CFDA #93.737: PPHF Community Transformation Grants -Small Communities Program financed solely by Public Prevention and Health Funds CFDA #93.889: National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program CFDA #93.940: HIV Prevention Activities_Health Department Based CFDA #93.959: Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse CFDA #93.977: Preventive Health Services_Sexually Transmitted Diseases Control Grants |
| Specific requirements | OMB Circular A-87, Attachment B, Paragraph 8d: The cost of fringe benefits in the form of regular compensation paid to employees during periods of authorized absences from the job, such as for annual leave, sick leave, holidays, court leave, military leave, and other similar benefits, are allowable if: (b) the costs are equitably allocated to all related activities, including Federal awards. OMB Circular A-87, Attachment B, Paragraph 8h: (5) Personnel activity reports or equivalent documentation must meet the following standards: (a) They must reflect an after-the-fact distribution of the actual activity of each employee. |
| Condition and context | During fiscal 2014, the District established a formal time and effort record keeping policy requiring employees to accurately track and report the time spent on grant-related activities. In connection with the new policy, new time and effort record keeping software was developed and placed into service in March 2014. During testing of time and effort policies and procedures and related documentation, we noted several occasions in which employees were submitting (and supervisors were approving) time and effort reports prior to the end of the applicable pay period. As such, employees were not consistently following the newly-implemented time and effort reporting policy, which specifically requires activity logs and timesheets to be prepared (and reviewed) after work has been performed. In addition, the newly-implemented time and effort reporting policy requires grant program managers to perform a quarterly review to ensure that time charged to grant-related activities is accurate and in compliance with grant requirements; however, the quarterly review was not performed during fiscal 2014. |
| Questioned costs | It is not possible to quantify the amount of questioned costs (if any) related to this finding, since we are unable to determine if the estimated time submitted prior to the end of the pay period reflected the actual amount of time spent on grant-related activities. |
| Effect | The District did not comply with the requirements of its time and effort reporting policies, and as a result, grant expenditures reported to granting agencies related to payroll, fringe benefits and indirect costs may be misstated. |
| Cause | The formal time and effort reporting policy developed and implemented in March 2014 was not effectively communicated to the various divisions within the District. As such, inconsistencies were noted across the various divisions in terms of how grant-related activities were being tracked and reported. In addition, the quarterly review specified in the policy was not completed during fiscal 2014. |
| Recommendation | Formal training should be provided to effectively communicate the requirements of the District's time and effort reporting policy. All of the divisions within the District should attend to ensure that time and effort reporting is accurate and consistently documented by each division in the District. |

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| Management informed us that formal training shall be provided to effectively communicate the requirements of the District's time and effort reporting policy. All of the divisions within the District shall be required to attend in order to ensure that time and effort reporting is accurate and consistently documented District-wide. |
|---|
| |

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| 2014 - 005 | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Program | CFDA #93.520: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention –Affordable Care Act (ACA) – Communities Putting Prevention to Work CFDA #97.737: PPHF Community Transformation Grants -Small Communities Program financed solely by Public Prevention and Health Funds CFDA #93.940: HIV Prevention Activities_Health Department Based CFDA #93.977: Preventive Health Services_Sexually Transmitted Diseases Control Grants |
| Specific requirements | OMB Circular A-133, Subpart DFederal Agencies and Pass- Through Entities, §400 Responsibilities. |
| | (d) Pass-through entity responsibilities. A pass-through entity shall perform the following for the Federal awards it makes: (3) Monitor the activities of subrecipients as necessary to ensure that Federal awards are used for authorized purposes in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements and that performance goals are achieved. (4) Ensure that subrecipients expending \$300,000 (\$500,000 for fiscal years ending after December 31, 2003) or more in Federal awards during the subrecipient's fiscal year have met the audit requirements of this part for that fiscal year. (5) Issue a management decision on audit findings within six months after receipt of the subrecipient's audit report and ensure that the subrecipient takes appropriate and timely corrective action. (6) Consider whether subrecipient audits necessitate adjustment of the pass-through entity's own records. |
| Condition and context | <i>CFDA #93.737.</i> Per review of the monthly reimbursement requests the District receives from the subrecipients, there was insufficient supporting documentation for the expenditures for us to determine if the costs incurred by the subrecipient were allowable per the subaward agreements. |
| | <i>CFDA #93.520.</i> The District received a subrecipient reimbursement request on July 30, 2013, for expenditures incurred by the subrecipient for the semi-annual period ended June 30, 2013. We noted that the reimbursement request only included summary level detail and did not include individual invoices. Accordingly, we were unable to determine whether the expenditures were allowable and/or incurred in the appropriate period of availability as delineated in the subaward agreements. |
| | <i>CFDA #93.940 / #93.977.</i> The subrecipient submits reimbursement requests which are reviewed by District's grant program managers for compliance with the allowability and period of availability requirements documented in the subaward agreement. However, per examination of the monthly subrecipient reimbursement requests for September and October 2013, and January through March of 2014, we noted that the supporting documentation was too summarized to determine compliance with the allowable cost requirements of the subaward agreements. |
| Questioned costs | It is not possible to quantify the amount of questioned costs (if any) related to this finding, since we are unable to determine if the expenditures submitted by the subrecipients are allowable in accordance with the subaward agreement. |
| Effect | The District's grant program managers did not effectively monitor the activities of subrecipients as necessary to ensure that Federal awards are used for authorized purposes in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements and that performance goals are achieved. |
| Cause | The District did not implement a formal subrecipient monitoring policy until August 2014 (<i>i.e.</i> , fiscal 2015), and the policy did not require retroactive application to fiscal 2014. |

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| Recommendation | Formal training should be provided to effectively communicate the requirements of the District's subrecipient monitoring policy to grant program managers. All grant program managers from each of the divisions within the District should attend to ensure that subrecipient monitoring is performed, and includes the examination of sufficient supporting documentation to ensure that the subrecipient expenditures are in compliance with the subaward agreement and are in furtherance of the program objectives. |
|-----------------------|--|
| Management's response | Management informed us that a formal training shall be provided to effectively communicate the requirements of the District's sub-recipient monitoring policy requiring all of the divisions within the District to attend in order to ensure that sub-recipient monitoring is performed including the examination of sufficient supporting documentation to ensure that the sub-recipient expenditures are in compliance with the sub-award agreement and are in furtherance of the program objectives. |

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| 014 - 006 | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Program | CFDA #93.520: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention –Affordable Care Act (ACA) – Communities Putting Prevention to Work CFDA #97.737: PPHF Community Transformation Grants -Small Communities Program financed solely by Public Prevention and Health Funds CFDA #93.940: HIV Prevention Activities_Health Department Based CFDA #93.977: Preventive Health Services_Sexually Transmitted Diseases Control Grants |
| Specific requirements | OMB Circular A-133, Subpart DFederal Agencies and Pass- Through Entities, §400 Responsibilities. (d) Pass-through entity responsibilities. A pass-through entity shall perform the following for the Federal awards it makes: (1) Identify Federal awards made by informing each subrecipient of the CFDA title and number, award name and number, award year, if the award is R&D, and name of Federal agency. When some of this information is not available, the pass-through entity shall provide the best information available to describe the Federal award. |
| | 2 CFR § 25.200 Requirements for program announcements, regulations, and application instructions. (a) Each agency that awards types of Federal financial assistance included in the definition of "award" in § 25.305 must include the requirements described in paragraph (b) of this section in each program announcement, regulation, or other issuance containing instructions for applicants that either: (1) Is issued on or after the effective date of this part; or (2) Has application or plan due dates after October 1, 2010. (b) The program announcement, regulation, or other issuance must require each entity that applies and does not have an exemption under § 25.110 to: (1) Be registered in the CCR prior to submitting an application or plan; |
| | (2) Maintain an active CCR registration with current information at all times during which it has an active Federal award or an application or plan under consideration by an agency; and(3) Provide its DUNS number in each application or plan it submits to the agency. |
| Condition and context | <i>CFDA #93.520.</i> The contracts and amendments executed with one subrecipient did not include the federal CFDA number. In addition, the District did not obtain the DUNS number from the subrecipient prior to entering into the subaward agreement. |
| | <i>CFDA #93.737.</i> Per review of the contracts and amendments executed with three subrecipients, we noted that although the contracts properly included the CFDA title and number, they did not disclose the award number. We also noted that an amendment to a subaward agreement for one subrecipient to increase funding from \$85,000 to \$178,000 disclosed only one source of federal funding; however, there was another federal funding source (with a different CFDA number) that was not disclosed. |
| | <i>CFDA #93.940 / #93.977</i> . The contracts and amendments executed with one subrecipient properly included the correct federal CFDA title and number; however, the award number was not disclosed. |
| Questioned costs | None |
| Effect | The District is not in compliance with the federal grant requirements pertaining to the issuance of subawards and subaward disclosures. |
| Cause | The District did not implement a formal subrecipient monitoring policy until August 2014 (i.e., fiscal 2015), and the policy did not require retroactive application to fiscal 2014. |
| Recommendation | Formal training should be provided to effectively communicate the requirements of the District's subrecipient monitoring policy. All of the divisions within the District should attend to ensure that subaward agreements contain the required information to make subrecipients aware of all grant compliance requirements. |

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| Management's response Management informed us that formal training shall be provided to effectively communicate the requirements of the District's Sub-recipient monitoring policy requiring all of the divisions within th District to attend in order to ensure that sub-award agreements contain the required information to make sub-recipients aware of all grant compliance requirements. | |
|--|--|
|--|--|

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| 2014 - 007 | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Program | CFDA #93.940: HIV Prevention Activities_Health Department Based CFDA #93.977: Preventive Health Services_Sexually Transmitted Diseases Control Grants |
| Specific requirements | Program income (<i>i.e.</i> , fees, premiums, third-party reimbursements which the project may reasonably expect to receive), as well as State, local, and other operational funding, will be used to finance the non-federal share of the scope of project as defined in the approved grant application and reflected in the approved budget. Program income and the level projected in the approved budget will be used to further program objectives. |
| Condition and context | <i>CFDA #93.940.</i> Per discussion with the HIV Prevention Program Manager from the State of Nevada (granting agency), we were informed that the District must use 100% of program income from the grant on grant-related activities. However, during fiscal 2014, a review of program income was not performed to verify that all program income was used as required by the granting agency. We were also informed that a formal policy requiring the review of program income was put in place in August 2014 (<i>i.e.</i> , fiscal 2015), but the policy did not require a retroactive review of fiscal 2014 program income. |
| | <i>CFDA #93.977.</i> The grant generates program income through charges for examinations and medical treatments as well as laboratory fees, all of which are charged at a flat bundle rate. Per discussion with grant program manager, we were informed that the District is required to use 100% of program income on grant-related activities. However, during fiscal 2014, a review of program income was not performed to verify that all program income was used as required by the granting agency. We were also informed that a formal policy requiring the review of program income was put in place in August 2014 (<i>i.e.</i> , fiscal 2015), but the policy did not require a retroactive review of fiscal 2014 program income. |
| Questioned costs | None. |
| Effect | Program income may not be used to finance the non-federal share of the scope of the project or to further program objectives. |
| Cause | The District's formal policy requiring the review of program income was not implemented until August 2014 (<i>i.e.</i> , fiscal 2015), and the policy did not require a retroactive review of fiscal 2014 program income. |
| Recommendation | The District should adhere to its formal program income monitoring procedures going forward. |
| Management's response | Management informed us that going forward, formal program income monitoring procedures will be adhered to. |

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| 2014 - 008 | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Program | CFDA #93.889: National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program CFDA #93.520: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention-Affordable Care Act (ACA) Communities Putting Prevention to Work CFDA #93.940: HIV Prevention Activities |
| Specific requirements | Where a funding period is specified, a non-Federal entity may charge to the award only costs resulting from obligations incurred during the funding period and any pre-award costs authorized by the Federal awarding agency |
| Condition and context | <i>CFDA #93.940.</i> Per review of time cards for an employee that is eligible to charge time to this program, we noted that sick time hours listed in period covered by the 2014 grant year were paid using the 2013 code. The fiscal 2013 expenditures are overstated and the 2014 expenditures are understated by \$105. This appears to be a one-time clerical error since the regular and holiday hours for this same employee were assigned to the appropriate period (<i>i.e.</i> , 2014). |
| | <i>CFDA #93.520.</i> SNHD charged payroll subsequent to the period of availability to administer the close-out period of the grant. We were informed by the grant program manager that informal approval was received from the granting agency to charge time to the grant subsequent to the period of availability in order to complete the close out reimbursement requests and reports. However, no formal documentation exists to document the informal approval from the granting agency, and the District was unable to obtain documentation of the approval from the granting agency after several requests during the audit. Accordingly, we were unable to verify that such approval was actually granted. |
| Questioned costs | \$3,466 |
| Effect | The District was not in compliance with the period of availability grant requirements. |
| Cause | The policies and procedures in place to ensure that federal expenditures occur in the proper period of availability did not function as intended, due to a one-time clerical error and ineffective monitoring for compliance therewith. |
| Recommendation | The District should closely monitor reimbursement requests to verify that the expenditures were incurred in the appropriate period of availability. |
| Management's response | Management informed us that it shall closely monitor reimbursement requests more to verify that the expenditures were incurred in the appropriate period of availability. |

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| 2014 - 009 Program | CFDA #93.977: Preventive Health Services_Sexually Transmitted Diseases Control Grants |
|-----------------------|---|
| Specific requirements | The grant agreement requires the District to submit quarterly statistical reports no later than 30 days after the end of each quarter of the grant period. |
| Condition and context | The grant program manager filed the required statistical reports on a semi-annual basis. The granting agency was contacted during the audit and informed us that the semi-annual reports were not considered acceptable for purposes of compliance with the grant reporting requirements. |
| Questioned costs | None |
| Effect | The District was not in compliance with the statistical reporting provisions of the grant agreement. |
| Cause | The grant program manager responsible for statistical reporting was not aware of the quarterly reporting requirement. |
| Recommendation | The salient provisions of grant agreements should be abstracted to ensure that all required provisions are known and can therefore be complied with. |
| Management's response | Management informed us that salient provisions of grant agreements shall be abstracted to ensure that all required provisions are known and can therefore be complied with. |

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

| 2014 - 010 | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Program | CFDA #93.069: Public Health and Emergency Preparedness CFDA #93.889: National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program |
| Specific requirements | Property records must be maintained that include a description of the property, a serial number or other identification number, the source of property, who holds title, the acquisition date, and cost of the property, percentage of Federal participation in the cost of the property, the location, use and condition of the property, and any ultimate disposition data including the date of disposal and sale price of the property. |
| Condition and context | We noted that the property records do not delineate equipment condition in accordance with the compliance requirements. |
| Questioned costs | None |
| Effect | The District was not in compliance with the property record requirements of the grant agreements. |
| Cause | The policies and procedures in place to ensure that property records are in compliance with federal grant requirements did not function as intended, due to ineffective monitoring for compliance therewith. |
| Recommendation | Property records should be reviewed at least quarterly by those charged with compliance to verify that the required information has been documented, and that the documented information is up-to-date. |
| Management's response | Management informed us that property records shall be reviewed at least quarterly by those charged with compliance to verify that the required information has been documented, and that the documented information is up-to-date. |

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Section II – Findings relating to the financial statements, which are required to be reported in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and *Government Auditing Standards*

| 2013 - 001 | |
|----------------|--|
| Criteria | Physical inventories, including perpetual, are summarized and reconciled to the general ledger and adjusted to physical counts. |
| Condition | Vaccine and medical supply inventory counts are performed on a monthly basis at the District's satellite clinic locations. However, accurate inventory count information is not communicated to the finance department to be used to adjust the recorded inventory balances per the general ledger. |
| Effect | An adjusting journal entry was proposed during the audit to increase recorded inventory balances. Specifically, general fund vaccine inventory reported in the general fund was increased by \$27,927, and the state-supplied vaccine inventory (which is only disclosed in the financial statements) was increased by \$575,695. |
| Cause | The controls designed to provide management with reasonable assurance that recorded vaccine inventory balances are complete and accurate did not function as intended, due to ineffective monitoring to evaluate the degree of compliance or noncompliance therewith. As a result, during fiscal 2013, accurate inventory counts from the District's satellite locations were not communicated to the finance department to accurately record inventory on hand at year end. |
| Current status | Corrected |

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Section II – Findings relating to the financial statements, which are required to be reported in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and *Government Auditing Standards* (continued)

| 2013 - 002 Criteria | Contracts and agreements with provisions that could have a financial impact on the District are communicated to and reviewed by the finance department to ensure that they are accounted for properly and timely in the District's financial statements. |
|------------------------|--|
| Condition | A \$330,000 legal fee cost reimbursement was misclassified as a reduction of legal fees, as opposed to settlement income. |
| Effect | An adjusting journal entry was proposed during the audit to reclassify the cost reimbursement income to be appropriately presented in the District's financial statements (<i>i.e.</i> , as a component of general revenues). |
| Cause | The policies and procedures designed to ensure that contracts and agreements with provisions that could have a financial impact on the District are properly accounted for did not function as intended, due to ineffective monitoring for compliance therewith. |
| Current status | Corrected |

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Section II – Findings relating to the financial statements, which are required to be reported in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and *Government Auditing Standards* (continued)

| 2013 - 003 | |
|----------------|--|
| Criteria | Expenditures related to capital assets are reviewed to ensure they are accounted for in accordance with the District's capitalization policy (<i>i.e.</i> , expenditures over \$3,000 for assets with a useful life of greater than one year are required to be capitalized). |
| Condition | Approximately \$114,000 of repairs and maintenance expenditures that should have been capitalized were expensed. |
| Effect | An adjusting journal entry was proposed during the audit to record capital assets in accordance with the District's capitalization policy. |
| Cause | The policies and procedures designed to ensure that expenditures related to capital assets are accounted for in accordance with the District's capitalization policy did not function as intended, due to ineffective monitoring for compliance therewith. |
| Current status | Corrected |

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

| 2013 - 004 | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Program | CFDA #93.069: Public Health Emergency Preparedness CFDA #93.217: Family Planning Services CFDA #93.520: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention -Affordable Care Act (ACA) Communities Putting Prevention to Work CFDA #93.724: ARRA- Prevention and Wellness- Communities Putting Prevention to Work Funding Opportunities Announcement (FOA) CFDA #93.940: HIV Prevention Activities CFDA #97.067: Homeland Security Grant Program |
| Specific requirements | OMB Circular A-87, Attachment B, Paragraph 8h:(5) Personnel activity reports or equivalent documentation must meet the following standards:(a) They must reflect an after-the-fact distribution of the actual activity of each employee. |
| Condition and context | We interviewed five different employees regarding the process and method for recording time and effort on grant-related activities. Each employee interviewed indicated that time and effort reporting is based on the budgeted hours in the grant document, rather than actual time spent on grant related activities. |
| Questioned costs | Since records of actual time are not maintained, we are unable to quantify the amount of questioned costs (if any) related to this finding. |
| Effect | Grant expenditures reported to granting agencies related to payroll, fringe benefits, and indirect costs may be misstated. |
| Cause | There is no formal policy requiring employees to accurately track time between grant and non-grant related activities. Accordingly, we noted that employees eligible to charge time to grants are doing so based on budgeted grant hours rather than actual hours. |
| Current status | Corrected (<i>i.e.</i> , a formal time and effort reporting policy was implemented during fiscal 2014). |

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

| 2013 - 005 Program | CFDA #93.069: Public Health Emergency Preparedness CFDA #93.217: Family Planning Services CFDA #93.520: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention -Affordable Care Act (ACA) Communities Putting Prevention to Work CFDA #93.724: ARRA- Prevention and Wellness- Communities Putting Prevention to Work Funding Opportunities Announcement (FOA) CFDA #93.940: HIV Prevention Activities CFDA #97.067: Homeland Security Grant Program |
|-----------------------|--|
| Specific requirements | OMB Circular A-87, Attachment B, Paragraph 8d: The cost of fringe benefits in the form of regular compensation paid to employees during periods of authorized absences from the job, such as for annual leave, sick leave, holidays, court leave, military leave, and other similar benefits, are allowable if: (b) the costs are equitably allocated to all related activities, including Federal awards. |
| Condition and context | Per examination of time cards and discussion with grant employees, we noted that each employee interviewed is recording budgeted hours instead of actual hours worked on the grant-related activities. Additionally, we noted there is not a formal procedure in place to determine how to allocate the cost. Our understanding is that such benefits are charged to grant-related activities based on budgeted amounts as opposed to actual amounts. This methodology does not constitute an equitable allocation of these costs to all related activities, including Federal awards. The time charged to grants also serves as the basis for allocating certain other indirect costs based on the application of an indirect cost charge rate (typically 9.9% for the grants tested). Accordingly, the indirect cost allocation may be misstated since the indirect cost charge rate is being applied to a base that may not be accurate due to the current process of charging time and compensated absences to grant activities. |
| Questioned costs | Since records of actual time are not maintained, we are unable to quantify the amount of questioned costs (if any) related to this finding. |
| Effect | Grant expenditures reported to granting agencies related to fringe benefits and indirect costs may be misstated. |
| Cause | There is no formal policy documenting how fringe benefits should be allocated between grant and nongrant activities. Accordingly, these costs are not being consistently and equitably allocated to all related activities, including those activities involving federal grant programs. |
| Current status | Corrected (<i>i.e.</i> , a formal time and effort reporting policy was implemented during fiscal 2014). |

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

| 2013 - 006 Decement | CEDA #02.217. Estilla Disation Commission |
|------------------------|---|
| Program | CFDA #93.217: Family Planning Services |
| Specific requirements | Program income (fees, premiums, third-party reimbursements which the project may reasonably expect to receive), as well as State, local, and other operational funding, will be used to finance the nonfederal share of the scope of project as defined in the approved grant application and reflected in the approved budget. Program income and the level projected in the approved budget will be used to further program objectives. |
| Condition and context | Grant program administrators do not verify that program income is used to finance the non-federal share of the scope of the project or to further program objectives as delineated in the grant agreement. |
| Questioned costs | None. |
| Effect | Program income may not be used to finance the non-federal share of the scope of the project or to further program objectives. |
| Cause | There are no policies and procedures in place requiring that analyses be performed to verify that program income is being used to finance the non-federal share of the scope of the project or to further program objectives. |
| Current status | Uncorrected. See finding 2014-007. |

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

| 2013 - 007 | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Program | CFDA #93.217: Family Planning Services |
| Specific requirements | The Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (Transparency Act) requires specific information to be reported using the OMB website (www.USAspending.gov) for "first-tier" subawards. First-tier subawards are defined as Non-Recovery Act funding received directly from a federal agency in excess of \$25,000) that are passed through to a subrecipient. |
| Condition and context | Information regarding one subaward that was subject to the reporting requirements of the Transparency Act was not reported to http://www.fsrs.gov. |
| Questioned costs | None. |
| Effect | The District is not in compliance with the requirements of the Transparency Act. |
| Cause | Management was not aware of the additional reporting requirements required by the Transparency Act and accordingly, there are no policies and procedures in place requiring monitoring for compliance therewith. |
| Current status | Corrected |

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

| 2013 - 008 | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Program | CFDA #93.217: Family Planning Services CFDA #93.940: HIV Prevention Activities CFDA #93.520: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention- Affordable Care Act (ACA) Communities Putting Prevention to Work CFDA #93.724: ARRA- Prevention and Wellness- Communities Putting Prevention to Work Funding Opportunities Announcement (FOA) |
| Specific requirements | 2 CFR § 25.200 Requirements for program announcements, regulations, and application instructions. |
| | (a) Each agency that awards types of Federal financial assistance included in the definition of "award" in§ 25.305 must include the requirements described in paragraph (b) of this section in each program announcement, regulation, or other issuance containing instructions for applicants that either: (1) Is issued on or after the effective date of this part; or (2) Has application or plan due dates after October 1, 2010. (b) The program announcement, regulation, or other issuance must require each entity that applies and does not have an exemption under§ 25.110 to: (1) Be registered in the CCR prior to submitting an application or plan; (2) Maintain an active CCR registration with current information at all times during which it has an active Federal award or an application or plan under consideration by an agency; and (3) Provide its DUNS number in each application or plan it submits to the agency. OMB Circular A-133, Subpart DFederal Agencies and Pass- Through Entities, §400 Responsibilities. (d) Pass-through entity responsibilities. A pass-through entity shall perform the following for the Federal awards it makes: (1) Identify Federal awards made by informing each subrecipient of the CFDA title and number, award year, if the award is R&D, and name of Federal agency. When some of this information is not available, the pass-through entity shall provide the best information available to describe the Federal award. (3) Monitor the activities of subrecipients as necessary to ensure that Federal awards are used for authorized purposes in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements and that performance goals are achieved. (4) Ensure that subrecipients expending \$300,000 (\$500,000 for fiscal years ending after December 31, 2003) or more in Federal awards during the subrecipient's fiscal year have met the audit requirements of this part for that fiscal ye |
| | |

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

| Condition and context | <i>CFDA #93.217</i> . We noted that the only subaward agreement was executed with a subrecipient that has never applied for a DUNS number. In addition, the the CFDA number and the Central Contractor Registration (CCR) requirements were not disclosed in the subaward agreement. Lastly, procedures were not performed to monitor the subrecipient's treatment of program income or to verify the accuracy of the subrecipient's performance reports. |
|-----------------------|--|
| | <i>CFDA #93.940.</i> We noted that the award number was not disclosed in the subaward agreement selected for testing. In addition, procedures were not performed to monitor allowability of costs, level of effort and period of availability at the subrecipient level. |
| | <i>CFDA #93.724</i> . The two subaward agreements tested did not disclose the CFDA title and number. In addition, single audit reports were not reviewed for the two subrecipients tested. As a result, findings that were noted in one of the subrecipient's single audit report were not identified. Lastly, procedures were not performed to monitor the subrecipients' compliance with allowable cost principles, procurement requirements, and reported progress. |
| | <i>CFDA #93.520.</i> For the three subawards tested, the subrecipient's DUNS number was not obtained at the time the subaward agreements were executed, and have not been obtained to date. In addition, the subaward agreements do not disclose the CFDA number. Furthermore, single audit reports were not reviewed and as a result, findings that were noted in one of the subrecipient's single audit report were not identified. Lastly, procedures were not performed to monitor two of the subrecipients' compliance with allowable cost principles, procurement requirements, and reported progress. |
| Questioned costs | None. |
| Effect | The District is not in compliance with the federal grant requirements pertaining to the issuance of subawards, subaward disclosures and subrecipient monitoring. |
| Cause | There is no formal subrecipient monitoring policy in place to guide those charged with the monitoring and oversight function. In addition, no policies and procedures are in place to require subaward agreements to be reviewed to ensure they contain the necessary information and disclosures. |
| Current status | Uncorrected. See finding 2014-006. |

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Section III – Findings and questioned costs for federal awards, including audit findings as defined in Circular A-133 Section .510(a) (continued)

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| 13 - 009 | OPD A #02.070, Deblie Herlik Franzenski Distance da ser |
|-----------------------|---|
| Program | CFDA #93.069: Public Health Emergency Preparedness |
| Specific requirements | Performance and special reports are complete and accurate. |
| Condition and context | End of year progress reports did not include the amounts expended in several different performance areas as required. |
| Questioned costs | None. |
| Effect | The end-of-year progress reports submitted were not complete and accurate. |
| Cause | The review and approval process related to special reporting did not detect that the end-of-year progress reports were not complete and accurate. In this case, the expenditure numbers were not finalized until after the submission deadline for the end-of-year progress report, and therefore, no expenditures were reported. |
| Current status | Corrected. |

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

| 2013 - 010 | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Program | CFDA #93.724: ARRA- Prevention and Wellness- Communities Putting Prevention to Work Funding Opportunities Announcement (FOA) |
| Specific requirements | AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT SEC. 1512. REPORTS ON USE OF FUNDS. |
| | (c) RECIPIENT REPORTSNot later than I 0 days after the end of each calendar quarter, each recipient that received recovery funds from a Federal agency shall submit a report to that agency that contains- (I) the total amount of recovery funds received from that agency; (2) the amount of recovery funds received that were expended or obligated to projects or activities; and (3) a detailed list of all projects or activities for which recovery funds were expended or obligated, including- (A) the name of the project or activity; (B) a description of the off the project or activity; (C) an evaluation of the completion status of the project or activity; (D) an estimate of the number of jobs created and the number of jobs retained by the project or activity; and (E) for infrastructure investments made by State and local governments, the purpose, total cost, and rationale of the agency for funding the infrastructure investment with funds made available under this Act, and name of the person to contact at the agency if there are concerns with the infrastructure investment. (4) Detailed information on any subcontracts or subgrants awarded by the recipient to include the data elements required to comply with the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (Public Law 109-282), allowing aggregate reporting on awards below \$25,000 or to individuals, as prescribed by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget. |
| Condition and context | The ARRA 1512 report for the quarter ended June 2013, was mistakenly submitted to www.recovery.gov for the quarter ended March 2013. As a result, per examination of the recovery.gov website, the ARRA 1512 report for the quarter ended March 2013 is no longer listed, while the ARRA 1512 report for the quarter ended June 2013 is listed under the caption of January through March 20 13. |
| | Additionally, we noted that subaward expenditures were incorrectly reported for one subaward on one ARRA 1512 report. |
| Questioned costs | None. |
| Effect | The District is not in compliance with the ARRA 1512 reporting requirements. |
| Cause | There is no formal review and approval process related to ARRA 1512 reports. |
| Current status | Requirement is no longer applicable. |

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

| 2013 - 011 Program | CFDA #93.069: Public Health Emergency Preparedness CFDA #93.520: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention- Affordable Care Act (ACA) Communities Putting Prevention to Work CFDA #93.724: ARRA- Prevention and Wellness- Communities Putting Prevention to Work Funding Opportunities Announcement (FOA) CFDA #93.940: HIV Prevention Activities |
|-----------------------|--|
| Specific requirements | The District's policies and procedures require grant accountants to review documentation supporting grant expenditures, and initial the grant general ledger code on the face of the payment voucher, face of the purchase order (if applicable) or supporting documentation as evidence of their review. |
| Condition and context | The documentation for several grant expenditures did not include evidence of grant accountant review. Specifically, the following is a summary of the expenditures noted that lacked evidence of grant accountant review, along with the total number of items tested: CFDA #93. 069. 7 exceptions out of 53 expenditures tested. CFDA #93.520. 6 exceptions out of 41 expenditures tested. CFDA #93. 724. 3 exceptions out of 39 expenditures tested. CFDA #93.940. 4 exceptions out of 42 expenditures tested. |
| Questioned costs | None. |
| Effect | Grant expenditures may not have been properly reviewed for allowability and period of availably, resulting in potentially unallowable costs or items incurred outside the period of availability. |
| Cause | The policies and procedures requiring grant accountants to review documentation supporting grant expenditures did not function as intended, due to ineffective monitoring for compliance therewith. |
| Current status | Corrected. |

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

| 2013 - 012 Program | CFDA #97.067: Homeland Security Grant Program |
|-----------------------|--|
| Specific requirements | The grant agreement specifies that property records must contain description (including serial number or other identification number), source, who holds title, acquisition date and cost, percentage of Federal participation in the cost, location, condition, and disposition data. |
| Condition and context | Property records for six of 24 pieces of equipment acquired with funding from this program do not delineate who holds title, the percentage of Federal participation in the cost, or the condition of the equipment in accordance with the requirements of the grant agreement. |
| Questioned costs | None. |
| Effect | Property records for the aforementioned equipment are not in compliance with the grant requirements, and the equipment may not be distinguishable from other equipment acquired with non-Federal funds. |
| Cause | The policies and procedures requiring property records to contain the information required by the grant agreement did not function as intended, due to ineffective monitoring for compliance therewith. |
| Current status | Corrected. |

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

| 2013 - 013 Program | CFDA #93.520: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention -Affordable Care Act (ACA) Communities |
|-----------------------|---|
| | Putting Prevention to Work CFDA #93.724: ARRA- Prevention and Wellness- Communities Putting Prevention to Work Funding Opportunities Announcement (FOA) |
| Specific requirements | Circular A-133 §210 Subrecipient and vendor determinations. |
| | (b) Federal award. Characteristics indicative of a Federal award received by a subrecipient are when the organization: (1) Determines who is eligible to receive what Federal financial assistance; |
| | (2) Has its performance measured against whether the objectives of the Federal program are met;(3) Has responsibility for programmatic decision making; |
| | (3) Has responsibility for programmatic decision making, (4) Has responsibility for adherence to applicable Federal program compliance requirements; and (5) Uses the Federal funds to carry out a program of the organization as compared to providing goods or services for a program of the pass-through entity. |
| | (c) Payment for goods and services. Characteristics indicative of a payment for goods and services received by a vendor are when the organization: |
| | (1) Provides the goods and services within normal business operations; |
| | (2) Provides similar goods or services to many different purchasers; |
| | (3) Operates in a competitive environment; |
| | (4) Provides goods or services that are ancillary to the operation of the Federal program; and(5) Is not subject to compliance requirements of the Federal program. |
| | The notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) appropriately identifies awards given to subrecipients during the fiscal year. |
| Condition and context | Two subrecipients were improperly omitted and five vendors were improperly treated and disclosed as subrecipients in the notes to the SEF A. |
| Questioned costs | None. |
| Effect | The notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards inappropriately listed vendors as subrecipients. In addition, vendors could potentially be subjected to subrecipient monitoring procedures, which are unnecessary in the circumstances. |
| Cause | Controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that vendor I subrecipient determinations are accurate did not function as intended, due to ineffective monitoring for compliance therewith. |
| Current status | Corrected. |
| | |

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

| 2013 - 014 Program | CFDA #97.067: Homeland Security Grant Program |
|-----------------------|---|
| Specific requirements | The schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) is complete and accurate. |
| Condition and context | Approximately \$230,000 of non-federal expenditures were incorrectly reported in the fiscal 2013 SEFA, and approximately \$22,000 of non-reimbursable expenditures were incorrectly included in the SEFA. In addition, approximately \$67,000 of expenditures were incorrectly excluded from the fiscal 2013 SEFA, due to cut-off errors. |
| Questioned costs | None. |
| Effect | The SEFA was not complete and accurate, and as a result, adjustments to the SEFA were proposed during the audit to correct the errors noted. |
| Cause | Controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that the SEFA is complete and accurate did not function as intended, due to ineffective monitoring for compliance therewith. |
| Current status | Corrected. |